

(COVID-19)

## About Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

### Press Conference

**March 6, 2020**

Press Conference held by Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare, KATO Katsunobu, Sunday, March 1, 2020, 7:40 p.m. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

※Please click the "subtitles" in the video button, and you click the "Settings" afterwards, and choose English among "Subtitles/cc" to see English subtitles.

[Past Ministerial Conference](#)

## Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) situation within and outside the country

**As of 12:00, Mar. 6, 313 cases have been confirmed.**

○Confirmed cases in Japan

|   | PCR tested   | PCR tested positive | With symptoms    |                                  |                       |          |   |
|---|--------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---|
|   |              |                     | With no symptoms | With symptoms                    |                       |          |   |
|   |              |                     |                  | Already discharged from hospital | Currently in hospital | Death    |   |
| Domestic cases (excluding returnees by chartered flights) | 6,647 (+699) | 333 (+31)           | 31 (+5)          | 302 (+26)                        | 50 (+18)              | 246 (+8) | 6 |
| Returnees by chartered flights                            |              |                     |                  |                                  | 0                     | 0        |   |

|  |                         |                      |                    |                      |                     |                     |          |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Chartered flights<br>(Identified by quarantine policy) | 829                     | 15                   | 4                  | 11                   | 3<br>(+2)           | 2<br>(-2)           | 0        |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>7,476<br/>(+699)</b> | <b>348<br/>(+31)</b> | <b>35<br/>(+5)</b> | <b>313<br/>(+26)</b> | <b>59<br/>(+20)</b> | <b>248<br/>(+6)</b> | <b>6</b> |

- ※ 1 : Includes 291 Japanese  
 ※ 2 : All include one attendant.

**According to official government reports from other countries, as of 12:00, Mar. 6, 97,262 infectious cases and 3,380 deaths were confirmed.**

○Confirmed cases outside Japan

| Country / Region     | Confirmed Cases | Deaths |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| China*               | 80,552          | 3,042  |
| Hong Kong            | 104             | 2      |
| Macau                | 10              | 0      |
| Japan                | 348             | 6      |
| South Korea          | 6,284           | 42     |
| Taiwan               | 44              | 1      |
| Singapore            | 117             | 0      |
| Nepal                | 1               | 0      |
| Thailand             | 47              | 1      |
| Vietnam              | 16              | 0      |
| Malaysia             | 50              | 0      |
| Australia            | 66              | 3      |
| US                   | 148             | 12     |
| Canada               | 36              | 0      |
| France               | 423             | 7      |
| Germany              | 400             | 0      |
| Cambodia             | 1               | 0      |
| Sri Lanka            | 1               | 0      |
| United Arab Emirates | 28              | 0      |
| Finland              | 12              | 0      |
| Philippines          | 3               | 1      |
| India                | 30              | 0      |
| Italy                | 3,858           | 148    |
| UK                   | 115             | 1      |
| Russia               | 3               | 0      |

|                            |       |     |
|----------------------------|-------|-----|
| Sweden                     | 60    | 0   |
| Spain                      | 261   | 3   |
| Belgium                    | 23    | 0   |
| Egypt                      | 2     | 0   |
| Iran                       | 3,513 | 107 |
| Israel                     | 17    | 0   |
| Lebanon                    | 13    | 0   |
| Kuwait                     | 58    | 0   |
| Bahrain                    | 52    | 0   |
| Oman                       | 15    | 0   |
| Afghanistan                | 1     | 0   |
| Iraq                       | 36    | 2   |
| Algeria                    | 12    | 0   |
| Austria                    | 41    | 0   |
| Switzerland                | 87    | 1   |
| Croatia                    | 10    | 0   |
| Brazil                     | 8     | 0   |
| Georgia                    | 3     | 0   |
| Pakistan                   | 5     | 0   |
| North Macedonia            | 1     | 0   |
| Greece                     | 9     | 0   |
| Norway                     | 86    | 0   |
| Romania                    | 6     | 0   |
| Kingdom of Denmark         | 20    | 0   |
| Republic of Estonia        | 2     | 0   |
| Kingdom of the Netherlands | 82    | 0   |
| Republic of San Marino     | 16    | 1   |
| Lithuania                  | 1     | 0   |
| Nigeria                    | 1     | 0   |
| Iceland                    | 26    | 0   |
| Azerbaijan                 | 3     | 0   |
| Belarus                    | 6     | 0   |
| New Zealand                | 3     | 0   |
| Mexico                     | 5     | 0   |
| Qatar                      | 8     | 0   |

