



Report No. 327,

Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia
Date of Report: 7 th June 2021		Investigation Start Date: 17th March 2020 as of 18hrs.
Prepared by:	Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit,	MoH, The Gambia

I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the **327**th national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the **16**th **March 2020**

- No new COVID-19-related death was registered, bringing the total number of deaths since March 2020 to 180
- No new cases was registered taking the total number of COVID-19 cases ever confirmed in the country to 6008
- A total of 186 new laboratory test results were received (12 from MRCG and 174 from NPHL)
 - Of these, none tested positive representing a 0% test positivity rate
- No new COVID-19 patients were newly discharged from treatment centres, while 5 got discharged at least 10 days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation
- Two (2) COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy No new Contacts have been traced and monitored
- Currently there is no one in hotel quarantine, 15 active cases and a crude case-fatality ratio of 3%
- As of 4th June, 30,515 and 7,914 people received the 1st and 2nd doses of AstraZeneca vaccine respectively, bringing the total number ever vaccinated to 38,429
- So far 5,713(104 New) Rapid diagnostic tests were conducted at the Airport for travelers as of 7th June 2021.
 - o Of these, only 2 tested positive for both RDT and PCR. These were treated and discharged.
- As of 20th May 2021, 82 new clients received Psychological First Aid (PFA) Services provided by MoH, Department of Social Welfare (DSW) and Paradise Foundation, thus bringing the number of attended to 1,829 since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic.

COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Globally

Tonfirmed Cases: 174,884,070

Recoveries: 158,639,322

Deaths: 3,766,289

Senegal

Confirmed Cases: 41,796

Recoveries: 40,365

Deaths: 1,150

The Gambia

Confirmed Cases: 6,008

Recoveries: 5,813

→ Deaths: 180

II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

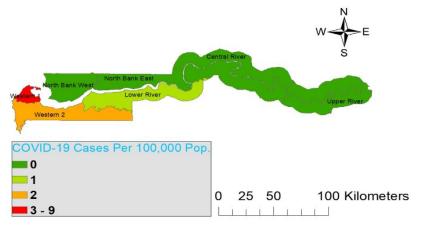


Fig 1: Geographic Distribution of Recent COVID-19 Cases Per 100,000 Pop. by Regions 15th April-14th May 2021

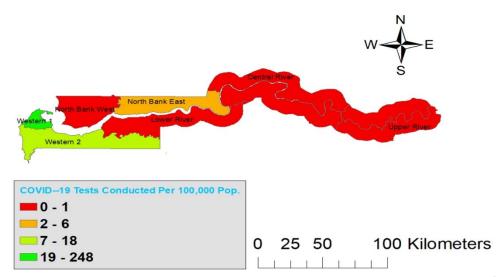


Fig 2: Geographic Distribution of Recent COVID-19 Tests Per 100,000 Pop. by Regions 15th April-14th May 2021

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)
- Despite being far-flung from current testing sites, North Bank East has sent in more samples per 100,000 population than all other regions in the hinterland, over the last 30 days (See Fig. 2)

Figures 3 and **4** are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively.

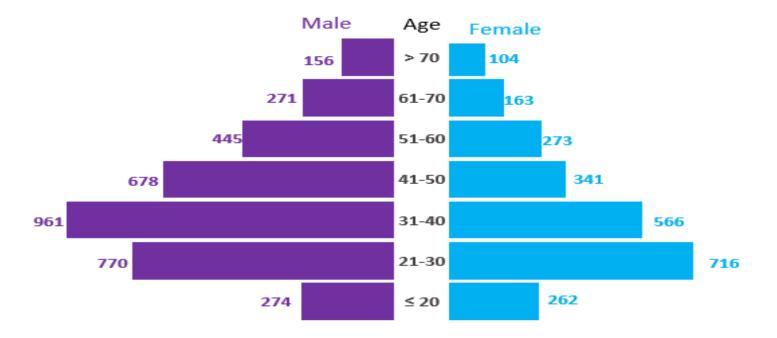


Fig 3: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

^{*} This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (*See Fig. 3*) About 62% of the confirmed cases are below age 40 (*See Fig. 3*)

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^{*}as of 9th June 2021 @ 00:11. Data from WHO novel coronavirus <u>dashboard</u> and European CDC <u>situation report</u>

