



Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia	
Date of Report: 24th September 2021		Investigation Start Date: 17th March 2020 as of 18hrs.	
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I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the 377th national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the 16th March 2020

- No new COVID-19-related death registered, bringing the total to 335 (**Crude Case-Fatality Ratio, 3.4%**)
- A total of 5 new cases were registered (**cumulative cases 9,930**)
- The test positivity rate is **1.0% (5/479)**, NPHL – **468 (5 positive)** MRCG – **11 (0 Positives)**
 - Of the total new cases, **4** were **males** and **1** **females**, with ages ranging from **23 – 71** years
 - **Four (4)** cases are currently on **oxygen therapy**
 - For reasons of testing, **4(80%)** for travelling and **1 (20%)** for knowing Covid-19 Status
- **No** case was newly discharged from the treatment centres, while **7** got discharged at least **10** days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation
- **No** new contacts traced and monitored
- As of 23rd September 2021, the following number of people have been vaccinated with:
 - **Janssen & Janssen:**
 - **Only 1 dose:** 147,817
 - **Sinopharm:**
 - **Dose 1:** 4,457
 - **Dose 2:** 3,157
 - **AstraZeneca:**
 - **Dose 1:** 31,862
 - **Dose 2:** 20,429
- Of the total national target population (≥ 18 years) been vaccinated:
 - **11.0%** are fully vaccinated (**2 doses** of AZ/Sinopharm or **1 dose** of J&J)
 - **11.8%** received at least **one** COVID-19 vaccine dose (AZ or J&J or Sinopharm)
- Since the start of RDT for COVID-19 at The Banjul International Airport, **22,638** rapid diagnostic tests (RDT) have been conducted with **8** positives who were confirmed and treated

COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Globally

- Confirmed Cases: **232,397,750**
- Recoveries: **209,024,530**
- Deaths: **4,759,359**

Senegal

- Confirmed Cases: **73,742**
- Recoveries: **71,482**
- Deaths: **1,855**

The Gambia

- Confirmed Cases: **9,930**
- Active Cases: **24**
- Recoveries: **9,571**
- Deaths: **335**

II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

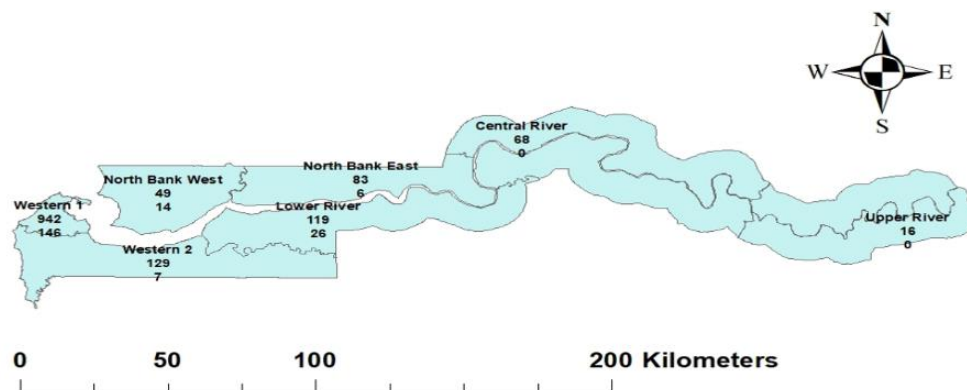


Fig 1: Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 Pop. by Region since the start of Pandemic to 31st August 2021 (Number Above) and the month of August 2021 (Number below) in The Gambia

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (**See Fig. 1**)
- Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively (**See Fig. 2 and 3**)

