



(COVID-19)

About Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Press Conference

March 13, 2020

Press Conference held by Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare, KATO Katsunobu, Friday, March 13, 2020, 10:06 a.m. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

*Please click the "subtitles" in the video button, and you click the "Settings" afterwards, and choose English among "Subtitles/cc" to see English subtitles.

Past Ministerial Conference

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) situation within and outside the country

As of 12:00, Mar. 16, 713 cases have been confirmed.

oConfirmed cases in Japan

	PCR															PCR
	tested positiv						With syn	nptoms							Under	tested
	e	sympt oms	Alread y discha	Need inpati				Alrea dy discha	Need inpati ent					Dea th	confir matio n of	
			rged from hospit al	ent treat ment	Curre ntly in hospit al	Waiti ng for hospit alizati on		rged from hospit al	treat ment	Mild to moder ate sympt oms	Hosp italiz ed with a venti lator or inten sive care unit	Under confir matio n	Wait ing for hos pital izati on		the sympt om	e mpt
Domestic cases (excluding returnees by chartered flights)	794*1 (+33)	74	21 (+2)	53 (-2)	48 (-2)	5	702 (+22)	128 (+5)	550 (+15)	300 (+3)	41 (+5)	194 (+4)	15 (+3)	24 (+2)	18 (+11)	12,239 (+43)
Datumass																

by chartered flights (Identified by quarantine policy)	15	4	4	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	829	
Total	809 (+33)	78	25 (+2)	53 (-2)	48 (-2)	5	713 (+22)	139 (+5)	550 (+15)	300 (+3)	41 (+5)	194 (+4)	15 (+3)	24 (+2)	18 (+11)	13,068 (+43)	

XThe number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

Hospitalization and discharge (As of 18:00, Mar. 15)

oConfirmed cases in Japan

Hospitalization and discharge

nospitalization and discharge							
[Domestic cases]	•	A	s of 18:00, Mar. 1				
PCR tested positive							
	Already discharged from hospital	Currently in hospital	Death				
8 0 9 (+32)	164 (+7)	6 2 1 (+23)	24 (+2)				
0 0 9 (+32)	From severe to moderate	24 (+2)					
[Cases at the Cruise ship]							
PCR tested positive							
(in hospital in Japan)	Already discharged from hospital	Currently in hospital	Death				
672	4 5 8	2 0 7	7				
0 7 2	From severe to moderate,	'					
Total]							
PCR tested positive							
(in hospital in Japan)	Already discharged from hospital	Currently in hospital	Death				
1 4 8 1 (+32)	6 2 2 (+7)	8 2 8 (+23)	31 (+2)				
1401 (+32)	From severe to moderate	31 (+2)					

The number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

The situation of occurrence of patients with COVID-19 (map)

This shows the number of the novel coronavirus infectious cases reported in Japan on a map by prefecture. Date is confirmed date. The number of patients on charter flight and cruise ship is not included.

https://mhlw-gis.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/0c5d0502bbb54f9a8dddebca003631b8

According to official government reports from other counties, as of 12:00, Mar. 16, 162,581 infectious cases and 6,495 deaths were confirmed.

oConfirmed cases outside Japan

s

Hong Kong	148	4
Macau	10	0
Japan	814	24
South Korea	8,236	75
Taiwan	59	1
Singapore	226	0
Nepal	1	0
Thailand	114	1
Vietnam	56	0
Malaysia	428	0
Australia	249	3
US	3,244	62
Canada	252	1
France	5,423	127
Germany	5,426	12
Cambodia	9	0
Sri Lanka	11	0
United Arab Emirates	86	0
Finland	243	0
Philippines	140	11
India	113	2
Italy	20,603	1,809
UK	1,391	35
Russia	63	0
Sweden	992	2
Spain	7,753	288
Belgium	886	3
Egypt	110	2
Iran	13,938	724
Israel	200	0
Lebanon	110	4
Kuwait	112	0
Bahrain	214	0
Oman	20	0
Afghanistan	16	0
Iraq	110	10

