



(COVID-19)

# **About Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)**

### **Press Conference**

March 10, 2020

Press Conference held by Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare, KATO Katsunobu, Tuesday, March 10, 2020, 10:14 a.m. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

\*Please click the "subtitles" in the video button, and you click the "Settings" afterwards, and choose English among "Subtitles/cc" to see English subtitles.

Past Ministerial Conference

### Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) situation within and outside the country

As of 12:00, Mar. 12, 553 cases have been confirmed.

○Confirmed cases in Japan

	PCR	lead												PCR		
	tested positiv							With symptoms							Under	tested
	e		sympt	Alread y	Need inpati				Alrea dy	Need inpati					Deat h	confir mation of the
	Gills	One:		discha rged from hospit al	ent treat ment	Curre ntly in hospit al	Waiti ng for hospit alizati on		discha rged from hospit al	ment	Mild to moder ate sympt oms	Hosp italiz ed with a venti lator or inten sive care unit	Under confir matio n	Wai ting for hos pital izati on	sympto m	
Domestic cases (excluding returnees by chartered flights)	604** <sup>1</sup> (+52)	62 (+2)	15	47 (+2)	42 (+2)	5	542 (+50)	93 (+5)	434 (+42)	229 (+35)	29 (+3)	166 (+5)	10 (-1)	15 (+3)	0	9,376 (+181)

Returnees by chartered flights (Identified by quarantine policy)	15	4	4	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	829	
Total	619 (+52)	66 (+2)	19	47 (+2)	42 (+2)	5	553 (+50)	104 (+5)	434 (+42)	229 (+35)	29 (+3)	166 (+5)	10 (-1)	15 (+3)	0	10,205 (+181)	

### The situation of occurrence of patients with COVID-19 (map)

This shows the number of the novel coronavirus infectious cases reported in Japan on a map by prefecture. Date is confirmed date. The number of patients on charter flight and cruise ship is not included.

https://mhlw-gis.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/0c5d0502bbb54f9a8dddebca003631b8

According to official government reports from other counties, as of 12:00, Mar. 12, 124,030 infectious cases and 4,599 deaths were confirmed.

#### oConfirmed cases outside Japan

Country / Region	Confirmed Cases	Deaths
China*	80,793	3,169
Hong Kong	129	3
Macau	10	0
South Korea	7,869	66
Taiwan	48	1
Singapore	178	0
Nepal	1	0
Thailand	59	1
Vietnam	38	0
Malaysia	149	0
Australia	128	3
us	1,220	36
Canada	117	1
France	2,281	48
Germany	1,567	3
Cambodia	3	0
Sri Lanka	2	0
United Arab Emirates	74	0
Finland	59	0
Philippines	49	2
India	62	1
Italy	12,462	827

UK	456	6
Russia	20	0
Sweden	461	1
Spain	2,140	48
Belgium	314	3
Egypt	60	1
Iran	9,000	354
Israel	109	0
Lebanon	61	3
Kuwait	72	0
Bahrain	118	0
Oman	18	0
Afghanistan	7	0
Iraq	71	7
Algeria	20	0
Austria	246	0
Switzerland	642	3
Croatia	19	0
Brazil	52	0
Georgia	24	0
Pakistan	19	0
North Macedonia	7	0
Greece	99	0
Norway	489	0
Romania	47	0
Kingdom of Denmark	514	0
Republic of Estonia	16	0
Kingdom of the Netherlands	503	5
Republic of San Marino	62	2
Lithuania	3	0
Nigeria	2	0
Iceland	85	0
Azerbaijan	11	0
Belarus	9	0
New Zealand	5	0
Mexico	8	0

