



returns by chartered flights (Identified by quarantine policy)	15	4	4	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	829
<b>Total</b>	<b>907 (+39)</b>	<b>100 (+4)</b>	<b>31 (+1)</b>	<b>69 (+3)</b>	<b>64 (+3)</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>805 (+36)</b>	<b>184 (+23)</b>	<b>590 (+11)</b>	<b>356 (+19)</b>	<b>49 (+3)</b>	<b>175 (-12)</b>	<b>10 (+1)</b>	<b>31 (+2)</b>	<b>2 (-1)</b>	<b>14,901 (-453)</b>

※The number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

## Hospitalization and discharge

○Confirmed cases in Japan

### Hospitalization and discharge

As of 18:00, Mar. 17

#### 【Domestic cases】

PCR tested positive	Already discharged from hospital		Currently in hospital	Death
	8 6 8 (+44)	1 9 1 (+20)	6 4 8 (+23)	2 9 (+1)
	From severe to moderate/mild symptoms 1 6 (+3)			

#### 【Cases at the Cruise ship】

PCR tested positive (in hospital in Japan)	Already discharged from hospital		Currently in hospital	Death
	6 7 2	5 2 7 (+19)	1 3 8 (-19)	7
	From severe to moderate/mild symptoms 2 8			

#### 【Total】

PCR tested positive (in hospital in Japan)	Already discharged from hospital		Currently in hospital	Death
	1 5 4 0 (+44)	7 1 8 (+39)	7 8 6 (+4)	3 6 (+1)
	From severe to moderate/mild symptoms 4 4 (+3)			

The number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

## The situation of occurrence of patients with COVID-19 (map)

This shows the number of the novel coronavirus infectious cases reported in Japan on a map by prefecture. Date is confirmed date.

The number of patients on charter flight and cruise ship is not included.

<https://mhlw-gis.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/0c5d0502bbb54f9a8dddebca003631b8>

**According to official government reports from other countries, as of 12:00, Mar. 19, 210,469 infectious cases and 8,873 deaths were confirmed.**

○Confirmed cases outside Japan

Country / Region	Confirmed Cases	Deaths
China*	80,928	3,245
Hong Kong	192	4
Macao	45	0

Macau	15	0
Japan	914	31
South Korea	8,565	91
Taiwan	100	1
Singapore	313	0
Nepal	1	0
Thailand	212	1
Vietnam	75	0
Malaysia	790	2
Australia	568	6
US	7,786	150
Canada	621	9
France	9,134	264
Germany	8,198	13
Cambodia	35	0
Sri Lanka	51	0
United Arab Emirates	113	0
Finland	336	0
Philippines	202	17
India	156	3
Italy	35,713	2,978
UK	2,626	103
Russia	147	0
Sweden	1,279	8
Spain	13,716	598
Belgium	1,486	14
Egypt	196	6
Iran	17,361	1,135
Israel	433	0
Lebanon	133	3
Kuwait	142	0
Bahrain	256	1
Oman	39	0
Afghanistan	22	0
Iraq	164	12
Algeria	74	7

Austria	1,646	4
Switzerland	2,772	21
Croatia	81	0
Brazil	372	3
Georgia	38	0
Pakistan	299	0
North Macedonia	35	0
Greece	418	5
Norway	1,423	3
Romania	260	0
Kingdom of Denmark	1,044	4
Republic of Estonia	258	0
Kingdom of the Netherlands	2,051	58
Republic of San Marino	119	11
Lithuania	27	0
Nigeria	8	0
Iceland	250	0
Azerbaijan	28	1
Belarus	51	0
New Zealand	20	0
Mexico	93	0
Qatar	452	0
Luxembourg	203	2
Monaco	7	0
Ecuador	111	2
Ireland	292	2
Czech Republic	464	0
Armenia	84	0
Dominican Republic	21	1
Republic of Indonesia	227	19
Principality of Andorra	53	0
Portuguese Republic	448	1
Republic of Latvia	71	0
Republic of Senegal	31	0
Saudi Arabia	171	0

Jordan	52	0
Argentina	79	2
Chile	238	0
Ukraine	16	2
Morocco	49	2
Tunisia	29	0
Hungary	58	1
Liechtenstein	28	0
Poland	251	5
Slovenia	275	1
Palestine	41	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	38	0
Republic of South Africa	116	0
Gibraltar	3	0
Bhutan	1	0
Cameroon	10	0
Togo	1	0
Serbia	83	0
Slovakia	105	0
Vatican	1	0
Colombia	93	0
Peru	145	0
Costa Rica	50	0
Malta	38	0
Paraguay	11	0
Bangladesh	14	1
Moldova	30	1
Bulgaria	92	2
Maldives	13	0
Brunei	68	0
Cyprus	49	0
Albania	59	2
Burkina Faso	20	1
Channel Islands	1	0
Mongolia	6	0
Panama	86	1

