

2019 Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)

2019 Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)

Information for Health Care Providers

[Renseignements en français >](#)

Share



NEW: [Saskatchewan COVID-19 Preparedness Plan \(March 11, 2020\)](#)

NEW: [COVID-19 Guidance : Mass Gatherings, Risk for Elderly Populations \(March 11, 2020\)](#)

UPDATED: [Self-Isolation Information Sheet \(March 11, 2020\)](#)

NEW: [Self-Monitoring Information Sheet \(March 11, 2020\)](#)

Updated March 11, 2020

Risk of COVID-19 in Saskatchewan

At this time, the Public Health Agency of Canada has assessed the public health risk associated with COVID-19 as low for the general population, but this could change quickly. There is an increased risk of more severe outcomes for Canadians 65 and over, and those with compromised immune systems or underlying medical conditions.

Public health officials continue to reassess the national and provincial public health risk, based on the best available evidence as the situation evolves.

Travel Guidance

The risk to Canadian travellers abroad will vary depending on the destination and there are some destinations where the Government of Canada recommends [avoiding all travel or all non-essential travel](#).

All travellers should self-monitor for symptoms of COVID-19 (fever, cough or difficulty breathing) for 14 days after returning to Canada and avoid places where you cannot easily separate yourself from others if you become ill. If you have even mild symptoms, stay home and call HealthLine 811 for advice.

If you have travelled to a country with [a level three travel advisory](#), limit your contact with others for a total of 14 days starting the day you began your journey to Canada. This means self-isolate and stay at home. Contact HealthLine 811 within 24 hours of arriving in Canada for direction.

All travellers are advised to monitor themselves for symptoms and to contact the local public health authority in their province or territory if they feel sick.

[Saskatchewan COVID-19 Pandemic Plan \(March 11, 2020\)](#)

At this time Saskatchewan does not have a confirmed case of COVID-19, and the risk to Canadians remains low.

COVID-19 Laboratory Testing Summary for Saskatchewan

Cumulative counts as of March 10, 2020

Total Persons Tested	204
Persons with Pending Results	2
Persons with Confirmed Negative Results	202
Persons with Presumptive Positive Results	0
Persons with Confirmed Positive Results	0
Total Tests Performed ¹	216

¹A person may have multiple tests performed

This table will be updated with information on the status of COVID-19 cases in Saskatchewan every Wednesday.

Confirming a case requires that the specimen be tested at the National Microbiology Laboratory (NML) in Winnipeg. A presumptive positive indicates that a specimen has tested positive at a provincial public health laboratory (in Saskatchewan, the Roy Romanow Provincial Laboratory). Pending results indicates that the specimen is in the process of being tested.

Symptoms of Coronavirus

Common signs include respiratory symptoms: fever, cough, shortness of breath, and breathing difficulties. In more severe cases, infection can cause pneumonia, severe acute respiratory syndrome, kidney failure and even death. Older people or those with chronic illnesses may be at higher risk for a more severe form of the disease.

Treatment of Coronavirus

Like most respiratory illnesses, most people with common coronavirus illness will recover on their own. There is no specific treatment for disease caused by a novel coronavirus. However, many of the symptoms can and should be treated. If symptoms feel worse than a standard cold, see a health care provider or call Healthline at 811. If you are planning to see your health care provider or go to the emergency room, please call ahead and explain your symptoms and travel history so they can make appropriate safety accommodations.

How to Protect Yourself Against Coronavirus










Currently, there is no approved vaccine that protects against coronaviruses in humans.

As a respiratory illness, the best method to protect yourself against coronavirus is to practice everyday preventive actions, including:

- Practice proper cough and sneezing etiquette (into the bend of your elbow);
- Wash your hands often with soap and water; if soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer;
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth with unwashed hands;
- Maintain safe food practices; and
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick.

