



Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia	
Date of Report: 22nd October 2021		Investigation Start Date: 17th March 2020 as of 18hrs.	
Prepared by:	Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, MoH, The Gambia		

I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the 392nd national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the 16th March 2020

- No new COVID-19-related death registered, bringing the total to 340 (Crude Case-Fatality Ratio, 3.4%)
- Three (3) new cases were registered (cumulative cases 9,962)
- The test positivity rate is 1.06% (3/283), NPHL –269 (3 positive) and MRCG – 14 (0 Positives)
 - Two (2) cases are currently on oxygen therapy
- No case was discharged after at least 10 days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation but 1 from COVID-19 treatment centres.
- As of 24th October 2021, the following number of people have been vaccinated with:
 - Janssen & Janssen:
 - Only 1 dose: 186,509
 - Sinopharm:
 - Dose 1: 4,457
 - Dose 2: 3,268
 - AstraZeneca:
 - Dose 1: 35,961
 - Dose 2: 24,750
- TARGET POPULATION
 - Proportion of target population fully vaccinated (2 doses of AZ/Sinopharm or 1 dose of J&J): 13.7%
 - Proportion of target population that received at least one COVID-19 vaccine dose (AZ or J&J or Sinopharm): 14.5%
- TOTAL POPULATION (Based on final MoH population projections for 2021)
 - Proportion of total population fully vaccinated (2 doses of AZ/Sinopharm or 1 dose of J&J): 8.8%
 - Proportion of total population that received at least one COVID-19 vaccine dose (AZ or J&J or Sinopharm): 9.3%

COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Globally

- Confirmed Cases: 244,720,775
- Recoveries: 221,780,318
- Deaths: 4,968,371

Senegal

- Confirmed Cases: 73,896
- Recoveries: 71,994
- Deaths: 1,878

The Gambia

- Confirmed Cases: 9,962
- Active Cases: 18
- Recoveries: 9,604
- Deaths: 340

II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

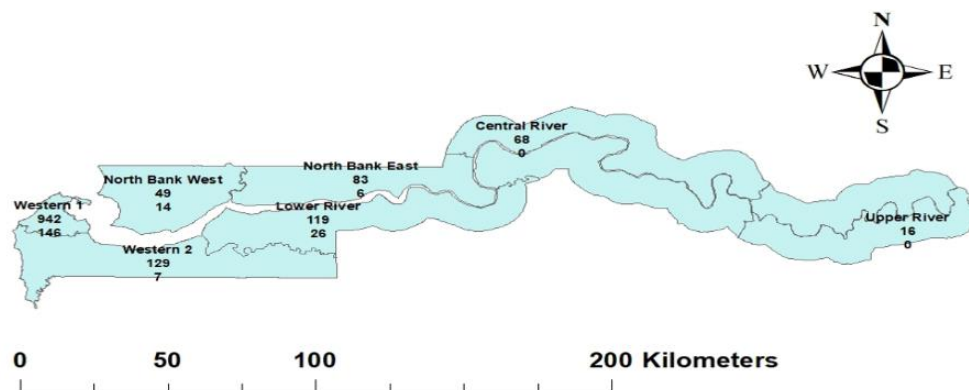


Fig 1: Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 Pop. by Region since the start of Pandemic to 31st August 2021 (Number Above) and the month of August 2021 (Number below) in The Gambia

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (**See Fig. 1**)
- Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by date of sample collection, respectively (**See Fig. 2 and 3**)