Country	2019	2020
Bolivia	12	0
Honduras	9	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	4	0
Jamaica	13	0
Republic of Turkey	191	2
Ivory Coast	9	0
Guyana	7	1
Guernsey	1	0
Jersey	5	0
Cayman Islands	1	0
Cuba	7	1
Trinidad and Tobago	7	0
Sudan	2	1
Guinea	1	0
Ethiopia	6	0
Kenya	3	0
Guatemala	6	1
Venezuela	36	0
Gabon	1	0
Ghana	7	0
Antigua and Barbuda	1	0
Kazakhstan	35	0
Uruguay	50	0
Aruba	4	0
Namibia	2	0
Seychelles	4	0
Saint Lucia	2	0
Rwanda	8	0
Eswatini	1	0
Curacao	3	0
Suriname	1	0
Mauritania	1	0
Kosovo	2	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1	0
Saint Vincent and the	1	0

Grenadines	1	0
Central African Republic	1	0
Uzbekistan	15	0
Equatorial Guinea	4	0
Puerto rico	3	0
Liberia	2	0
Tanzania	3	0
Greenland	1	0
Somalia	1	0
Benin	2	0
Bahamas	1	0
Montenegro	2	0
Barbados	2	0
Kyrgyz Republic	3	0
Zambia	2	0
Djibouti	1	0
Gambia	1	0
Other	712	7
Total	210,469	8,873

\* China: New definition in use to diagnose since February 13 (Clinically diagnosed cases are now included in Hubei)

## Government measures

### 1. The Basic Policies

On February 25, "Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" decided by the Headquarters for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control. This policy summarizes the measures that are currently being taken and the perspectives of possible future measures to be taken to respond to future development.

[Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control](#)[151KB]

[\(Summary Version\) Basic Policies for Novel Coronavirus Disease Control](#)[103KB]

### **【Press Conference】 Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus**

On March 2, Government Officials and Experts held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

SAHARA Yasuyuki Senior Assistant Minister for Global Health, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare

SUZUKI Tadaki M.D., Ph.D. Director, Department of Pathology, National Institute of Infectious Diseases

OSUMI Yo Deputy Director-General/ Deputy Assistant Minister, Consular Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

KAMOSHIDA Naoaki Assistant Press Secretary/ Director, International Press Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

INATSU Toshinobu Immigration Services Agency/ Deputy Director, Border Management Division

NODA Hiroyuki M.D., Ph.D. Councilor, Coordination Office of Measures on Emerging Infectious Diseases Office for Pandemic Influenza and Infectious Diseases Preparedness and Response, Cabinet Secretariat

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows:

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows,

YouTube video:[Basic Policies for Prevention and Control of the Novel Coronavirus](#)

## 2. Understanding the situation of infection

By notification by physicians under the Infections Diseases Control Law, grasp suspected disease carrier and conduct examination if it is deemed necessary by physicians.

If carrier is confirmed, conduct active epidemiological investigation based on the law and identify those who have been in close contact with the infected person.

For those who have been in close contact with infected person, the measures for preventing from spreading infection are being conducted by requesting to monitor own health condition and to refrain from leaving residence, etc..

We decided to apply medical insurance to the PCR test (on March 6). This makes it possible for medical institutions to request directory to private laboratories without going through public health centers, and further utilization of the examination capabilities of private laboratories will be achieved.

### 【Press Conference】 The case of the coronavirus

#### March 17,2020

On March 17, Government Officials held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Please refer to the YouTube video as follows:

YouTube video:[Part1,Part2,Part3](#)

#### March 10,2020

YouTube video:[Part1,Part2,Part3](#)

On March 10, Government Officials held a press conference on the case of the coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Please refer to the YouTube video and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video:[Part1,Part2,Part3](#)

Figure 1:  [COVID-19 Clusters in Japan](#)  [463KB]

Figure 2:  [Overview of the Act on Special Measures](#)  [416KB]

Figure 3:  [PCR Testing system](#)  [431KB]

Figure 4:  [Screenshot\\_COVID19Map\\_MHLW](#)  [1,848KB]

Figure 5:  [Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act](#)  [120KB]

## 3. Measures for preventing outbreaks

In Japan, sporadic cases of small numbers of patients have been observed.

At this stage, the spread of infection can be prevented by tracing the route of transmission, especially for close contacts.

