



COVID-19 remains a public health threat. [Mandatory measures are in effect provincewide.](#)



[← Alberta's COVID-19 response](#)

COVID-19 info for Albertans

Taking action to protect lives and livelihoods with precise measures to bend the curve, sustain small businesses, and protect the health care system.

- > [Stronger public health measures](#)
- > [Cases in Alberta](#)
- > [Symptoms and testing](#)
- > [Isolation and quarantine requirements](#)
- > [Vaccine program](#)
- > [Help prevent the spread](#)
- > [Mask requirements](#)
- > [Travel requirements](#)
- > [Congregate care residents](#)
- > [Education and child care](#)
- > [Alberta Biz Connect](#)
- > [Guidance, orders and posters](#)
- > [Translated resources](#)
- > [ABTraceTogether](#)

Table of contents

[Stronger public health measures](#)

- [> Health system capacity in COVID-19](#)
-

[Cases in Alberta](#)

- [> COVID-19 school status map](#)
 - [> COVID-19 Alberta statistics](#)
 - [> COVID-19 regional status map](#)
 - [> COVID-19 update subscription](#)
 - [> Variants of concern](#)
-

[Symptoms and testing](#)

- [> Assess your severe illness risk](#)
-

[Isolation and quarantine requirements](#)

[Vaccine program](#)

[Help prevent the spread](#)

[Mask requirements](#)

[Travel requirements](#)

- [> COVID-19 industry travel exemptions](#)
-

[Congregate care residents](#)

[Education and child care](#)

- [> Guidance and health measures for K-12 schools](#)
 - [> K-12 learning during COVID-19](#)
 - [> COVID-19 school status map](#)
 - [> Child care during COVID-19](#)
 - [> Post-secondary learning during COVID-19](#)
-

[Alberta Biz Connect](#)

- > [Small and Medium Enterprise Relaunch Grant](#)
- > [Critical Worker Benefit](#)
- > [Enhanced COVID-19 Business Benefit](#)
- > [Care Provider and Operator Funding](#)
- > [Rapid testing program](#)

Guidance, orders and posters

- > [Public health orders](#)
- > [Posters and fact sheets](#)
- > [Guidance documents](#)

Translated resources

ABTraceTogether

- > [Privacy statement](#)
- > [FAQs](#)

Current situation

Mandatory public health measures remain in place across the province.

- [See all mandatory public health measures](#)
- [Complete information for Albertans](#)
- [Chief Medical Officer updates](#)

Translated resources

COVID-19 resources are available in [عربي](#), [中文](#), [हिंदी](#), [한국어](#), [فارسی](#), [ਪੰਜਾਬੀ](#), Af-Soomaali, Español, Français, Tagalog, Tiếng Việt and [اردو](#) on alberta.ca/CovidTranslated.

Cases in Alberta

Weekend reporting: Preliminary data only will be posted on April 2 to 4. The complete data and online dashboard will be updated on April 5.

April 2 update

- 1,100 new cases identified in the last 24 hours

- 13,300 tests completed on April 1, with 8% positivity
- 300 additional cases of variants of concern; 33% of active cases are now variants of concern
- Hospitalizations continue to remain stable in the last 24 hours

April 1 update

- 149,207 Total cases
- 875 Cases on March 31
- 138,560 Recovered cases
- 1,994 Deaths
- 8,653 Active cases*
- 292 In hospital
- 59 In intensive care**
- 3,720,003 Total tests completed
- 13,610 Tests on March 31
- 1,909,806 People tested
- 653,010 Vaccine doses as of March 31

[View all case and outbreak data →](#)

Updated April 1. Numbers are current as of end-of-day March 31.

**Active cases include both community cases and hospitalizations. **ICU cases are a subset of those in hospital.*

Information for Albertans

[The path forward](#)

A plan to ease public health restrictions, while protecting the health system. Step 2 started March 1.

[Get tested](#)

COVID-19 testing is available to all Albertans with symptoms, close contacts and anyone linked to an outbreak.

[Isolate or quarantine](#)

You must isolate for 10 days if you have a core symptom, or quarantine for 14 days if you're a close contact of a confirmed case or travelled outside Canada.


[Vaccine distribution](#)

Alberta's vaccination program is underway to save lives and livelihoods. Find out when it's your turn.