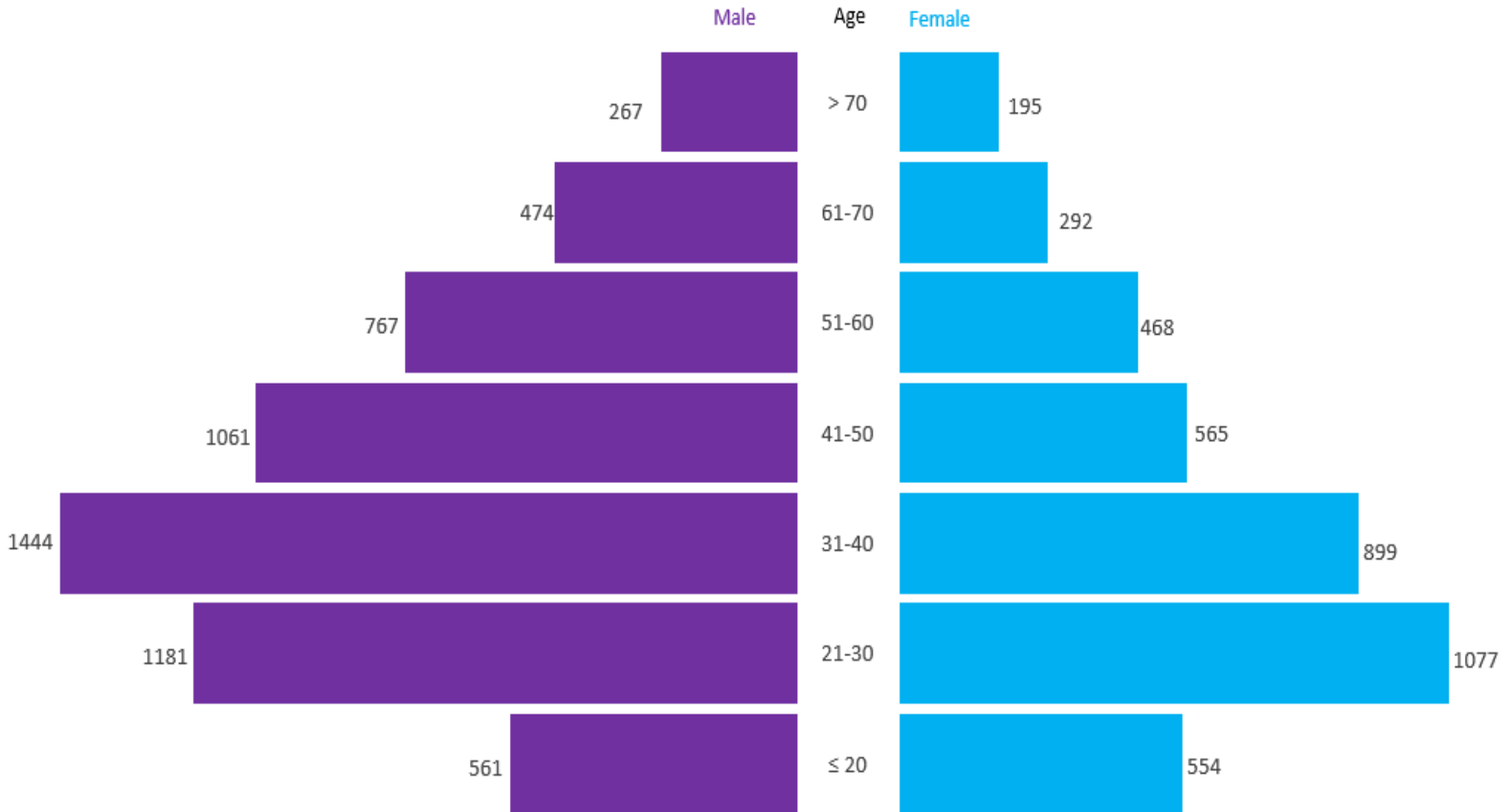


Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

* This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available

About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (**See Fig. 2**)

About 58.6% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (**See Fig. 2**)

