



Report No. 415

Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia
Date of Report: 1 <sup>st</sup> - 4 <sup>th</sup> January 2022		Investigation Start Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> March 2020 as of 18hrs.
Prepared by: Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, MoH, The Gambia		

# I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the **415**<sup>th</sup> national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the **16**<sup>th</sup> **March 2020** 

- No new COVID-19-related death registered, bringing the total to 343 (Crude Case-Fatality Ratio, 3.18%)
- A total of 416 new cases were registered (Cumulative cases 10,792)
- One hundred and eighteen (118), 92, 103, and 103 cases were reported on the 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> January 2022 respectively
- The test positivity rate is 27% (416/1543), NPHL 1,481 (389 positives) and MRCG 62 (37 Positives)
  - o One case is currently on **oxygen therapy**
- Forty-nine (49) cases were discharged after at least 10 days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation and 13 from COVID-19 treatment centres

# COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

## Globally

- \* Confirmed Cases: 297,954,388
- Recoveries: 256,743,422
- Deaths: 5,481,337

# Senegal

- Confirmed Cases: 76,753
- Recoveries: 73,202
- → Deaths: 1,892

### The Gambia

- Confirmed Cases: 10,792
- Active Cases: 651
- Recoveries: 9,798
- Deaths: 343

### II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

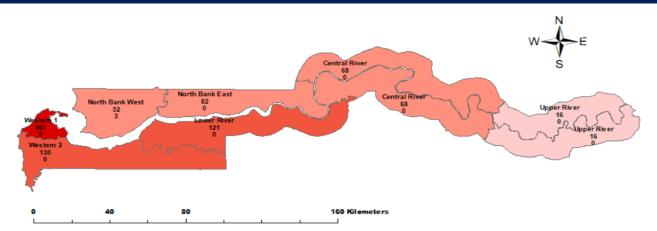


Fig 1: Geographic Distribution of Covid-19 Cases per 100,000 Pop.by Region Since the start of the Pandemic to 30<sup>th</sup> November (Number Above) and October only (Number below) in The Gambia

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)
- Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by date of sample collection,
- respectively (See Fig. 2 and 3)

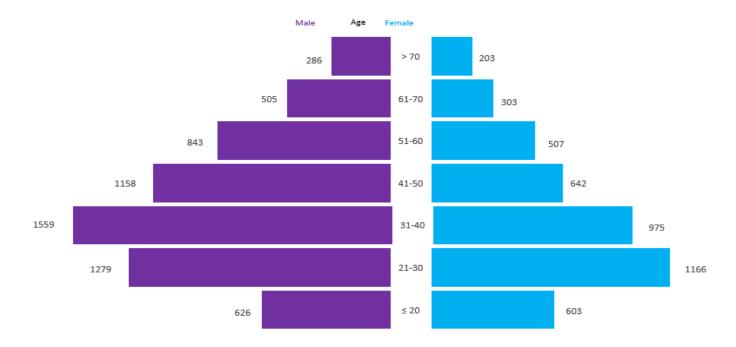


Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

<sup>\*</sup>This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (See Fig. 2)
About 58% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (See Fig. 2)

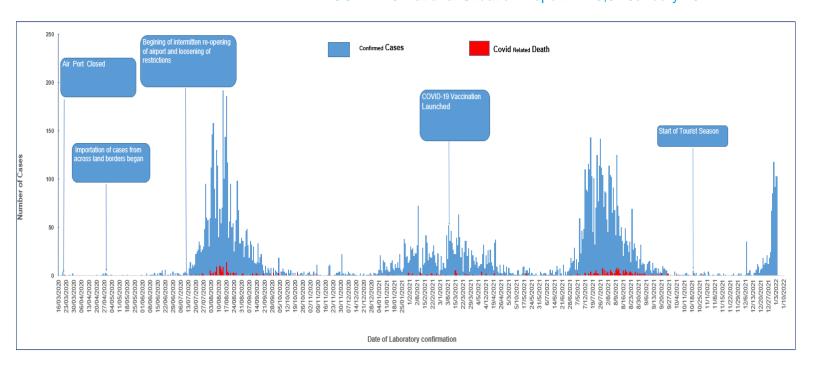


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 16th March 2020-4th January 2022\*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases

- Three main waves of infection occurred the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the
- intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave

Table 1: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		12
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		1
No. of patients recovered and discharged		
In Hotel Quarantine		19
Completed Hotel Quarantine		5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *		310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**		
No. of Contacts being monitored	0	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up		17,119
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Tests)***		136,056
Positive test result (Repeat Tests)***		10,792
Negative test result (Repeat Tests)***		124002
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Tests)***		

<sup>\*</sup> Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Includes repeat tests in bracket

**<sup>3</sup>** | Page

<sup>\*</sup>as of 5<sup>th</sup> January 2022 @ 00:11. Data from WHO novel coronavirus dashboard and European CDC situation report

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		
Component	Interventions	
Coordination	Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels	
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul> <li>A total of 1,543 new laboratory test results received 1481 from NPHL and</li> <li>62 from MRCG         <ul> <li>Of these, 3 test result returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 416 new samples tested positive</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	<ul> <li>No new COVID-19 related death recorded</li> <li>Thirteen (13) patients were newly discharged from treatment centres</li> <li>No new contacts traced and monitored</li> <li>One (1) COVID-19 patient is currently on oxygen therapy</li> </ul>	

### IV. **GAPS/CHALLENGES:**

- CBS activities not replicated in all regions to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Low COVID-19 vaccination coverage rate

### ٧. **NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Strengthen community-based surveillance in all regions to increase awareness and testing rates
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial and vaccine hesitancy
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures always including the donning of appropriate PPEs
- Intensify activities geared to increase COVID-19 vaccination coverage at all levels
- Strengthen the capacity of the National Public Health Laboratories to conduct sequencing to identify new variants from positive samples as the COVID-19 virus evolves.

## For comments or questions, please contact: **Amadou Woury Jallow**

Public Health Emergency Operations Center

Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, The Gambia

Phone: +220 3921415/2639690/9921415 Email: amadou.jallow@gmail.com

### **PARTNERS**









































