	-	1
Qatar	262	0
Luxembourg	7	0
Monaco	1	0
Ecuador	17	0
Ireland	43	1
Czech Republic	94	0
Armenia	1	0
Dominican Republic	5	0
Republic of Indonesia	34	1
Principality of Andorra	1	0
Portuguese Republic	59	0
Republic of Latvia	10	0
Republic of Senegal	4	0
Saudi Arabia	45	0
Jordan	1	0
Argentina	19	1
Chile	23	0
Ukraine	1	0
Morocco	6	1
Tunisia	7	0
Hungary	13	0
Liechtenstein	1	0
Poland	31	0
Slovenia	57	0
Palestine	25	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	7	0
Republic of South Africa	13	0
Gibraltar	1	0
Bhutan	1	0
Cameroon	2	0
Togo	1	0
Serbia	12	0
Slovakia	10	0
Vatican	1	0
Colombia	9	0

Peru	13	0
Costa Rica	22	0
Malta	6	0
Paraguay	5	0
Bangladesh	3	0
Moldova	3	0
Bulgaria	7	1
Maldives	8	0
Brunei	11	0
Cyprus	6	0
Albania	15	1
Burkina Faso	2	0
Channel Islands	1	0
Mongolia	1	0
Panama	8	1
Bolivia	2	0
Honduras	2	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1	0
Jamaica	2	0
Republic of Turkey	1	0

\* China: New definition in use to diagnose since February 13 (Clinically diagnosed cases are now included in Hubei)

### **Government measures**

### 1. The Basic Policies

On February 25, "Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" decided by the Headquarters for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control. This policy summarizes the measures that are currently being taken and the perspectives of possible future measures to be taken to respond to future development.

<u>Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control</u>[151KB]
(Summary Version) <u>Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control</u>[103KB]

### [Press Conference] Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus

On March 2, Government Officials and Experts held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Globel Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare SUZUKI Tadaki M.D., Ph.D. Director, Department of Pathology, National Institute of Infectious Diseases OSUMI Yo Deputy Director-General/ Deputy Assistant Minister, Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary/ Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs INATSU Toshinobu Immigration Services Agency/ Deputy Director, Border Management Division

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases Office for Pandemic Influenza and Infectious Diseases Preparedness and Response, Cabinet Secretariat

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows;

YouTube video: Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus

### 2. Understanding the situation of infection

By notification by physicians under the Infections Diseases Control Law, grasp suspected disease carrier and conduct examination if it is deemed necessary by physicians.

If carrier is confirmed, conduct active epidemiological investigation based on the law and identify those who have been in close contact with the infected person.

For those who have been in close contact with infected person, the measures for preventing from spreading infection are being conducted by requesting to monitor own health condition and to refrain from leaving residence, etc..

We decided to apply medical insurance to the PCR test (on March 6). This makes it possible for medical institutions to request directory to private laboratories without going through public health centers, and further utilization of the examination capabilities of private laboratories will be achieved.

### [Press Conference] The case of the coronavirus

On March 10, Government Officials held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

#### Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Globel Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare SAITO Tomoya Director, Department of Health Crisis Management, National Institute of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

SUDA Toshiyuki Director, Environmental Health and Food Safety Planning Division, Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

TAGUCHI Kazuho Director, Office of Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

SHIMADA Shiho Director, Regional Medical Care Office, Regional Medical Care Planning Division, Health Policy Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

KATO Takuma Director, Measures on Novel Influenza Control Office, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

UMEHARA Yoshihiro Deputy Director, Inspection Division, Immigration Services Agency

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases, Cabinet Secretariat

OZAKI Sotaro, Counsellor, Embassy of Japan in South Africa (Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs)

KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary / Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretarriat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Please refer to the YouTube video and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video: Part1, Part2, Part3

Figure 1: PDF COVID-19 Clusters in Japan ( [463KB]

Figure 2: PDF Overview of the Act on Special Measures ( [416KB]

Figure 3: PDF PCR Testing system @ [431KB]

Figure 4: PDF Screenshot COVID19Map MHLW [] [1,848KB]

Figure 5: PDF Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act @ [120KB]

# 3. Measures for preventing outbreaks

In Japan, sporadic cases of small numbers of patients have been observed.