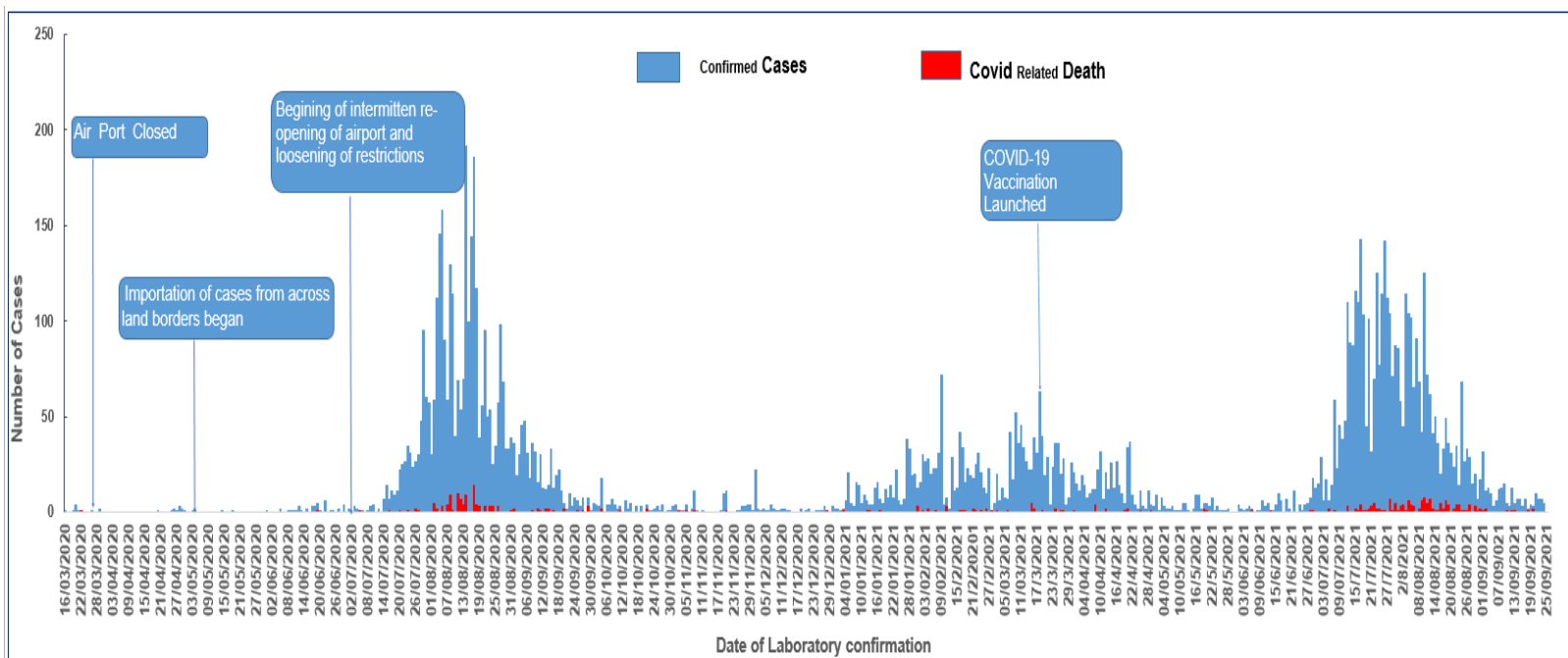


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 16th March 2020-10th August 2021*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases

- Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (**See Fig. 3**)

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		17
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		4
No. of patients recovered and discharged	7	
In Hotel Quarantine	0	19
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	0	
No. of Contacts being monitored	0	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	0	17,119
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Test (s))***	479(0)***	109,898
Positive test result (Repeat Test (s))	5(0)	9,930
Negative test result (Repeat Test (s))***	474(0)***	98,715
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Test (s))***	0(0)***	

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

* Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

** Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined) *** Includes repeat tests in bracket

III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

Component	Interventions
Coordination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels</i>
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>A total of 479 new laboratory test results received 11 from MRCG and 468 from NPHL)</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <i>Of these, no test result returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 5 new samples tested positive</i>
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>No new COVID-19 related death recorded</i> • <i>No patients were newly discharged from treatment centres</i> • <i>No new contact traced and monitored</i> • <i>Four (4) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy</i>

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Low COVID 19 Vaccination coverage rate

V. NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial and vaccine hesitancy
- Strengthen community-based surveillance to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures always including the donning of appropriate PPEs
- Intensify activities geared to increase COVID-19 vaccination coverage at all levels

For comments or questions, please contact:
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PARTNERS

