



Report No. 343

Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19	Location: The Gambia						
Date of Report: 14th - 16th July 2021	Investigation Start Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> March 2020 as of 18hrs.						
Prepared by: Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit,	MoH, The Gambia						

### I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the **343**<sup>rd</sup> national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the **16**<sup>th</sup> **March 2020** 

- Two (2) new COVID-19-related deaths were registered, bringing the total number of deaths since March 2020 to 190
  - The decedents were all males aged 50 and 76 years with severe COVID-19 pneumonia admitted in one of the COVID 19 treatment centres
- **310** new cases were registered taking the total number of COVID-19 cases ever confirmed in the country to **6,920**
- Eight seven (87), 114 and 109 cases were reported on the 14<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> respectively
  - Of the **207** cases with known reasons for testing, **119** (57%) tested for travelling, **40** (19%) for suspicion of COVID-19 after being sick, **25** (11%) contact with a confirmed case and **21** (10%) wanted to know COVID-19 status
- The cases are composed of 164 males and 144 females with a median age of 35 years (Range: 1 80 years)
- A total of 1,217new laboratory test results were received (132 from MRCG and 1085 from NPHL)
  - o Of these, 1,217 tested positive representing a 25.5% test positivity rate
- Eight (8) new COVID-19 patients were newly discharged from treatment centres, while 16 got discharged at least 10 days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation
- Nineteen (19) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy
- No new contacts were traced
- Currently, no one is in hotel quarantine, 715 active cases and a crude case-fatality ratio of 2.7%

# COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

#### Globally

r Confirmed Cases: 190,944,707

Recoveries: 173,956,997

→ Deaths: 4,101,941

#### Senegal

Confirmed Cases: 52,096

Recoveries: 43,311

■ Deaths: 1,220

#### The Gambia

Confirmed Cases: 6,920

Recoveries: 6,015

→ Deaths: 190

## II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

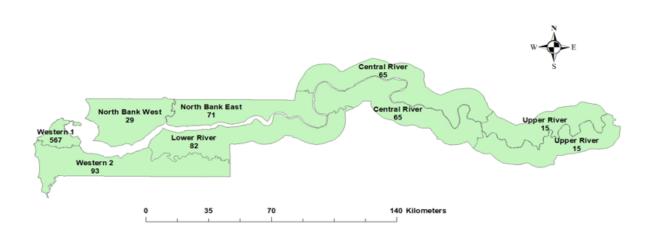


Fig1: Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 Confirmed Cases Per 100,000 Pop.by Region in The Gambia since the start of pandemic to 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021

Date	Negative	Positive	Inconclusive	Total	<b>Test Positivity</b>
14/7/2021	282	87	5	374	23.4
15/7/2021	305	114	7	426	26.8
16/7/2021	306	109	2	417	26.1
Total	893	310	14	1217	25.5

Table1: Shows the test positivity for three consecutive days

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)
- Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively (See Fig. 2 and 3

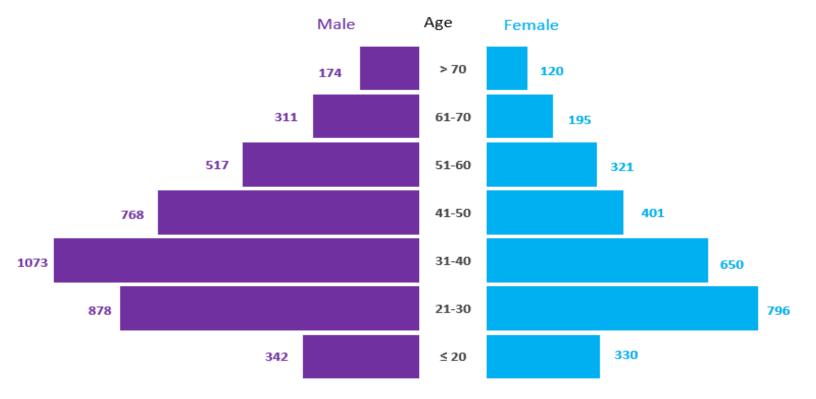


Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (*See Fig. 2*) About 58.6% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (*See Fig. 2*)