Prevent the spread

Help prevent the spread

All Albertans have a responsibility to [help prevent the spread](#). Take steps to protect yourself and others:

- practice [physical distancing](#)
- [wear a mask](#) - they're mandatory in all indoor public spaces, workplaces and places of worship
- practice good hygiene: wash hands often for at least 20 seconds, use hand sanitizer, cover coughs and sneezes, and avoid touching face
- [monitor for symptoms](#): cough, fever, shortness of breath, runny nose or sore throat
- [isolate](#) for the legally-required 10 days if you have any symptoms or 14 days if you're a close contact of someone with COVID-19
- take the [COVID-19 self-assessment](#)  to get tested

Learn more ways to prevent the spread →

How it spreads

COVID-19 is transmitted through tiny droplets of liquid produced by people who have the virus.

These droplets spread by:

- coughing, sneezing, talking, laughing, and singing
- touching objects or surfaces the virus has landed on and then touching your eyes, nose or mouth (bath towels, kitchen utensils, door knobs, etc.)

People who have COVID-19 can spread it to others before they start to feel sick.

COVID-19 is not widely spread by being airborne, which means it doesn't stay in the air long and won't go

very far. But if you are too close to someone with COVID-19 you can get sick by breathing in air that contains droplets with the virus.

We think the virus generally only survives for a few hours on a surface or object, but it may be possible for it to survive several days under some conditions.

[Help prevent the spread →](#)

COVID-19 variants

Alberta is monitoring for COVID-19 variants that appear to spread more easily than the original COVID-19 strain.

Symptoms in variant cases are the same as usual COVID-19 symptoms, including cough, fever, shortness of breath, runny nose, and sore throat.

People infected with or exposed to the variant will have to take additional steps to prevent spreading it to household members and may need to quarantine for longer periods of time.

[Learn more about COVID-19 variants →](#)

Symptoms and testing

Monitor your symptoms

COVID-19 symptoms can be mild and are similar to influenza and other respiratory illnesses.

- Core symptoms: cough, fever (over 38°C), shortness of breath, runny nose or sore throat.
- Other symptoms: stuffy nose, painful swallowing, headache, chills, muscle or joint aches, feeling unwell in general, new fatigue or severe exhaustion, gastrointestinal symptoms (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea or unexplained loss of appetite), loss of sense of smell or taste, conjunctivitis (pink eye).
- Symptom of serious illness: difficulty breathing or pneumonia.

[Get tested and isolate if you have symptoms →](#)

Last updated: October 1

Get tested if sick or at risk

Priority testing is available to:

- any person exhibiting [any symptom of COVID-19](#)
- all close contacts of confirmed COVID-19 cases
- all workers and/or residents at specific outbreak sites

Find out how to get tested →

Last updated: October 20

Isolate or quarantine if required

Isolation can help prevent the spread of COVID-19. Public health orders require you to:

- isolate for 10 days minimum if you have tested positive for COVID-19
- isolate for 10 days if you have any [core symptom](#) that is not related to a pre-existing illness or health condition: cough, fever, shortness of breath, runny nose* or sore throat*
 - isolation period is for 10 days from the start of symptoms, or until symptoms resolve, whichever takes longer
- proof of a negative COVID-19 test and/or a medical note is not required to return to school/work/activities once the isolation period is complete
- quarantine for 14 days if you returned to or entered Alberta from outside Canada or are a close contact of a person with COVID-19, plus an additional 10 days from the onset of symptoms, should they occur

**Children under 18 are exempt from mandatory isolation for runny nose or sore throat but should stay home until well.*

Learn how to isolate and quarantine →

Last updated: December 21

Assess your risk of severe illness

COVID-19 can cause serious respiratory illness. Because it is a new virus with no treatment or immunity in people, it is important for people with any symptoms to stay home and isolate to keep it from spreading.

Most people – about 80% – recover without needing special treatment. However, it can cause serious illness in some, and there is a risk of death in severe cases.

While we are still learning about COVID-19, serious illness appears to develop more often in people who are older or have pre-existing conditions.

Assess your risk of severe illness →

Treatment

There is no proven treatment for COVID-19 at this time. Supportive care is being used to treat patients with COVID-19 and some medications are being tested to see if they help severely ill patients.

Last updated: Dec. 9

COVID-19 vs. Influenza

Coronaviruses

Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses. Some cause respiratory illness in people, ranging from mild common colds to severe illnesses.

Novel coronaviruses, like COVID-19, are new strains of the virus that have not been previously identified in humans. This means people have no immunity against it, and it has no vaccine or proven treatment.

COVID-19 vs. Flu

In some ways, COVID-19 is similar to influenza (also known as the flu), but there are also key differences.

Similarities:

- Both cause respiratory disease.
- Both are spread by small droplets from the nose and mouth.
- Neither is spread through the air over long distances and times.