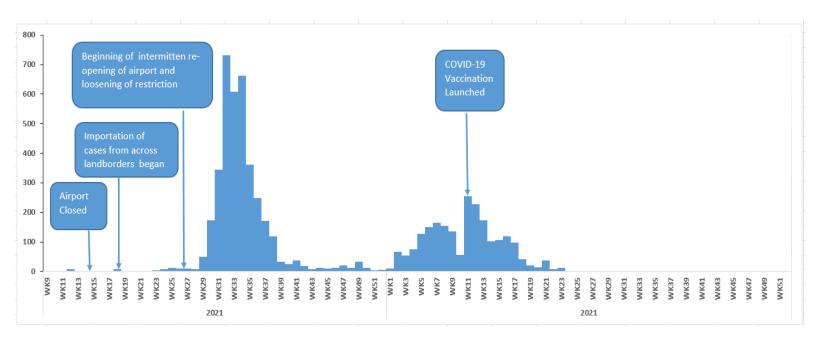


Fig. 4: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases Reported Weekly, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021*. A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases

 Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (See Fig. 4)

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		8
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		2
No. of patients recovered and discharged	5	
In Hotel Quarantine	0	7
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,231
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	0	
No. of Contacts being monitored	69	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	0	16,787
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	51
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Test (s))***	186(0)***	72,304
Positive test result (Repeat Test (s))	0(0)	6,008
Negative test result (Repeat Test (s))***	186(0)***	65,240
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Test (s))***	0(0)***	

Table 2: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

 $^{^{\}star}$ Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

^{**} Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined) * * * Includes repeat tests in bracket

^{*}as of 9th June 2021 @ 00:11. Data from WHO novel coronavirus <u>dashboard</u> and European CDC <u>situation report</u>

III. MAJOR RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

COVID-19 RISK COMMUNICATION AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT DAILY REPORT- 24/5/21 Toll Free Helpline: No. of people shared their concerns and asking Total No. of Calls reached on COVID-19 Total No. of Calls reached on COVID-19

Total No. of Calls received on toll free helpline	No. of communities reached on COVID-19 through messaging on prevention and access to services	Toll Free Helpline: No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	programme: No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	Social Media pages: No. of people react to post and or shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs
176	110	176	40	8	852

Component	Interventions						
Coordination	 Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels Gambian philanthropist and businessman have helped in improving the internet problem at National Public Health Laboratories (NPHL) 						
Surveillance/ Laboratory							
	 A total of 186 new laboratory test results received 12 from MRCG and 174 from NPHL) 						
	 Of these, no test result returned inconclusive or indeterminate, no new sample tested positive 						
Case Management / Psychosocial	No new COVID-19 related death recorded						
Support & Research / IPC	No patients was newly discharged from treatment centres						
	No new Contacts have been traced and monitored						
	 Two(2) COVID-19 patients were currently on oxygen therapy 						
	 Eighty-two(82) new clients received Psychological First Aid (PFA) Services 						

Table 3: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

		Dose 1							Dose 2						
Priority group	Fixed Outreach/		ch/Mobile	Total	AEFI			Fix	ed	Outreach/	utreach/Mobile		AEFI		
Priority group	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	Non-se	Serious		Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	Non-ser	Serious
Health Care workers	3200	2621	293	281	6395	0	3		1114	934	216	144	2408	0	0
People with pre-existing conditions	1508	1814	555	670	4547	1	. 0		555	572	63	77	1267	0	0
Community workers	4514	3077	1134	1007	9732	1	. 0		918	697	167	127	1909	0	0
65 years and above	1745	1629	739	655	4768	0	0		463	511	65	96	1135	0	0
Teacher	325	186	486	212	1209	0	0		59	49	38	16	162	0	0
Hoteliers	503	297	34	21	855	0	0		91	70	0	0	161	0	0
Security forces	866	228	264	40	1398	0	0		191	38	41	28	298	0	0
41yrs - 64yrs	196	180	97	125	598	0	0		226	186	8	9	429	0	0
18yrs - 40 yrs	339	255	141	278	1013	0	0		47	61	18	19	145	0	0
Total Cov-1	13196	10287	3743	3289	30515	2	3		3664	3118	616	516	7914	0	0

Table 4: Total National vaccinated with COVISHIELD (AstraZeneca Vaccine) by priority group as of 7th June 2021

IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Security lapses at some of the treatment centers resulting in the abscondence of patients
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Weak and unreliable internet connection at the NPHL is hampering the implementation of e-surveillance at the laboratory.
- Difficulty in accessing data on time resulting to a delay in the production of the SITREP

V. NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland.
- Expedite the process of having testing sites in CRR and NBW
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial
- More tests required in the catchment area of the MRC Keneba testing site to ascertain the extent of spread of COVID-19
- Security needs to be beefed up at all COVID-19 treatment/isolation centers to prevent the abscondence of patients
- Strengthen community-based surveillance in order to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures including the donning of appropriate PPEs at all times
- Response committee leads should endeavor to provide data to the SITREP team on time

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PARTNERS









































