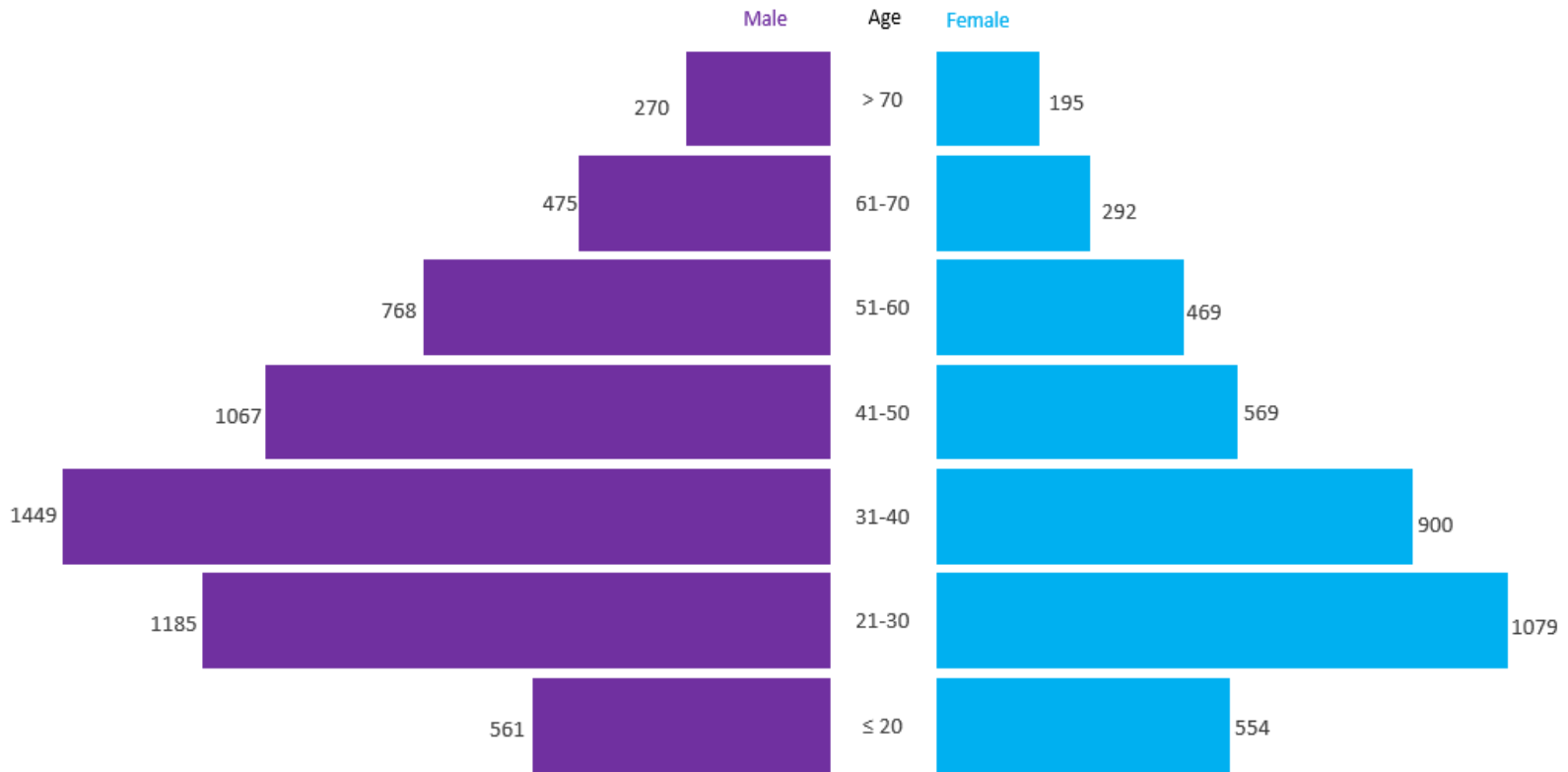


Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

* This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available

About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (**See Fig. 2**)

About 59% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (**See Fig. 2**)