Differences:

- COVID-19 does not have a specific vaccine or treatment available.
- COVID-19 does not appear to transmit as efficiently as influenza:
 - mainly people with symptoms seem to be spreading the disease, but asymptomatic transmission is possible and symptoms may be very mild, so transmission is possible even if the person is feeling well
 - controlling its spread is possible when people with symptoms are isolated
- COVID-19 causes severe disease and mortality in more cases than the flu. On average:
 - COVID-19 has resulted in 1 to 2 deaths per 100 cases
 - Flu results in 1 death in every 1,000 flu cases

Because COVID-19 can cause serious illness, it is critical to keep it from spreading by having [people with symptoms follow mandatory isolation requirements](#).

Last updated: July 15

Financial supports

Individuals and families

Financial support programs are available to help people experiencing unemployment and those who cannot work because they are sick, need to isolate, or are caring for someone in isolation.

[See all federal benefit programs](#) 

Businesses

Businesses and self-employed people can access supports to help with COVID-19-related challenges to:

- avoid layoffs, rehire employees and create new jobs
- access financial support, loans and credit

[Use the business benefit finder](#) 

Enhanced COVID-19 Business Benefit

Additional financial support for businesses severely impacted by the pandemic and public health restrictions will be available starting in mid-April.

[Learn more](#)

Care Provider and Operator Funding

This funding is for care providers and operators of non-contracted licensed supportive living and both contracted and non-contracted home care, hospices and residential addiction and mental health treatment centres. This funding will help operators pay for increased staffing, additional cleaning supplies and personal protective equipment.

[Find out how to apply](#)

T4As for Emergency Isolation Support payments

If you were a recipient of the Emergency Isolation Support between March 25 and April 6 2020, you will receive a T4A slip in the mail in February.

Introduced in spring 2020, the Emergency Isolation Support program ensured Albertans could continue taking care of themselves and their families while they had to self-isolate and had no income.

The temporary, one-time funding was intended to bridge the short period until Government of Canada supports became available.





When filing your 2020 personal tax return, you must report the amount you received as income under Line 13000 – Other Income using Box 200 - Provincial/Territorial COVID-19 financial assistance payments.

Get help

Mental health and addiction

The COVID-19 pandemic can have a significant impact on mental health.

Online resources are available if you need advice on handling stressful situations or ways to talk to children.

- [Help in Tough Times](#)  (AHS)
- [Mental health and coping with COVID-19](#)  (CDC)
- [Talking with children about COVID-19](#)  (CDC)
- [COVID-19 information for young kids and students](#)  (PDF, 122 KB)


If you need to talk, call the 24-hour help lines:

- Mental Health Help Line at [1-877-303-2642](tel:1-877-303-2642)
- Addiction Help Line at [1-866-332-2322](tel:1-866-332-2322)


Family and sexual violence

If you or someone you know is at risk of family or sexual violence, help is available.


Family violence

- Call our 24-hour Family Violence Info Line at [310-1818](tel:310-1818) to get anonymous help in over 170 languages.
- Chat live online with the [Family Violence Info Line](#)  for support in English (8 am to 8 pm)

Sexual violence

- Alberta's One Line for Sexual Violence can provide assistance in finding sexual assault support services (9 am to 9 pm daily):
 - Call [1-866-403-8000](tel:1-866-403-8000) | 215+ languages
 - Text [1-866-403-8000](tel:1-866-403-8000) | English
 - [Chat online](#)  | English

Other resources

- [Family violence during COVID-19 information sheet](#)  (multiple languages)
- [Find information on shelter and financial supports](#)

- [Learn how to recognize and prevent family violence](#)

Child neglect and abuse

Children are at a higher risk for neglect and abuse during times of uncertainty and crisis.

Call the 24-hour child abuse hotline at [1-800-387-KIDS](tel:1-800-387-KIDS) (5437) if you think a child is being abused, neglected or sexually exploited.

Learn the signs of abuse →

Consumer protection

If you see prices skyrocket because of COVID-19, file a consumer complaint through our [Report-a-Ripoff submission form](#) or call 1-877-427-4088.

The *Consumer Protection Act* prevents suppliers from grossly raising prices with no explanation beyond what is reasonable for goods that are readily available. Unlike commercial sales, the act does not explicitly cover private sales. Buy with consideration and caution.

Cyber security

Cyber security incidents involving identity theft, fraud and malware are being reported across Alberta.

- If you receive a call asking for credit card information, hang up immediately and call the non-emergency line for local law enforcement.
- Be careful when clicking on links or providing personal information to people and organizations.

[Learn about cyber security](#)

Info for organizations and vulnerable Albertans

Caregivers support

Nearly one million Albertans act as caregivers for loved ones experiencing challenges related to illness, disability or aging. These caregivers need support too.