_ ·		<u> </u>
Algeria	48	4
Austria	800	1
Switzerland	1,559	13
Croatia	49	0
Brazil	162	0
Georgia	30	0
Pakistan	53	0
North Macedonia	14	0
Greece	228	4
Norway	1,077	1
Romania	131	0
Kingdom of Denmark	875	1
Republic of Estonia	135	0
Kingdom of the Netherlands	1,135	20
Republic of San Marino	92	5
Lithuania	12	0
Nigeria	2	0
Iceland	161	0
Azerbaijan	15	1
Belarus	27	0
New Zealand	8	0
Mexico	41	0
Qatar	337	0
Luxembourg	59	1
Monaco	2	0
Ecuador	28	2
Ireland	129	2
Czech Republic	231	0
Armenia	23	0
Dominican Republic	11	0
Republic of Indonesia	117	5
Principality of Andorra	2	0
Portuguese Republic	245	0
Republic of Latvia	30	0
Republic of Senegal	10	0

Saudi Arabia	103	0
Jordan	7	0
Argentina	45	2
Chile	61	0
Ukraine	3	1
Morocco	28	1
Tunisia	18	0
Hungary	32	1
Liechtenstein	4	0
Poland	119	3
Slovenia	219	1
Palestine	38	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	21	0
Republic of South Africa	51	0
Gibraltar	1	0
Bhutan	1	0
Cameroon	2	0
Togo	1	0
Serbia	46	0
Slovakia	54	0
Vatican	1	0
Colombia	34	0
Peru	43	0
Costa Rica	27	0
Malta	21	0
Paraguay	6	0
Bangladesh	5	0
Moldova	12	0
Bulgaria	43	2
Maldives	13	0
Brunei	50	0
Cyprus	26	0
Albania	42	1
Burkina Faso	2	0
Channel Islands	1	0
		_

Mongolia	1	0
Panama	43	1
Bolivia	10	0
Honduras	3	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2	0
Jamaica	8	0
Republic of Turkey	6	0
Ivory Coast	1	0
Guyana	6	1
Guernsey	1	0
Jersey	2	0
Cayman Islands	1	0
Cuba	4	0
Trinidad and Tobago	2	0
Sudan	1	1
Guinea	1	0
Ethiopia	1	0
Kenya	1	0
Guatemala	1	0
Venezuela	8	0
Gabon	1	0
Ghana	6	0
Antigua and Barbuda	1	0
Kazakhstan	8	0
Uruguay	4	0
Aruba	2	0
Namibia	2	0
Seychelles	2	0
Saint Lucia	1	0
Rwanda	1	0
Eswatini	1	0
Curacao	1	0
Suriname	1	0
Mauritania	1	0
Kosovo	2	0
Democratic Republic of the	1	

Congo	1	U
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1	0
Central African Republic	1	0
Uzbekistan	1	0
Equatorial Guinea	1	0
Puerto rico	3	0
Other	712	7
Total	162,581	6,495

* China: New definition in use to diagnose since February 13 (Clinically diagnosed cases are now included in Hubei)

Government measures

1. The Basic Policies

On February 25, "Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" decided by the Headquarters for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control. This policy summarizes the measures that are currently being taken and the perspectives of possible future measures to be taken to respond to future development.

Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control[151KB]

(Summary Version) Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control[103KB]

[Press Conference] Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus

On March 2, Government Officials and Experts held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Globel Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare SUZUKI Tadaki M.D., Ph.D. Director, Department of Pathology, National Institute of Infectious Diseases

OSUMI Yo Deputy Director-General/ Deputy Assistant Minister, Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary/ Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs INATSU Toshinobu Immigration Services Agency/ Deputy Director, Border Management Division

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases Office for Pandemic Influenza and Infectious Diseases Preparedness and Response, Cabinet Secretariat

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows;

YouTube video: Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus

2.Understanding the situation of infection

By notification by physicians under the Infections Diseases Control Law, grasp suspected disease carrier and conduct examination if it is deemed necessary by physicians.

If carrier is confirmed, conduct active epidemiological investigation based on the law and identify those who have been in close contact with the infected person.

For those who have been in close contact with infected person, the measures for preventing from spreading infection are being conducted by requesting to monitor own health condition and to refrain from leaving residence, etc..

We decided to apply medical insurance to the PCR test (on March 6). This makes it possible for medical institutions to request directory to private laboratories without going through public health centers, and further utilization of the examination capabilities of private laboratories will be achieved.