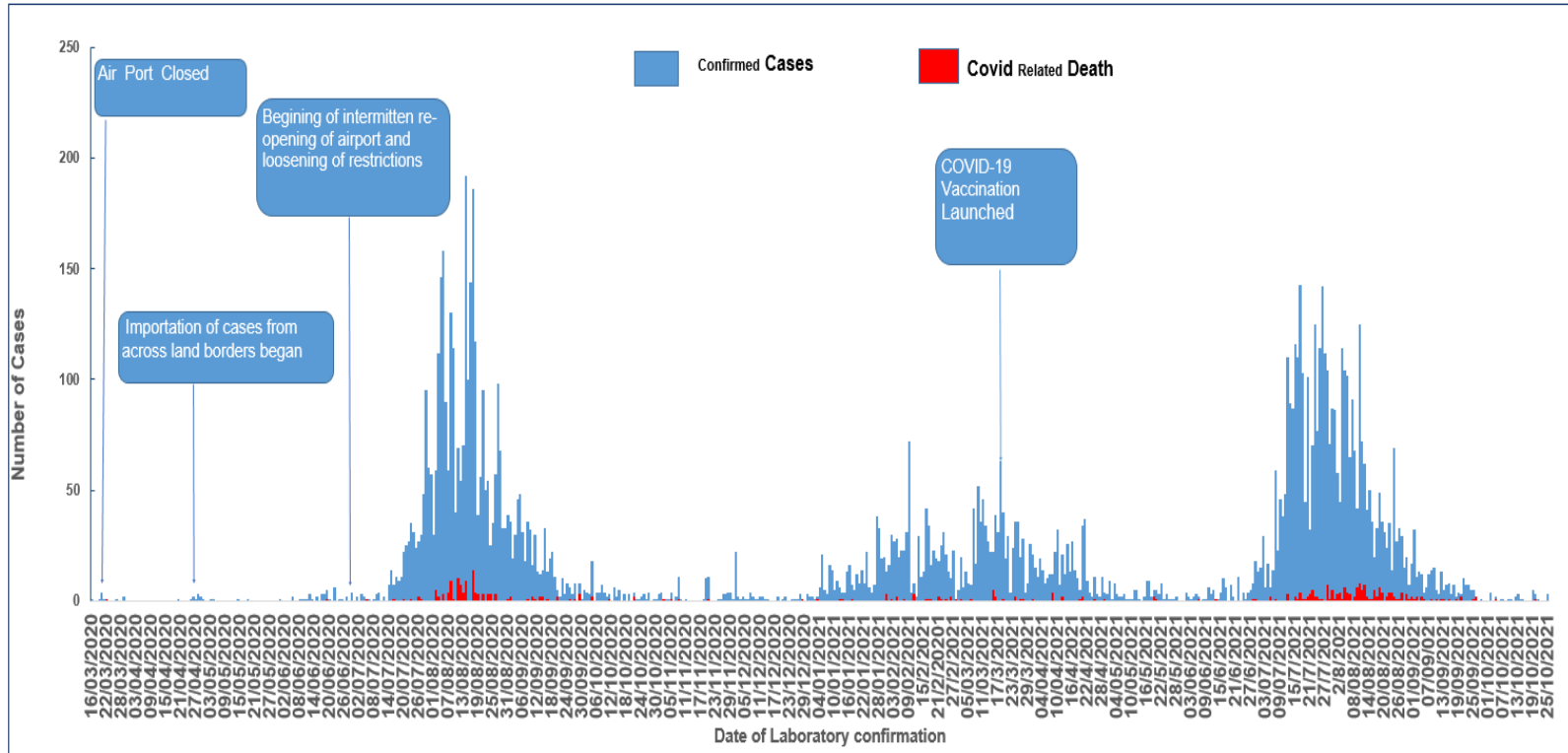


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 16th March 2020-10th August 2021*.

- A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases
- Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the
 - intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (See Fig.

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		6
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		2
No. of patients recovered and discharged	0	
In Hotel Quarantine	0	19
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	0	
No. of Contacts being monitored	0	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	0	17,119
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Tests)***	286(0)	116,829
Positive test result (Repeat Tests)***	3(0)	9,962
Negative test result (Repeat Tests)***	283(0)	105,611
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Tests)***	0(0)	

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

* Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

** Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined)

*** Includes repeat tests in bracket

III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

Component	Interventions
Coordination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels</i>
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>A total of 286 new laboratory test results received 14 from MRCG and 269 from NPHL</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <i>Of these, No test result returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 3 new samples tested positive</i>
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>No new COVID-19 related death recorded</i> • <i>One (1) patient was newly discharged from treatment centres</i> • <i>No new contacts traced and monitored</i> • <i>Two (2) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy</i>

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Low COVID-19 vaccination coverage rate

V. NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial and vaccine hesitancy
- Strengthen community-based surveillance to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures always including the donning of appropriate PPEs
- Intensify activities geared to increase COVID-19 vaccination coverage at all levels

For comments or questions, please contact:
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