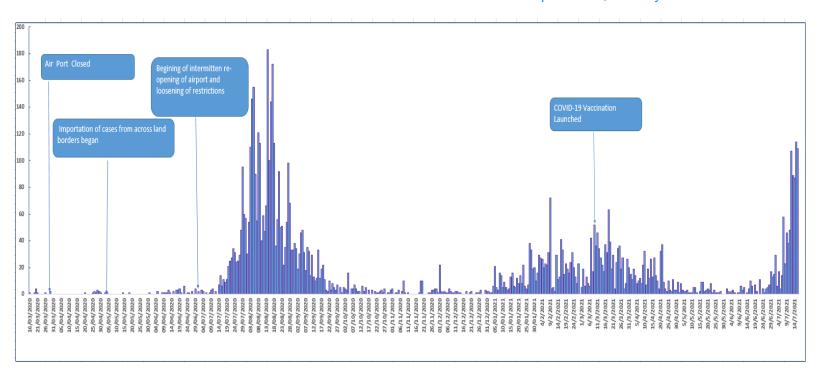


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021\*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases. Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (See Fig. 3)

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		103
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		19
No. of patients recovered and discharged	24	
In Hotel Quarantine	0	9
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	0	
No. of Contacts being monitored	122	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	0	16,945
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Test (s))***	1217(0)***	83,193
Positive test result (Repeat Test (s))	310(0)	6,920
Negative test result (Repeat Test (s))***	893(0)***	75,186
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Test (s))***	14(0)***	

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

<sup>\*</sup> Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined) \* \* \* Includes repeat tests in bracket

**<sup>3</sup>** | Page

<sup>\*</sup>as of 17<sup>th</sup> July 2021 @ 00:11. Data from WHO novel coronavirus dashboard and European CDC situation report

### **III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES**

Component	Interventions						
Coordination	Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels						
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul> <li>A total of 1217 new laboratory test results received 132 from MRCG and 1,085 from NPHL)</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Of these, No test results returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 310 new samples tested positive</li> </ul>						
	Two new COVID-19 related deaths recorded						
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	Eight (8) patients were newly discharged from treatment centres						
	<ul> <li>No new contacts were traced and monitored</li> <li>Nineteen (19) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy</li> </ul>						

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

		Dose 1						Dose 2							
Dainaita annua		Fixed Outreach/Mobile		Total	AEFI		Fixed		Outreach/Mobile		T-4-1	AEFI			
Priority group	Male	Female	Male	Female	Iotai	Non-serious	Serious	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	Non-serious	Serious	
Total Cov-24	438	266	374	242	1320	0	0	281	171	159	123	734	0	0	
Health Care workers	3246	2674	302	294	6516	0	3	1655	1503	262	177	3597	0	0	
People with pre-existing conditions	1537	1851	555	671	4614	1	2	809	841	150	147	1947	0	0	
Community workers	4561	3107	1134	1008	9810	1	0	1410	1082	251	205	2948	0	0	
65 years and above	1776	1650	739	656	4821	0	0	642	692	123	138	1595	0	0	
Teacher	333	195	487	212	1227	0	0	154	112	65	18	349	0	0	
Hoteliers	513	304	34	21	872	0	0	153	137	0	0	290	0	0	
Security forces	876	266	264	40	1446	0	0	268	65	74	62	469	0	0	
41yrs - 64yrs	279	247	175	148	849	0	0	400	337	32	41	810	0	0	
18yrs - 40 yrs	380	299	141	279	1099	0	0	104	136	30	28	298	0	0	
Total Cov-1	13501	10593	3831	3329	31254	2	5	5595	4905	987	816	12303	0	0	

Table 4: Total National vaccinated with COVISHIELD (AstraZeneca Vaccine) by priority group as of 10<sup>th</sup> June 2021

## IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Security lapses at some of the treatment centers resulting in the abscondence of patients
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Weak and unreliable internet connection at the NPHL is hampering the implementation of e-surveillance at the laboratory.

## V. NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Expedite the process of having testing sites in CRR and NBW
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial
- More tests required in the catchment area of the MRC Keneba testing site to ascertain the extent of spread of COVID-19
- Security needs to be beefed up at all COVID-19 treatment/isolation centers to prevent the abscondence of patients
- Strengthen community-based surveillance in order to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures including the donning of appropriate PPEs at all times

# For comments or questions, please contact: Sana M. Sambou

Public Health Emergency Operations Center Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, The Gambia

Email: sanamsambou@hotmail.com Phone: +220 3516320/2422949

### **PARTNERS**









































