There is no evidence that surgical masks protect persons who are not sick. The World Health Organization does not recommend the use of any masks if you do not have a travel history and respiratory symptoms. If you have respiratory symptoms such as cough or difficulty breathing and a relevant travel history you should wear a surgical/procedure mask when seeking medical care at a health facility. If you are going to a health care facility for treatment of your respiratory illness and do not have a mask, ask for one at the admission desk and one will be provided to you.

Learn more about coronavirus by visiting the Public Health Agency of Canada links or downloading the fact sheets below.

- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Travellers Returning to Canada](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Travellers Returning from Hubei, China and Iran](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Know the Facts About COVID-19](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Be Prepared Factsheet](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Coronavirus Infection](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Coronavirus Travel Advice](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Coronavirus Frequently Asked Questions](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Coronavirus Awareness Resources](#) 
- [Public Health Agency of Canada, Coronavirus Fact Sheet](#) 

Related Items

[Saskatchewan's COVID-19 Pandemic Plan](#)

Learn more about Saskatchewan's COVID-19 Pandemic/Preparedness Plan

Posted March 11, 2020



[Coronavirus Information for Saskatchewan Residents - updated March 9, 2020](#)

Learn more about 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCov) in Saskatchewan including risks and preventative measures.



[Coronavirus Information for Saskatchewan Schools and Workplaces - March 9, 2020](#)

Information about 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCov) for schools and workplaces.



[COVID-19 Guidance](#)

Mass gatherings, risk for elderly populations

March 11, 2020



[Infection Control Tips](#)

Learn more about minimizing the spread of any respiratory virus, including COVID-19.

Updated March 9, 2020



[Infection Control Tips Information Sheet - Chinese Translation 感染控制信息](#)

Learn more about minimizing the spread of any respiratory virus, including the 2019 Coronavirus.



[Protect Yourself Poster](#)

Downloadable and printable poster that outlines steps people can take to stop the spread of harmful viruses.



Self-Isolation Information Sheet

Learn more about what it means to self-isolate during a respiratory illness.

Updated March 11, 2020



Self-Isolation Information Sheet - Chinese Translation 自我隔离信息

Learn more about what is means to self-isolate during a respiratory illness.



Self-Monitoring Information Sheet

Learn more about what it means to self-monitor during a respiratory illness.

Posted March 11, 2020



We need your feedback to improve saskatchewan.ca. [Help us improve](#)

Residents and Visitors

Births, Deaths, Marriages and Divorces

Education and Learning

Emergency

Environment, Public Health and Safety

Family and Social Support

First Nations, Métis and Northern Citizens

Health

Housing – Renting, Owning and Developing

Immigrating and Moving to Saskatchewan

Jobs, Working and Training

Justice, Crime and the Law

Parks, Culture, Heritage and Sport

Taxes, Budgeting and Investments

Transportation

Voting, Consultations and Democracy

Business and Industry

Agriculture, Natural Resources and Industry

Doing Business with Government

Employment Standards

Entrepreneurs Start or Exit a Business

Environmental Protection and Sustainability

First Nations, Métis, and Northern Community Businesses

Hire, Train and Manage Employees

Housing Development, Construction and Property Management

Investment and Economic Development

Safety in the Workplace

Taxes, Licensing and Reporting

Transportation and Road Construction

Government

Budget, Planning and Reporting

Cabinet, Ministries, Agencies and Other Governments

Partnerships for Success

Cannabis in Saskatchewan

Doing Business with Government

Educational Institutions and Child Care Facility Administration

Federal Carbon Tax

Find People and Government Offices

Government Publications

Health Care Administration and Provider Resources

Heritage, Honours and Awards

Legislation, Maps and Authenticating Notarized Documents

Municipal Administration

News and Media

Our Stories

Public Engagement

Statistics and Government Data

Training and Workshops

Visual Identity and Protocol

Services

Residents and Visitors Services

Business and Industry Services

Government Services

Services Directory

[Services disponibles en français >](#)

[Accessibility](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Copyright](#) | [Privacy](#) | [Site Map](#) | [Social Media](#) | [Terms of Use](#)

Join the conversation:



Saskatchewan 