Caregivers can get psychosocial and other peer and community supports by calling the toll-free caregiver advisor line at [1-877-453-5088](tel:1-877-453-5088) or going online to caregiversalberta.ca [↗](#).

Charities and not-for-profit organizations

\$20 million has been provided to charities, non-profits and civil society organizations to support their

\$50 million has been provided to charities, non-profits and civil society organizations to support their COVID-19 response.

More information on [emergency funding for charities and not-for-profit organizations](#)

Last updated: Aug 12

Disability service providers

Disability service providers play an essential role in supporting people with disabilities during the COVID-19 pandemic.

For more information see [COVID-19 information for disability service providers](#)

Expectant parents



Pregnant people have a higher risk of severe illness from COVID-19 than for those who are not pregnant.

Infected pregnant people may also have a higher risk of adverse pregnancy outcomes, such as preterm birth, compared to those who are pregnant without COVID-19.

Because of this, pregnant people are encouraged to [get the COVID-19 vaccine](#) when it's available.



While there is limited evidence on how the COVID-19 vaccines may impact pregnant people, no adverse outcomes have been reported in clinical trials or in the vaccine roll out.

Resources

- Talk to your health care provider if you have questions or concerns.
- If you aren't feeling well, [take the online assessment to arrange testing](#) 
- For more information, read the AHS [COVID-19 and Pregnancy guide](#) .

Homeless shelters and service providers

Shelters and temporary or transitional housing facilities provide an essential service in Alberta during this time.

- These facilities are exempt from the mass gathering public health order and may provide shelter to more than 50 people – as long as risk mitigation strategies are followed, including maintaining a minimum of 2 metres distance from one another.
- All non-essential gatherings inside these facilities must include no more than 50 people.
- For more information, read:
 - [Exemptions related to public health orders](#) 
 - [Shelter guidance: preventing and controlling and managing COVID-19](#) , (AHS) (PDF, 764 KB)

We are working with community-based organizations, homeless shelters and women's shelters to:

- update pandemic plans with guidelines and information specific to COVID-19
- expand shelter capacity and help current service providers to maintain physical distancing practices by finding additional space to house people

\$30 million has been committed to adult homeless shelters and women's emergency shelters to support their COVID-19 response.

Last updated: Aug 12

Volunteers

Volunteers play many important roles in communities across our province.

Volunteers and volunteer organizations must follow all necessary precautions to prevent the spread of COVID-19 to protect themselves and those they help.

- Volunteers and employees may work together at distances of less than 2 metres, where unavoidable.
- Volunteer organizations must take actions to prevent the transmission of infection among employees, volunteers and the people they are helping.
- Proper hygiene and cleaning practices must be followed within the volunteer organization.
- Any employee or volunteer with symptoms, including cough, fever, shortness of breath, runny nose, or sore throat, is required by law to isolate and may not participate in volunteer or workplace activities.

[Information for non-health care volunteers](#)  (PDF, 43 KB)

Government response

Public health actions

Alberta's public health officials are carefully monitoring the situation in Canada and around the world. They are:

- working closely with federal, provincial and territorial partners to share information and assess potential health risks
- ensuring our health system is responding effectively
- ensuring front-line health professionals have information about the virus so they can:
 - take recommended actions
 - promptly report potential cases to public health officials
- updating isolation and self-monitoring recommendations for returning travellers as required
- tracing all close contacts of confirmed cases, testing and isolating those who are symptomatic, and asking even those who feel well to isolate for 14 days after their last contact with the case

- granting law enforcement the authority to enforce public health orders and issue fines to anyone violating a public health order
- protecting Albertans in congregate care facilities by updating standards and guidelines
- making testing available to all Albertans with COVID-19 symptoms (cough, fever, shortness of breath, runny nose or sore throat)

View all public health orders →

Updated: April 15 at 11 am

COVID Care Teams

We are working with the cities of Calgary and Edmonton to access local agencies and organizations to provide on-the-ground support to communities experiencing a high number of cases of COVID-19, compared to other areas across the province.

Residents in these communities may face barriers that could contribute to increased rates of COVID-19 transmission:

- employment in public-facing, higher risk jobs – for example, front-line health care, maintenance, transportation
- live in higher density, multi-family or multi-generational homes
- are a newcomer to Alberta and may not have supports in place
- have English language barriers
- earn a lower than average income

To help address these barriers, COVID Care Teams will:

- distribute care packages with masks, sanitizers and [translated resources](#)
- refer people to 811 for additional information in multiple languages
- inform residents of the nearest COVID-19 assessment and testing centres
- connect people to transportation to COVID-19 testing facilities, if needed
- refer people to AHS for self-isolation options for people unable to safely do so at home
- provide information about financial supports for people who need to isolate

Isolation supports

Upon referral by AHS, free hotel rooms and financial support are available to all Albertans who must isolate due to COVID-19 but cannot do so in their own homes. Call 211 for more information.