The important thing is to minimize the spread of infection in the country by preventing one cluster of patients from creating another cluster.

Please refer to the handout below;

[Preventing Outbreaks of the Novel Coronavirus](#) [148KB]

### Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control "Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" (As of March 9)

The Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control released "Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" summarizing the results of the study based on the analysis of the Cluster Response Team of MHLW.

In the Views, Japanese situation as of today (March 9) is not moving toward an explosive spread of infections, and appears to be somewhat holding steady. In addition, regarding measures in Hokkaido, it is difficult to estimate the effect about at least two weeks after the declaration of state of emergency in Hokkaido, and thereafter, the analysis of the effects of this measure is scheduled to be



the declaration of state of emergency in Hokkaido, and thereafter, the analysis of the effects of this measures is scheduled to be announced around March 19.

["Views on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control" \(As of March 9\)](#) [217KB]

## 4 . Border Control Measures

In order to prevent 2019-nCoV from entering Japan via foreign aircraft and ships and take necessary measures related to aircraft, etc., in the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare classifies 2019-nCoV infection as "Type of infectious disease of Quarantine law article 34". This means that government is able to take measures such as inquiry and medical consultation for people entering Japan from abroad, isolation and detention of patients, disinfection for aircrafts, etc.

Based on the epidemic of this infection in other countries, as a border control measure in Japan, for arriving flights and ships from some countries, take measures to reduce the risk of domestic secondary infections by interviewing for all passengers using questionnaires, calling for self-reports by displaying posters, distributing health cards.

In the meantime, foreigners who have stayed in some areas of some countries within 14 days will be refused entering Japan under the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act, with or without symptoms, unless there are special circumstances.

Anyone who has boarded an airplane or ships arriving from China or republic of Korea and not be isolated or stopped is required to stay 14days at a location designated by the quarantine station chief and not to use public transportation in Japan. (from March 9)

[To the people arriving in Japan from China and republic of Korea.](#)

[Notice by quarantine station to the persons entering Japan](#)[440KB]

[Q&A](#)

## 5 . The Cruise ship

### All passengers and crews disembarked from the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" on March 1st.

※ As of 18:00, Mar. 17

	PCR tested positive ※ [With no symptoms]	Already discharged from hospital	Hospitalized with a ventilator or intensive care unit	Death
Cases at the Cruise ship (Identified by quarantine policy) (3,711)	712 【333(-1)】	527 (+19)	15	7

The number in parentheses indicates the change from the previous day.

### The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" (provisional translation)

[The infection control measures taken at the Cruise ship "Diamond Princess" \(provisional translation\)](#)

 [PDF](#)  [29KB]

### 【Press Conference】 Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease Control

On February 24, Experts held a press conference on the case of the novel coronavirus at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan. Conducted by:

Members of Expert Meeting on the Novel Coronavirus Disease

- OMI Shigeru, M.D., Ph.D., President, Japan Community Health care Organization

- OHMAGARI Norio, M.D., Ph.D., Director, Disease Control & Prevention Center, National Center for Global Health and Medicine

- KITA Yosuke, Senior Coordinator for Global Health Cooperation, International Affairs Division, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare  
Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips:[Part1](#),[Part2](#),[Part3](#),[Part4](#),[Part5](#),[Part6](#),[Part7](#)

Figure: [Number of new symptomatic coronavirus infection cases and fever reports, by date of onset, Cruise Ship DP, as of February 23, 2020](#)  [68KB]

## Press Conference: Situation of the COVID-19 in the Cruise Ship "Diamond Princess"

Press Conference on the Situation of the novel Coronavirus Disease in the Cruise Ship off the coast of Yokohama was held in the MOFA Press Conference Room from 20:40 to 21:40 on Friday 21 February 2020.

Professor, SUZUKI Motoi, M.D., MSc., PHDC, Ph.D., of Infectious Disease Surveillance Center, National Institute of Infectious Disease and Professor, NISHIURA Hiroshi, M.D., Ph.D., DTM&H, of Social Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Hokkaido University explained the situation based on their analysis using the data obtained on the cruise ship.

Please refer to the YouTube video clips and figures used in their explanation as follows;

YouTube video clips:[Part1](#),[Part2](#),[Part3](#),[Part4](#)



Figure 1:  [Changes in the number of new coronavirus infection cases and fever reports on the cruise ship \(as of February 19\)](#)  [374KB]

Figure 2:  [Number of COVID-19 cases with symptoms among the passengers on the Cruise ship \(by close contact status, as of 02/19/2020\)](#)  [412KB]

Figure 3:  [Number of predicted infections from one patient, by generation \(Reproduction rate\)](#)  [182KB]

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## Message to the people in Japan

### 1.Characteristics of new coronavirus infections ascertained at present (As of February 25)

<The routes of transmission>

The routes of transmission are generally through droplets and contacts. It is not thought to be caused by airborne infections.