|                          |   |   |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Luxembourg               | 1 | 0 |
| Monaco                   | 1 | 0 |
| Ecuador                  | 7 | 0 |
| Ireland                  | 6 | 0 |
| Czech Republic           | 8 | 0 |
| Armenia                  | 1 | 0 |
| Dominican Republic       | 1 | 0 |
| Republic of Indonesia    | 2 | 0 |
| Principality of Andorra  | 1 | 0 |
| Portuguese Republic      | 7 | 0 |
| Republic of Latvia       | 1 | 0 |
| Republic of Senegal      | 4 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia             | 2 | 0 |
| Jordan                   | 1 | 0 |
| Argentina                | 1 | 0 |
| Chile                    | 4 | 0 |
| Ukraine                  | 1 | 0 |
| Morocco                  | 2 | 0 |
| Tunisia                  | 1 | 0 |
| Hungary                  | 2 | 0 |
| Liechtenstein            | 1 | 0 |
| Poland                   | 1 | 0 |
| Slovenia                 | 3 | 0 |
| Palestine                | 7 | 0 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina   | 2 | 0 |
| Republic of South Africa | 1 | 0 |
| Gibraltar                | 1 | 0 |
| Saint Martin             | 2 | 0 |
| Saint Barthelemy         | 1 | 0 |

\* China: New definition in use to diagnose since February 13 (Clinically diagnosed cases are now included in Hubei)

## Government measures

### 1. The Basic Policies

On February 25, "Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" decided by the Headquarters for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control. This policy summarizes the measures that are currently being taken and the perspectives of possible future measures to be taken to respond to future development.

[Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control](#)[151KB]

## **【Press Conference】 Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus**

On March 2, Government Officials and Experts held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Global Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare

SUZUKI Tadaki M.D., Ph.D. Director, Department of Pathology, National Institute of Infectious Diseases

OSUMI Yo Deputy Director-General/ Deputy Assistant Minister, Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary/ Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

INATSU Toshinobu Immigration Services Agency/ Deputy Director, Border Management Division

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases Office for Pandemic Influenza and Infectious Diseases Preparedness and Response, Cabinet Secretariat

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows;

YouTube video:[Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus](#)

## **2. Measures for preventing outbreaks**

In Japan, sporadic cases of small numbers of patients have been observed.

At this stage, the spread of infection can be prevented by tracing the route of transmission, especially for close contacts.

The important thing is to minimize the spread of infection in the country by preventing one cluster of patients from creating another cluster.

Please refer to the handout below;

[Preventing Outbreaks of the Novel Coronavirus](#) [148KB]

## **3. The Cruise ship**

### **The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship “Diamond Princess” (provisional translation)**

[The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship “Diamond Princess” \(provisional translation\)](#)

 [PDF](#)  [29KB]

## **【Press Conference】 Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control**

On February 24, Experts held a press conference on the case of the novel coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Conducted by:

Members of Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease

- OMI Shigeru, M.D., Ph.D., President, Japan Community Health care Organization

- OHMAGARI Norio, M.D., Ph.D., Director, Disease Control & Prevention Center, National Center for Global Health and Medicine

- KITA Yosuke, Senior Coordinator for Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips:[Part1](#),[Part2](#),[Part3](#),[Part4](#),[Part5](#),[Part6](#),[Part7](#)

Figure: [Number of new symptomatic coronavirus infection cases and fever reports by date of onset, Cruise Ship DP, as of February](#)

[23, 2020](#)  [68KB]

## **Press Conference: Situation of the COVID-19 in the Cruise Ship "Diamond Princess"**

Press Conference on the Situation of the novel Coronavirus Disease in the Cruise Ship off the coast of Yokohama was held in the MOFA

Press Conference Room from 20:40 to 21:40 on Friday 21 February 2020.