On March 10, Government Officials held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Globel Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare SAITO Tomoya Director, Department of Health Crisis Management, National Institute of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

SUDA Toshiyuki Director, Environmental Health and Food Safety Planning Division, Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

TAGUCHI Kazuho Director, Office of Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

SHIMADA Shiho Director, Regional Medical Care Office, Regional Medical Care Planning Division, Health Policy Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

KATO Takuma Director, Measures on Novel Influenza Control Office, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

UMEHARA Yoshihiro Deputy Director, Inspection Division, Immigration Services Agency

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases, Cabinet Secretariat

OZAKI Sotaro, Counsellor, Embassy of Japan in South Africa (Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs)

KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary / Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretarriat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Please refer to the YouTube video and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video: Part1, Part2, Part3

Figure 1: PDF COVID-19 Clusters in Japan ([463KB]

Figure 2: PDF Overview of the Act on Special Measures @ [416KB]

Figure 3: PDF PCR Testing system ([431KB]

Figure 4: PDF Screenshot COVID19Map MHLW [[1,848KB]

Figure 5: PF Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act [[120KB]

3. Measures for preventing outbreaks

In Japan, sporadic cases of small numbers of patients have been observed.

At this stage, the spread of infection can be prevented by tracing the route of transmission, especially for close contacts.

The important thing is to minimize the spread of infection in the country by preventing one cluster of patients from creating another cluster. Please refer to the handout below;

Preventing Outbreaks of the Novel Coronavirus [148KB]

Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control "Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" (As of March 9)

The Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control released "Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" summarizing the results of the study based on the analysis of the Cluster Response Team of MHLW.

In the Views, Japanese situation as of today (March 9) is not moving toward an explosive spread of infections, and appears to be somewhat holding steady. In addition, regarding measures in Hokkaido, it is difficult to estimate the effect about at least two weeks after the declaration of state of emergency in Hokkaido, and thereafter, the analysis of the effects of this measures is scheduled to be announced around March 19.

"Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" (As of March 9) [217KB]

4. Border Control Measures

In order to prevent 2019-nCoV from entering Japan via foreign aircraft and ships and take necessary measures related to aircraft, etc., in the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare classifies 2019-nCoV infection as "Type of infectious disease of Quarantine law article 34". This means that government is able to take measures such as inquiry and medical consultation for people entering Japan from abroad, isolation and detention of patients, disinfection for aircrafts, etc.

Based on the epidemic of this infection in other countries, as a border control measure in Japan, for arriving flights and ships from some

countries, take measures to reduce the risk of domestic secondary infections by interviewing for all passengers using questionnaires, calling for self-reports by displaying posters, distributing health cards.

In the meantime, foreigners who have stayed in some areas of some countries within 14 days will be refused entering Japan under the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act, with or without symptoms, unless there are special circumstances.

Anyone who has boarded an airplane or ships arriving from China or republic of Korea and not be isolated or stopped is required to stay 14days at a location designated by the quarantine station chief and not to use public transportation in Japan. (from March 9)

To the people arriving in Japan from China and republic of Korea.

Notice by quarantine station to the persons entering Japan [440KB]

Q&A

5. The Cruise ship

All passengers and crews disembarked from the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" on March 1st.

X As of 18:00, Mar. 15

	PCR tested positive **[With no symptoms]	Already discharged from hospital	Hospitalized with a ventilator or intensive care unit	Death
Cases at the Cruise ship (Identified by quarantine policy) (3,711)	712 【334】	458	15	7

The number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" (provisional translation)

The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" (provisional translation)

| PDF | 29KB |

[Press Conference] Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control

On February 24, Experts held a press conference on the case of the novel coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

Members of Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease

- OMI Shigeru, M.D., Ph.D., President, Japan Community Health care Organization
- OHMAGARI Norio, M.D., Ph.D., Director, Disease Control & Prevention Center, National Center for Global Health and Medicine
- KITA Yosuke, Senior Coordinator for Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips: Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4, Part5, Part6, Part7

Figure: Number of new symptomatic coronavirus infektion cases and fever reports, by date of onset, Cruise Ship DP, as of February 23,2020 [68KB]

Press Conference: Situation of the COVID-19 in the Cruise Ship "Diamond Princess"

Press Conference on the Situation of the novel Coronavirus Disease in the Cruise Ship off the coast of Yokohama was held in the MOFA Press Conference Room from 20:40 to 21:40 on Friday 21 February 2020.

Professor, SUZUKI Motoi, M.D., MSc., PHDC, Ph.D., of Infectious Disease Surveillance Center, National Institute of Infectious Disease and Professor, NISHIURA Hiroshi, M.D., Ph.D., DTM&H, of Social Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Hokkaido University explained the situation based on their analysis using the data obtained on the cruise ship.

Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

You lube video clips: Part I, Part 2, Part 3, Part 4

Figure 1: [PDF] Changes in the number of new coronavirus infection cases and fever reports on the cruise ship (as of February 19) [374KB]

Figure 2: Por Number of COVID-19 cases with symptoms among the passengers on the Cruise ship (by close contact status, as of 02/19/2020) [412KB]

Figure 3: ppr Number of predicted infections from one patient, by generation (Reproduction rate) [182KB]

Message to the people in Japan

1. Characteristics of new coronavirus infections ascertained at present (As of February 25)

<The routes of transmission>

The routes of transmission are generally through droplets and contacts. It is not thought to be caused by airborne infections.

In addition, under certain circumstances, such as when talking to many people at a short distance in confined spaces, there is the risk of spreading the infection even without coughing or sneezing.

<About infectivity>

Infectivity varies from case to case. There have been suspected cases which spread the infection to many people. Meanwhile, there are many cases where the virus did not transmit to those surrounding the infected person.

< Common symptoms and risk of developing severe>

Often, fevers or respiratory symptoms may persist for around one week, and many patients complain of strong fatigue. It has been reported that the period of hospitalization tends to be longer than that of seasonal influenza.

Those infected often present only mild symptoms, which will heal in many cases. The severity of the novel coronavirus disease is not as great as infectious diseases with extremely high mortality rates, but it does have the higher risk than seasonal influenza. The risks of developing severe symptoms are particularly high among the elderly and patients with underlying diseases.

2.Prevention Measures and Guide of Consultation

It is important to wash your hands frequently and to cover your mouth and nose with a tissue, or with the crook of your arm if a tissue is unavailable, when coughing or sneezing. To protect yourself and others from the virus, just as you do for the common cold or the flu. We strongly recommend everyday preventive actions to help keep the virus from spreading.

If you have any of the following symptoms, please consult with the consultation center for people with potential exposure to COVID-19:

- You have had cold symptoms or a fever of 37.5°C or over for four days or more. (including when you need to continue to take an antipyretic)
- You have a strong feeling of weariness (fatigue) or shortness of breath (difficulty breathing).
- * Please also consult with the consultation center if you are a senior citizen or have an underlying disease, and you have had the symptoms mentioned above for about two days.

If the consultation center suspects that you have been infected with the virus, it will introduce you to a medical institution where medical services for people with potential exposure to COVID-19 are available. Please visit the medical institution, wearing a facemask, and refrain from using public transportation.

* Prevention Measures COVID-19 (February 25, 2020 version) [464KB]



 When you have symptoms such as coughts and seneous, please cover your mouth and roise. If you cover rought and seneous with your hands and founders depiced around; you with those bends, there is achieved of presenting visus the objects, preser where me? <u>Constitute statestiff</u>.
 When the constitute statestiff is the constitute statestiff.
 Description, preser where me? <u>Constitute statestiff</u>.
 Seneous preservation and preservati

- * Eight-point list of precautions to take at home [549KB]
- * Measures against infectious diseases[994KB]
- * Washing Hands[910KB]
- * Coughing Manners[951KB]

3.Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) as of March 14, 2020

Reference

The CNN published at 11:00 (Japan time) on March 6

The CNN published at 11:00 (Japan time) on March 6

Call centers for foreign tourists

Tourists from other countries may seek help on https://www.japan.travel/en/plan/hotline/

Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages

You can find the medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages on the following website. Click here <u>Medical institutions</u> offering assistance in foreign languages

WHO

Pneumonia with unknown causes in China

WHO statement on the outbreak of pneumonia in Wuhan city, China

New coronavirus -South Korea

New coronavirus in China

International Health Regulations Emergency Committee on novel coronavirus in China

National Institute of Infectious Diseases

Human-to-human transmission of a new coronavirus

<u>Details on coronavirus and information about pneumonia linked to a new coronavirus reported in Wuhan city, Hubei Province of the People's Republic of China</u>

Others

National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China

Wuhan Municipal Health Commission

Guangdong Province Health Commission

Taiwan Centers for Disease Control - CDC

<u>First Travel-related Case of 2019 Novel Coronavirus Detected in United States</u>

▶ PDFファイルを見るためには、Adobe Readerというソフトが必要です。Adobe Readerは無料で配布されていますので、こちらからダウンロードしてください。



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情報配信サービス



配信サービスメルマガ登録



誌「厚生労働」

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