



Report No. 445

Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia	
Date of Report: 31 <sup>st</sup> July - 4 <sup>th</sup> August 2022		Investigation Start Date: 17th March 2020 as of 18hrs.	
Prepared by:	pared by: Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, MoH, The Gambia		

#### HIGHLIGHTS

This is the 445<sup>th</sup> national situation reports since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the 16<sup>th</sup> March 2020

- No new COVID-19-related death registered, bringing the total to 368 (Crude Case-Fatality Ratio, 3.0%)
- Forty-eight (48) new cases were registered (Cumulative cases 12,197)
- A total of 1, 10, 29 and 8 cases were reported form 31st July, 1st, 2nd and 3rd August 2022 respectively
- The test positivity rate is 11.6% (48/413), NPHL 373 (42 positives) and MRCG 40 (6 Positives)
  - o **No** case is currently on oxygen therapy
  - o **Thirty-seven** (37) cases were discharged after at least 10 days monitoring from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation and none from COVID-19 treatment centre
- For the COVID-19 vaccination updates, please see the link below:
  - https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrljoiZjQ2MDJiYTltMDZmZC00MGRhLTkyYzU tYmJlNTA1MWE4YzQyliwidCl6ImU2OWRiODY4LTAyYTQtNGEzMi04MjAxLWQ3O WY3ZjgwZjljMylsImMiOjh9&pageName=ReportSection

# COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

#### Globally

r Confirmed Cases: 585,956,013

Recoveries: 556,485,833

- Deaths: 6,429,667

#### Senegal

Confirmed Cases: 87,513

Recoveries: 85,342

→ Deaths: 1,968

#### The Gambia

Confirmed Cases: 12,197

Active Cases: 96

Recoveries: 11,733

Deaths: 368

### II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

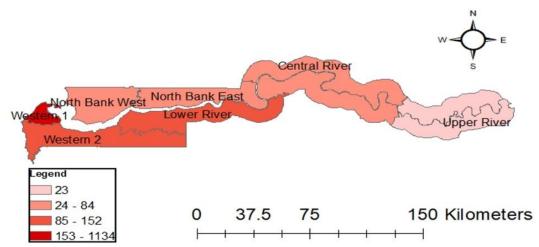


Fig1:Geographic Distribution of Covid-19 per 100,000 Pop.by Region since the start of the Pandemic to 30 june 2022 in The Gambia

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)
- Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by date of sample collection,
- respectively (See Fig. 2 and 3)

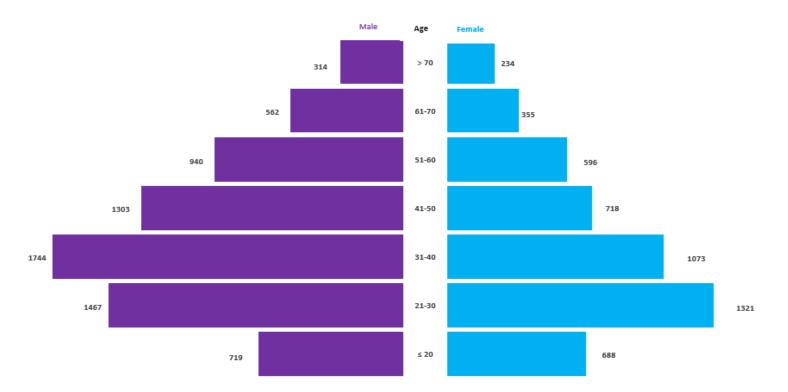


Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2022

<sup>\*</sup>This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (See Fig. 2)
About 58% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (See Fig. 2)

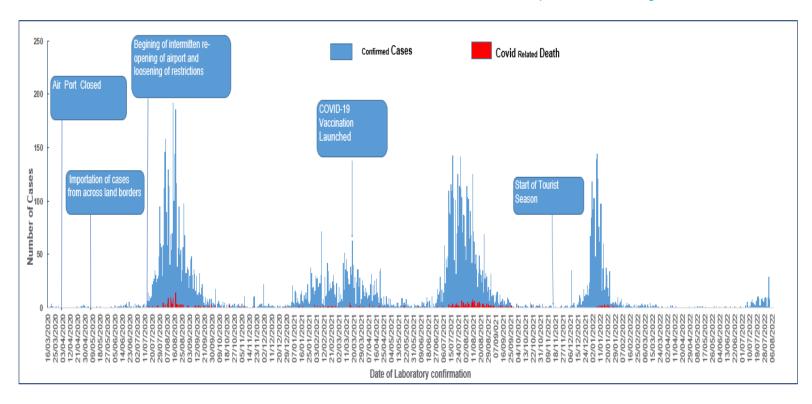


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 16<sup>th</sup> March 2020-30<sup>th</sup> July 2022\*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases

- Three main waves of infection occurred the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the
- intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave

Table 1: Summary of New and Cumulative hospitalized (including those in Intensive Care Unit- ICU) COVID-19 cases, The Gambia, 2022

Hospitalization (Including those in ICU)	<b>Total Cases</b>
Number of cases currently admitted to intensive care unit (ICU)for Covid-19	0
Number of all Covid-19 cases who are currently hospitalized in healthcare facilities, including those in intensive care unit (ICU)	0
Cumulative number of covid-19 cases admitted to intensive care unit (ICU)	866
Cumulative number of covid-19 cases hospitalized including those admitted to intensive care (ICU)	3567

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2022

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		0
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		0
No. of patients recovered and discharged		
In Hotel Quarantine		19
Completed Hotel Quarantine		5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *		310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	0	
No. of Contacts being monitored	0	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up		17,129
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up		58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Tests)***		173,556
Positive test result (Repeat Tests)***		12,197
Negative test result (Repeat Tests)***		159,926
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Tests)***		

<sup>\*</sup> Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2022

III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		
Component	Interventions	
Coordination	Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels	
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul> <li>A total of 413 new laboratory test results received 373 from NPHL and</li> <li>40 from MRCG         <ul> <li>Of these, 6 test result returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 48 new sample tested positive</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	<ul> <li>No new COVID-19 related death recorded</li> <li>No patient was newly discharged from treatment centres</li> <li>No new contacts traced and monitored</li> <li>No case on COVID-19 patient is currently on oxygen therapy</li> </ul>	

## IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not replicated in all regions to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Low COVID-19 vaccination coverage rate

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Includes repeat tests in bracket

#### ٧. **NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Strengthen community-based surveillance in all regions to increase awareness and testing rates
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial and vaccine hesitancy
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Intensify activities geared to increase COVID-19 vaccination coverage at all levels
- Strengthen the capacity of the National Public Health Laboratories to conduct sequencing to identify new variants from positive samples as the COVID-19 virus evolves.

# For comments or questions, please contact: Amadou Woury Jallow

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## **PARTNERS**











































