At this stage, the spread of infection can be prevented by tracing the route of transmission, especially for close contacts.

The important thing is to minimize the spread of infection in the country by preventing one cluster of patients from creating another cluster. Please refer to the handout below;

Preventing Outbreaks of the Novel Coronavirus [148KB]

# 4. Border Control Measures

........

In order to prevent 2019-nCoV from entering Japan via foreign aircraft and ships and take necessary measures related to aircraft, etc., in the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare classifies 2019-nCoV infection as "Type of infectious disease of Quarantine law article 34". This means that government is able to take measures such as inquiry and medical consultation for people entering Japan from abroad, isolation and detention of patients, disinfection for aircrafts, etc.

Based on the epidemic of this infection in other countries, as a border control measure in Japan, for arriving flights and ships from some countries, take measures to reduce the risk of domestic secondary infections by interviewing for all passengers using questionnaires, calling for self-reports by displaying posters, distributing health cards.

In the meantime, foreigners who have stayed in some areas of some countries within 14 days will be refused entering Japan under the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act, with or without symptoms, unless there are special circumstances.

Anyone who has boarded an airplane or ships arriving from China or republic of Korea and not be isolated or stopped is required to stay 14days at a location designated by the quarantine station chief and not to use public transportation in Japan. (from March 9)

To the people arriving in Japan from China and republic of Korea.

Notice by quarantine station to the persons entering Japan [440KB]

Q&A

# 5. The Cruise ship

All passengers and crews disembarked from the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" on March 1st.

XAs of March 11

	PCR tested positive *[With no symptoms]	Already discharged from hospital	Hospitalized with a ventilator or intensive care unit	Death	
Cases at the Cruise ship (Identified by quarantine policy) (3,711)	697 【328】	388	15	7	

The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" (provisional translation)

The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" (provisional translation)

PDF DE [29KB]

## [Press Conference] Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control

On February 24, Experts held a press conference on the case of the novel coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

Members of Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease

- OMI Shigeru, M.D., Ph.D., President, Japan Community Health care Organization
- OHMAGARI Norio, M.D., Ph.D., Director, Disease Control & Prevention Center, National Center for Global Health and Medicine
- KITA Yosuke, Senior Coordinator for Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips: Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4, Part5, Part6, Part7

Figure: Number of new symptomatic coronavirus infektion cases and fever reports, by date of onset, Cruise Ship DP, as of February 23,2020 [68KB]

Press Conference on the Situation of the novel Coronavirus Disease in the Cruise Ship off the coast of Yokohama was held in the MOFA Press Conference Room from 20:40 to 21:40 on Friday 21 February 2020.

Professor, SUZUKI Motoi, M.D., MSc., PHDC, Ph.D., of Infectious Disease Surveillance Center, National Institute of Infectious Disease and Professor, NISHIURA Hiroshi, M.D., Ph.D., DTM&H, of Social Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Hokkaido University explained the situation based on their analysis using the data obtained on the cruise ship.

Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips: Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4

Figure 1: Por Changes in the number of new coronavirus infection cases and fever reports on the cruise ship (as of February 19) [374KB]

Figure 2: Por Number of COVID-19 cases with symptoms among the passengers on the Cruise ship (by close contact status, as of 02/19/2020) [412KB]

Figure 3: Por Number of predicted infections from one patient, by generation (Reproduction rate) [182KB]

### Message to the people in Japan

# 1. Characteristics of new coronavirus infections ascertained at present (As of February 25)

<The routes of transmission>

The routes of transmission are generally through droplets and contacts. It is not thought to be caused by airborne infections.

In addition, under certain circumstances, such as when talking to many people at a short distance in confined spaces, there is the risk of spreading the infection even without coughing or sneezing.

<About infectivity>

Infectivity varies from case to case. There have been suspected cases which spread the infection to many people. Meanwhile, there are many cases where the virus did not transmit to those surrounding the infected person.

