#### The Gambia COVID-19 Outbreak Situational Report # 347

#### Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit

Report No. 347

Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19 Date of Report: 26 <sup>th</sup> - 27 <sup>th</sup> July 2021		Location: The Gambia		
		Investigation Start Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> March 2020 as of 18hrs.		
Prepared by: Epidemiol	ogy and Disease Cont	trol Unit, MoH, The Gambia		
I. HIGHLIGHTS				
his is the <b>347<sup>th</sup> national situation</b> i isease (COVID-19) in The Gambia,	•	n of the first case of the coronavirus	COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS	
One <b>(1)</b> new COVID-19-related since <b>March 2020</b> to <b>213</b>	deaths were registered, bri	inging the total number of deaths	Globally Confirmed Cases: 196,613,278	
The decedent was a 72 years old man with severe covid pneumonia died while on admission in			Recoveries: 178 003 700	

- one of the Covid 19 treatment centres
- 253 new cases were registered taking the total number of COVID-19 cases ever confirmed in the country to 7,962
- 114 and 112 cases were reported on the 26<sup>th</sup> and 27<sup>th</sup> July 2021 respectively
  - Of the 177 cases with known reasons for testing, 88 (49.7%) tested for travelling, 46 0 (26%) for suspicion of COVID-19 after being sick, 11 (6.2%) contact with a confirmed case and 28 (16%) wanted to know covid 19 status
- The cases are composed of 136 males and 116 females with a median age of 34 years (Range: 1 - 86 years)
- A total of 1044 new laboratory test results were received (99 from MRCG and 945 from NPHL) Of these, 253 tested positive representing a 24.2 % test positivity rate
- Thirteen (13) new COVID-19 patients were newly discharged from treatment centres, while 235 got discharged at least 10 days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation
- Twenty-one (21) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy
- Eight (8) new contacts were traced and are being monitored
- Currently, no one people is in hotel quarantine, 901 active cases and a crude case-fatality ratio of 2.7%

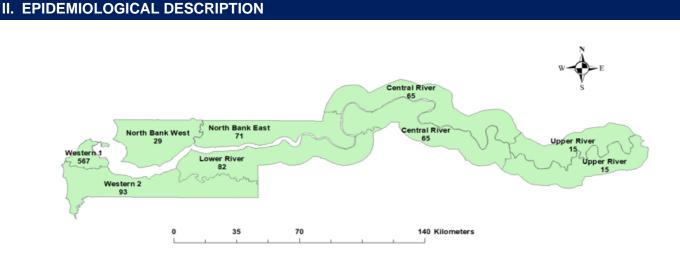


Fig1: Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 Confirmed Cases Per 100,000 Pop.by Region in The Gambia since the start of pandemic to 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021

- Recoveries: 178,003,700
- Deaths: 4,202,366

### Senegal

- Confirmed Cases: 59,286
- Recoveries: 46,038
- Deaths: 1,307

## The Gambia

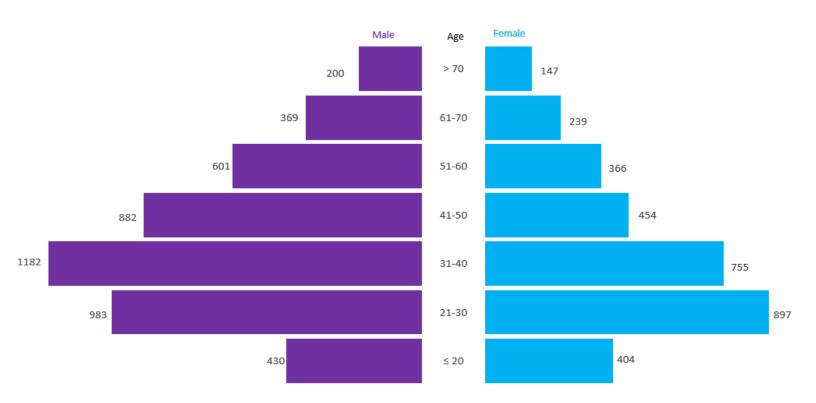




Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)

Table1: Shows the test positivity rate from 26<sup>th</sup> -27<sup>th</sup> July 2021, The Gambia

Date	Negative	Positive	Inconclusive	Total	Test Positivity
26/7/2021	286	141	9	436	32.3
27/7/2021	491	112	5	608	18.4
Total	777	253	14	1044	24.2



• Below are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively (See Fig. 2 and 3

#### Fig 2: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

\* This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (See Fig. 2)

About 58.6% of the confirmed cases are 40 years below (See Fig. 2)

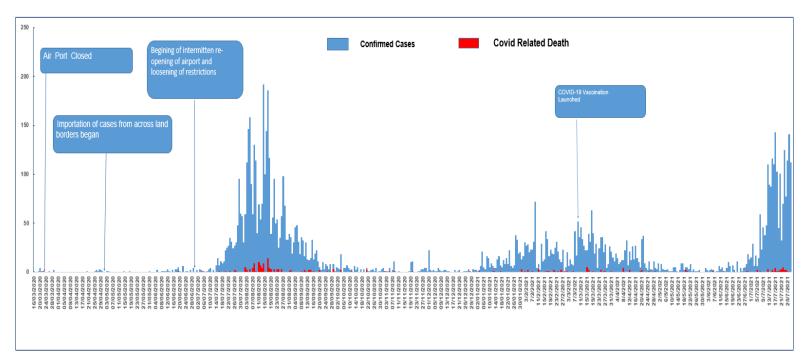


Fig. 3: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported daily, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021\*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the

intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (See Fig. 3)

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		80
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		21
No. of patients recovered and discharged	248	
In Hotel Quarantine	0	19
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,240
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	8	
No. of Contacts being monitored	76	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	72	17,038
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	58
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Test (s))***	1044(0)***	87,380
Positive test result (Repeat Test (s))	253(0)	7,962
Negative test result (Repeat Test (s))***	777(0)***	78,306
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Test (s))***	14(0)***	

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

\* Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

\*\* Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined) \*\*\* Includes

repeat tests in bracket

VITIES		
nterventions		
Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels		
<ul> <li>A total of 1044 new laboratory test results received 99 from MRCG and 945 from NPHL)</li> <li>Of these, 14 test results returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 253 new</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>One (1) new COVID-19 related deaths recorded</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>One (1) new COVID-19 related deaths recorded</li> <li>Thirteen (13) patients were newly discharged from treatment centres</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Eight (8) new contacts were traced and monitored</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Twenty-one (21) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy</li> </ul>		

## Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

## GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Security lapses at some of the treatment centers resulting in the abscondence of patients
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Weak and unreliable internet connection at the NPHL is hampering the implementation of e-surveillance at the laboratory.

## **V**.

IV.

# **NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Expedite the process of having testing sites in CRR and NBW
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial
- More tests required in the catchment area of the MRC Keneba testing site to ascertain the extent of spread of COVID-19
- Security needs to be beefed up at all COVID-19 treatment/isolation centers to prevent the abscondence of patients
- Strengthen community-based surveillance in order to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures including the donning of appropriate PPEs at all times

## COVID-19 National Situation Report #347,28th July 2021