News

- [Expanding COVID supports for all Albertans](#) (February 1, 2021)
- [Outreach will help Albertans connect to COVID-related resources](#) (December 15, 2020)

Support the Alberta Bits and Pieces Program

[Submit your offers of products or services](#) to the Alberta Bits and Pieces Program if you're interested in supporting the COVID-19 response.

If there is a requirement for your product or service, you will be contacted directly.

The program is named after the "bits and pieces program" established by Canada's Minister of Munitions and Supply during the Second World War, C. D. Howe. The program coordinated innovative production and procurement efforts from across the Canadian economy to support the war effort.

Chief medical officer updates

Regular updates from Dr. Deena Hinshaw, [Alberta's chief medical officer of health](#).

- [Herd immunity and the Great Barrington Declaration](#) (Oct 28, 2020)

Transcripts

- [April 1, 2021](#)
- [March 29, 2021](#)
- [March 25, 2021](#)
- [March 24, 2021](#)

- [March 22, 2021](#)
- [March 18, 2021](#)
- [March 17, 2021](#)
- [March 16, 2021](#)
- [March 15, 2021](#)

Protecting families and the economy



[Care Provider and Operator Funding](#)

Funding for health care providers and operators to pay for increased staffing, additional cleaning supplies and personal protective equipment.



[Stronger public health measures](#)

Mandatory, provincewide restrictions are in effect to protect the health system and slow the spread of COVID-19.



[Alberta Biz Connect](#)

Workplace guidance and supports to help businesses and non-profits affected by COVID-19 operate safely and support their recovery.



[K-12 learning during COVID-19](#)

Parents and students can learn how to attend school safely and what to do if a student shows symptoms of illness.

COVID-19 notifications

Subscribe to updates about COVID-19 public health measures in Alberta.

Sign up for
notifications →

COVID-19 INFORMATION

HELP RELAUNCH, SAFELY

Prevention starts with awareness. Be informed on how you can protect yourself and others from COVID-19:

- Isolate if you're feeling sick
- When out, maintain physical distancing of 2 metres
- Wash your hands frequently for at least 20 seconds with warm water and soap
- Cover coughs and sneezes and stay home if you are sick
- Avoid touching your face
- Wear a mask in public places where keeping a distance of 2 metres is difficult

STAY INFORMED
alberta.ca/covid19 

COVID-19 INFORMATION

PRACTICE PHYSICAL DISTANCING

Keep at least 2 metres (about the length of a hockey stick) between you and others. If you are too close to someone who coughs or sneezes, you risk breathing in tiny droplets that could contain the COVID-19 virus.

Help support a healthy relaunch by following public health measures, practicing physical distancing and good hygiene, and continuing to act responsibly.

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COVID-19 INFORMATION

OPEN FOR BUSINESS AND KEEPING ALBERTANS SAFE

The safety of customers and staff of Alberta business is a priority. That's why this business is committed to:

- Cleaning regularly, especially in high traffic areas
- Wiping down and disinfecting surfaces
- Providing access to hand sanitizer
- Encouraging staff to stay home and away from others if sick
- Helping Albertans maintain physical distancing of 2 metres
- Having staff wear a face mask, where possible

STAY INFORMED
alberta.ca/covid19 

Resources

[COVID-19 posters and fact sheets](#)

[Alberta Health Services \(AHS\) COVID-19 updates](#) 

[World Health Organization COVID-19 updates](#) 

Government of Canada COVID-19 updates:

[English](#)  | [French](#)  | [Simplified Chinese](#) 

News

Situation updates

- [Update 209: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(April 1\)](#)
- [Update 208: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 29\)](#)
- [Update 207: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 25\)](#)
- [Update 206: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 24\)](#)
- [Update 205: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 22\)](#)
- [Update 204: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 18\)](#)
- [Update 203: COVID-19 pandemic in Alberta \(March 17\)](#)

News releases

- [New vaccine clinic in Grande Prairie \(April 1\)](#)
- [New vaccine clinic in Fort McMurray \(April 1\)](#)
- [Vaccine rollout expanding to Phase 2B \(March 29\)](#)

- [Half a million vaccines administered: Minister Shandro](#) (March 24)
- [Massive expansion of rapid testing in Alberta](#) (March 23)
- [More than 250 pharmacies now offering vaccines](#) (March 18)
- [Community physicians will soon administer vaccines](#) (March 16)

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