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Coronavirus disease (COVID-19): Outbreak update

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Current situation

Areas in Canada with cases of COVID-19 as of March 15, 2020, 5:45 pm EST

| Province, territory or other | Number of confirmed cases | Number of probable cases |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| British Columbia | 73 | 0 |
| Alberta | 39 | 0 |

| Province, territory or other | Number of confirmed cases | Number of probable cases |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Saskatchewan | 1 | 5 |
| Manitoba | 4 | 3 |
| Ontario | 142 | 0 |
| Quebec | 39 | 0 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 0 | 1 |
| New Brunswick | 1 | 5 |
| Nova Scotia | 0 | 3 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1 | 0 |
| Repatriated travellers | 4 | 0 |
| Total cases | 304 | 17 |

Information on demographics, symptoms and outcomes is available for most cases.

Of these cases:

- onset of illness occurred between January 15 and March 13, 2020
- 51% of cases are female
- 31% of cases are 60 years old and over
- 13% of cases have been hospitalized
- 1 person has died of COVID-19
- 74% of cases are travellers and 6% are close contacts of travellers

This illness summary is updated twice every weekday based on information provided by provinces and territories. A detailed <u>epidemiologic curve</u> is also available.

Global

On March 11, 2020, <u>the World Health Organization (WHO)</u> assessed COVID-19 as a <u>pandemic</u>.

This assessment by the WHO is not unexpected. Describing the situation as a pandemic does not change the WHO's assessment of the threat posed by COVID-19 and it does not change what the WHO is doing. It also does not change what countries around the world should do. For that reason, it does not change the approach we are taking in Canada.

Canada's public health system is prepared. Since the outset, the Public Health Agency of Canada — along with public health authorities at all levels of government across the country — have been working together to ensure that our preparedness and response measures are appropriate and adaptable, based on the latest science and the evolving situation.

Aside from Canada, other countries and regions are reporting cases. Check the latest <u>travel</u> <u>health notices</u> before travelling.

| ► North America | |
|--|--|
| Central America, Caribbean and South America | |
| ► Africa | |
| ► Europe | |
| ► Asia | |
| ► Oceania | |

Risk to Canadians

At this time, the public health risk associated with COVID-19 is **low** for the general population in Canada but this could change rapidly. There is an increased risk of more severe outcomes for Canadians:

- aged 65 and over
- with compromised immune systems
- with underlying medical conditions

There are also increased health risks for Canadian travellers abroad. Because of these risks, the Government of Canada advises you to **avoid non-essential travel outside of Canada until further notice**, this includes **cruise ships**.

It is important for all travellers to:

- <u>Self-isolate</u> for 14 days after your return from travel outside of Canada
 - some provinces and territories may have specific recommendations for certain groups such as health care workers
- Monitor your health for fever, cough or difficulty breathing
- Wash your hands often for 20 seconds and cover your mouth and nose with your arm when coughing or sneezing.

We continue to reassess the public health risk, based on the best available evidence as the situation evolves.

How Canada is monitoring COVID-19

The health and safety of all Canadians is our top priority.

The Public Health Agency of Canada is working with provinces, territories and international

partners, including the World Health Organization, to actively monitor the situation. Global efforts are focused on containment of the outbreak and the prevention of further spread.

Canada's Chief Public Health Officer of Canada is in close contact with provincial and territorial Chief Medical Officers of Health to ensure that any cases of COVID-19 occurring in Canada continue to be rapidly identified and managed in order to protect the health of Canadians.

Canada's National Microbiology Laboratory is performing diagnostic testing for the virus that causes COVID-19. The laboratory is working in close collaboration with provincial and territorial public health laboratories, which are now able to test for COVID-19.

National Microbiology Laboratory testing results as of March 13, 2020

| Negative | Positive | Total |
|----------|----------|-------|
| 771 | 25 | 796 |

This testing summary represents cases confirmed at the laboratory and **not** <u>total reported</u> <u>cases</u> in Canada, as provincial public health laboratories are now testing and publicly reporting cases in their jurisdictions.

Should there be any differences with the national case count compared with case numbers reported by provincial and territorial public health officials, provincial data should be considered the most up-to-date.

For more information, visit <u>Canada's response page</u>.

History

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declares the global outbreak of COVID-19 a pandemic.