Professor, SUZUKI Motoi, M.D., MSc., PHDC, Ph.D., of Infectious Disease Surveillance Center, National Institute of Infectious Disease and Professor, NISHIURA Hiroshi, M.D., Ph.D., DTM&H, of Social Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Hokkaido University explained the situation based on their analysis using the data obtained on the cruise ship.

Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips: [Part1](#), [Part2](#), [Part3](#), [Part4](#)



Figure 1:  [Changes in the number of new coronavirus infection cases and fever reports on the cruise ship \(as of February 19\)](#)  [374KB]



Figure 2:  [Number of COVID-19 cases with symptoms among the passengers on the Cruise ship \(by close contact status, as of 02/19/2020\)](#)  [412KB]

Figure 3:  [Number of predicted infections from one patient, by generation \(Reproduction rate\)](#)  [182KB]

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## Message to the people in Japan

### 1.Characteristics of new coronavirus infections ascertained at present (As of February 25)

<The routes of transmission>

The routes of transmission are generally through droplets and contacts. It is not thought to be caused by airborne infections.

In addition, under certain circumstances, such as when talking to many people at a short distance in confined spaces, there is the risk of spreading the infection even without coughing or sneezing.

<About infectivity>

Infectivity varies from case to case. There have been suspected cases which spread the infection to many people. Meanwhile, there are many cases where the virus did not transmit to those surrounding the infected person.

< Common symptoms and risk of developing severe>

Often, fevers or respiratory symptoms may persist for around one week, and many patients complain of strong fatigue. It has been reported that the period of hospitalization tends to be longer than that of seasonal influenza.

Those infected often present only mild symptoms, which will heal in many cases. The severity of the novel coronavirus disease is not as great as infectious diseases with extremely high mortality rates, but it does have the higher risk than seasonal influenza. The risks of developing severe symptoms are particularly high among the elderly and patients with underlying diseases.

### 2.Prevention Measures and Guide of Consultation

It is important to wash your hands frequently and to cover your mouth and nose with a tissue, or with the crook of your arm if a tissue is unavailable, when coughing or sneezing to protect yourself and others from the virus, just as you do for the common cold or the flu. We strongly recommend everyday preventive actions to help keep the virus from spreading.

If you have any of the following symptoms, please consult with the consultation center for people with potential exposure to COVID-19:

- You have had cold symptoms or a fever of 37.5°C or over for four days or more.

(including when you need to continue to take an antipyretic)

- You have a strong feeling of weariness (fatigue) or shortness of breath (difficulty breathing).

\* Please also consult with the consultation center if you are a senior citizen or have an underlying disease, and you have had the symptoms mentioned above for about two days.

If the consultation center suspects that you have been infected with the virus, it will introduce you to a medical institution where medical services for people with potential exposure to COVID-19 are available. Please visit the medical institution, wearing a facemask, and refrain from using public transportation.

※ [Eight-point list of precautions to take at home](#) [549KB]

※ [Measures against infectious diseases](#)[994KB]

※ [Washing Hands](#)[910KB]

※ [Coughing Manners](#)[951KB]

## 3.Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

[Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus \(2019-nCoV\)](#)

### Reference

#### Call centers for foreign tourists

Tourists from other countries may seek help on <https://www.japan.travel/en/plan/hotline/>

#### Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages

You can find the medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages on the following website. Click here [Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages](#)

#### WHO

[Pneumonia with unknown causes in China](#)

[WHO statement on the outbreak of pneumonia in Wuhan city, China](#)

[New coronavirus –South Korea](#)

[New coronavirus in China](#)

[International Health Regulations Emergency Committee on novel coronavirus in China](#)

#### National Institute of Infectious Diseases

[Human-to-human transmission of a new coronavirus](#)

[Details on coronavirus and information about pneumonia linked to a new coronavirus reported in Wuhan city, Hubei Province of the People's Republic of China](#)

#### Others

[National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China](#)

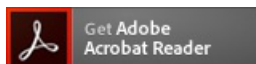
[Wuhan Municipal Health Commission](#)

[Guangdong Province Health Commission](#)

[Taiwan Centers for Disease Control - CDC](#)

[First Travel-related Case of 2019 Novel Coronavirus Detected in United States](#)

- ▶ [PDFファイルを見るためには、Adobe Readerというソフトが必要です。Adobe Readerは無料で配布されていますので、こちらからダウンロードしてください。](#)



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