In addition, under certain circumstances, such as when talking to many people at a short distance in confined spaces, there is the risk of spreading the infection even without coughing or sneezing.

<About infectivity>

Infectivity varies from case to case. There have been suspected cases which spread the infection to many people. Meanwhile, there are many cases where the virus did not transmit to those surrounding the infected person.

< Common symptoms and risk of developing severe>

Often, fevers or respiratory symptoms may persist for around one week, and many patients complain of strong fatigue. It has been reported that the period of hospitalization tends to be longer than that of seasonal influenza.

Those infected often present only mild symptoms, which will heal in many cases. The severity of the novel coronavirus disease is not as great as infectious diseases with extremely high mortality rates, but it does have the higher risk than seasonal influenza. The risks of developing severe symptoms are particularly high among the elderly and patients with underlying diseases.

### 2.Prevention Measures and Guide of Consultation

It is important to wash your hands frequently and to cover your mouth and nose with a tissue, or with the crook of your arm if a tissue is unavailable, when coughing or sneezing. To protect yourself and others from the virus, just as you do for the common cold or the flu. We strongly recommend everyday preventive actions to help keep the virus from spreading.

If you have any of the following symptoms, please consult with the consultation center for people with potential exposure to COVID-19:

- You have had cold symptoms or a fever of 37.5°C or over for four days or more.

(including when you need to continue to take an antipyretic)

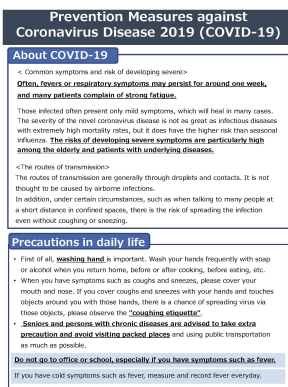
- You have a strong feeling of weariness (fatigue) or shortness of breath (difficulty breathing)

- You have a strong feeling of weakness (fatigue) or shortness of breath (difficulty breathing).

\* Please also consult with the consultation center if you are a senior citizen or have an underlying disease, and you have had the symptoms mentioned above for about two days.

If the consultation center suspects that you have been infected with the virus, it will introduce you to a medical institution where medical services for people with potential exposure to COVID-19 are available. Please visit the medical institution, wearing a facemask, and refrain from using public transportation.

※ [Prevention Measures COVID-19](#) (February 25, 2020 version) [464KB]



※ [Eight-point list of precautions to take at home](#) [549KB]

※ [Measures against infectious diseases](#)[994KB]

※ [Washing Hands](#)[910KB]

※ [Coughing Manners](#)[951KB]

## 3.Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

[Q & A on 2019 Novel Coronavirus \(2019-nCoV\)](#) as of March 14, 2020

## Reference

### The CNN published at 11:00 (Japan time) on March 6

[The CNN published at 11:00 \(Japan time\) on March 6](#)

### Call centers for foreign tourists

[Tourists from other countries may seek help on https://www.japan.travel/en/plan/hotline/](https://www.japan.travel/en/plan/hotline/)

### Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages

You can find the medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages on the following website. Click here [Medical institutions offering assistance in foreign languages](#)

## WHO

[Pneumonia with unknown causes in China](#)

[WHO statement on the outbreak of pneumonia in Wuhan city, China](#)

[New coronavirus –South Korea](#)

[New coronavirus in China](#)

[International Health Regulations Emergency Committee on novel coronavirus in China](#)

## National Institute of Infectious Diseases

[Human-to-human transmission of a new coronavirus](#)

[human-to-human transmission of a new coronavirus](#)

[Details on coronavirus and information about pneumonia linked to a new coronavirus reported in Wuhan city, Hubei Province of the People's Republic of China](#)

## Others

[National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China](#)

[Wuhan Municipal Health Commission](#)

[Guangdong Province Health Commission](#)

[Taiwan Centers for Disease Control - CDC](#)

[First Travel-related Case of 2019 Novel Coronavirus Detected in United States](#)

▶ [PDFファイルを見るためには、Adobe Readerというソフトが必要です。Adobe Readerは無料で配布されていますので、こちらからダウンロードしてください。](#)



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法人番号6000012070001

〒100-8916 東京都千代田区霞が関1-2-2

電話番号 03-5253-1111 (代表)

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