On March 9, 2020, Canada confirms its first death related to COVID-19.

On February 20, 2020, Canada confirms its first case related to travel outside mainland China.

On February 9, 2020, Canada expands COVID-19 screening requirements for travellers returning from affected areas to 10 airports across 6 provinces.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declares the outbreak of COVID-19 a public health event of international concern.

On January 25, 2020, Canada confirms its first case of COVID-19 related to travel in Wuhan, China.

On January 22, 2020, Canada implements screening requirements related to COVID-19 for

travellers returning from China to major airports in Montréal, Toronto and Vancouver.

On January 15, 2020, the Public Health Agency of Canada activates the Emergency Operation Centre to support Canada's response to COVID-19.

On January 7, 2020, China confirmed COVID-19.

On December 31, 2019, the World Health Organization was alerted to several cases of pneumonia in Wuhan, China. The virus did not match any other known virus.

Updates

| Title | Date |
|--|----------------|
| First Ministers discuss collective efforts to address the impact of COVID-19 | 2020- 03-13 |
| Government of Canada advises Canadians to avoid non-essential travel abroad | 2020- 03-13 |
| Prime Minister speaks with National Indigenous Leaders on efforts to address the impact of COVID-19 | 2020- 03-13 |
| Statement on a case of coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in a passenger from the <i>Grand Princess</i> | 2020- 03-11 |
| Prime Minister outlines Canada's COVID-19 response | 2020- 03-11 |
| Government of Canada repatriates Canadians from Grand Princess cruise ship | 2020- 03-10 |
| Government of Canada evacuating Canadians on board Grand Princess cruise ship | 2020- 03-08 |
| Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of repatriated Canadians from quarantine following 14-day stay at the NAV CENTRE | 2020- 03-06 |
| Prime Minister creates committee on COVID-19 | 2020- 03-04 |
| <u>Update: special immigration measures expanded to applicants in Iran and South</u> <u>Korea affected by the novel coronavirus (COVID-19)</u> | 2020- 02-29 |
| <u>Update #6: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>selected individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-26 |
| <u>Update: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>repatriated Canadians from quarantine following 14-day stay at CFB Trenton</u> | 2020- 02-25 |
| <u>Update #5: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>selected individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-23 |

Title

| Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of repatriated Canadians from quarantine following 14-day stay at CFB Trenton | 2020- 02-21 |
|--|----------------|
| Government of Canada repatriates Canadians and their families from Diamond Princess cruise ship in Japan | 2020- 02-21 |
| <u>Government of Canada evacuating Canadians on board Diamond Princess cruise</u> <u>ship</u> | 2020- 02-15 |
| <u>Update #4: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>selected individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-15 |
| <u>Update #3: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>selected individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-12 |
| <u>Government of Canada repatriates more Canadians and their families from</u> <u>Wuhan, China</u> | 2020- 02-11 |
| <u>Update #2: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of</u> <u>selected individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-10 |
| Community Safety a Top Priority in 2019-nCoV Repatriation Efforts | 2020- 02-10 |
| <u>Update: Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer on the release of selected</u> <u>individuals from quarantine for the 2019 novel coronavirus</u> | 2020- 02-10 |
| Canada supports China's ongoing response to novel coronavirus outbreak | 2020- 02-09 |
| Statement from the Chief Public Health Officer of Canada on the release of selected individuals from quarantine for 2019 novel coronavirus | 2020- 02-09 |
| <u>Government of Canada repatriates Canadians and their families from the epicentre</u> of the 2019-nCoV outbreak in China | 2020- 02-08 |
| Government of Canada evacuating Canadians from Wuhan, China | 2020- 02-02 |
| Prime Minister Justin Trudeau convenes the Incident Response Group for an update on the coronavirus situation | 2020- 02-02 |
| Statement by Foreign Affairs Minister on travel to Hubei Province in China | 2020- 01-26 |

| Title | Date |
|---|-------|
| Statement by the Minister of Health on the First Presumptive Confirmed Travelled- | 2020- |
| Related Case of New Coronavirus in Canada | 01-25 |

Contact us for COVID-19 information

- 1-833-784-4397
 - Interpretation services are available in multiple languages
- Email: phac.info.aspc@canada.ca

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