< Common symptoms and risk of developing severe>

Often, fevers or respiratory symptoms may persist for around one week, and many patients complain of strong fatigue. It has been reported that the period of hospitalization tends to be longer than that of seasonal influenza.

Those infected often present only mild symptoms, which will heal in many cases. The severity of the novel coronavirus disease is not as great as infectious diseases with extremely high mortality rates, but it does have the higher risk than seasonal influenza. The risks of developing severe symptoms are particularly high among the elderly and patients with underlying diseases.

# 2.Prevention Measures and Guide of Consultation

It is important to wash your hands frequently and to cover your mouth and nose with a tissue, or with the crook of your arm if a tissue is unavailable, when coughing or sneezing. To protect yourself and others from the virus, just as you do for the common cold or the flu. We strongly recommend everyday preventive actions to help keep the virus from spreading.

If you have any of the following symptoms, please consult with the consultation center for people with potential exposure to COVID-19:

- You have had cold symptoms or a fever of 37.5°C or over for four days or more. (including when you need to continue to take an antipyretic)
- You have a strong feeling of weariness (fatigue) or shortness of breath (difficulty breathing).
- \* Please also consult with the consultation center if you are a senior citizen or have an underlying disease, and you have had the symptoms mentioned above for about two days.

If the consultation center suspects that you have been infected with the virus, it will introduce you to a medical institution where medical services for people with potential exposure to COVID-19 are available. Please visit the medical institution, wearing a facemask, and refrain from using public transportation.

\* Prevention Measures COVID-19 (February 25, 2020 version) [464KB]



- \* Eight-point list of precautions to take at home [549KB]
- \* Measures against infectious diseases[994KB]
- \* Washing Hands[910KB]
- \* Coughing Manners[951KB]

### 3.Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) as of March 12, 2020

#### Reference

The CNN published at 11:00 (Japan time) on March 6

The CNN published at 11:00 (Japan time) on March 6

Call centers for foreign tourists

Tourists from other countries may seek help on https://www.japan.travel/en/plan/hotline/

# Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages

You can find the medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages on the following website. Click here <u>Medical institutions</u> offering assistance in foreign languages

## WHO

Pneumonia with unknown causes in China
WHO statement on the outbreak of pneumonia in Wuhan city, China

New coronavirus –South Korea

New coronavirus in China

International Health Regulations Emergency Committee on novel coronavirus in China

### National Institute of Infectious Diseases

Human-to-human transmission of a new coronavirus

Details on coronavirus and information about pneumonia linked to a new coronavirus reported in Wuhan city, Hubei Province of the People's Republic of China

## Others

National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China Wuhan Municipal Health Commission Guangdong Province Health Commission ▶ <u>PDFファイルを見るためには、Adobe Readerというソフトが必要です。Adobe Readerは無料で配布されていますので、こちらからダウンロードしてください。</u>



ソーシェルマディア

▲ ページの先頭へ 御意見募集やパブリックコメント 国民参加の場 テーマ別に探す 0 • 報道・広報 0 政策について • 厚生労働省について 統計情報・白書 0 0 所管の法令等 申請·募集·情報公開 0 関連リンク ▶ 他府省 ▶ 地方支分部局等 ▶ 全体的な取り組みや情報一覧 ▶ クローズアップ厚生労働省一覧 情報配信サービス 配信サービスメルマガ登録 誌「厚生労働」 ▶ 携帯版ホームページ

ソーンヤルハノイブ





- ▶ 利用規約・リンク・著作権等
- ▶ 個人情報保護方針
- ▶ 所在地案内
- ▶ アクセシビリティについて
- ▶ サイトの使い方(ヘルプ)
- ▶ RSSについて
- ▶ ホームページへのご意見



法人番号6000012070001 〒100-8916 東京都千代田区霞が関1-2-2 電話番号 03-5253-1111 (代表)

Copyright © Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, All Rights reserved.