

New coronavirus



Version: 9.3.2020

The coronavirus can pose a serious threat to people over the age of 65 and younger people with pre-existing medical conditions. New recommendations for the workplace should help to protect these groups. Find out about the current situation in Switzerland and internationally.

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Coronavirus infoline

+41 58 463 00 00, daily 24 hours

There is currently high demand for advice and information. We have increased the number of Infoline call handlers, but callers may still experience lengthy delays before getting through. Thank you for your patience.

Information for travellers

www.safetravel.ch 

(in German or French)

Current situation in Switzerland

Confirmed in Switzerland

9.3.2020, 12 pm:

Infections with the new coronavirus **have been confirmed**: 312 persons

All those infected with the virus have been placed in isolation. The public health authorities are contacting people who have been in close contact with those infected.

Reports of diseases from: the cantons Aargau, Appenzell Ausserrhoden, Basel Land, Basel Stadt, Bern, Fribourg, Geneva, Graubünden, Jura, Lucerne, Neuchâtel, Schwyz, Solothurn, St. Gallen, Ticino, Thurgau, Vaud, Valais, Zug, Zurich and from the Principality of Liechtenstein.

A number of people are in quarantine in their canton of residence. They must stay at home and avoid contact with other people.

8.3.2020:

Switzerland recorded its second death attributed to the coronavirus; a 76-year-old man from the canton of Basel-Landschaft. The FOPH is in contact with the authorities of the Canton of Basel-Land.

5.3.2020:

Switzerland recorded its first death attributed to the coronavirus; a 74-year-old woman from the canton of Vaud. The FOPH is in contact with the Vaud cantonal authorities.

The top priority for the Swiss Federal Council is the health of the public.

The aim should be to make sure that people are better protected from the novel coronavirus, especially those who are at a higher risk of becoming severely ill. We can all help by following the recommendations (both the new ones and those issued previously):

- **Keep your distance** – for example: Protect elderly people by keeping adequate distance from them; Keep your distance when queuing or waiting in line; Keep your distance at meetings.
- **Wash your hands thoroughly.**
- **Avoid shaking hands.**
- **Cough and sneeze into a tissue or the crook of your arm.**
- **If you have a fever and are coughing, stay at home.**
- **Only go to the doctor or A&E once you have notified them by phone.**

You will find detailed information on the “[Protect yourself and others](#)” site or at www.bag-coronavirus.

Recommendations for the workplace

The new coronavirus can pose a serious threat to people over the age of 65 and younger people with pre-existing medical conditions. The [recommendations for the workplace](#) are aimed at helping to protect these groups.

Federal government measures

In view of the current situation and the spread of the coronavirus, the Federal Council has categorised **the situation** in Switzerland as **special** in terms of the Epidemics Act. Large-scale events involving more than 1000 people are to be banned. The ban will apply at least until 15 March 2020. The cantonal authorities decide on events with less than 1000 participants. Further information can be found under [Federal government measures](#).

This measure should prevent or delay the spread of the disease in Switzerland, thus reducing its momentum.

No travel restrictions for entry into Switzerland

There are no travel restrictions for entry into Switzerland.

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Current situation – International

As of 9 March 2020, 7am: 7,375 cases of new coronavirus have been confirmed in Italy. Of those, 366 people are known to have died. For Italy as for all other areas concerned, travellers should inform themselves about the local situation.

Cases of new coronavirus infections have been confirmed in China and in more than 100 further countries or regions.

Globally over 110,000 people are confirmed to have been infected with the new coronavirus. In the majority of cases the illness is mild. However, older people could become seriously ill. 3,825 people are known to have died, 706 outside of mainland China. Totally more than 61,000 people have been recovered again.

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People at especially high risk and progression of the disease

People aged over 65 and those with one of the following pre-existing conditions are at a higher risk of becoming severely ill:

- High blood pressure
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular disease
- Chronic respiratory diseases
- Conditions and therapies that weaken the immune system
- Cancer

The way the novel coronavirus disease progresses can vary widely. Some people, for example, have only mild symptoms and hardly notice that they're ill. Others need intensive care in hospital.

To find out how we can protect ourselves and others from infection, please see the [Protect yourself and others site](#).

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Information campaign ‘Protect yourself and others’

We can protect ourselves and others from becoming infected with the new coronavirus by following a number of rules on hygiene and how to behave around others. You can find more information here: [Protect yourself and others](#).

COVID-19

On 11 February 2020 the WHO gave the disease caused by the new coronavirus an official name: **COVID-19**, short for coronavirus disease 2019.

Origins of the new coronavirus

The coronavirus epidemic in China probably originated at a market in the central Chinese city of Wuhan where bats, snakes and other wild animals were traded in addition to fish. The virus was transmitted from animals to humans. Since then the virus has been transmitted from person to person. The Chinese authorities have closed the market.

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Press conference

Further information

New coronavirus: Federal government measures

The Federal Council's highest priority is to protect the public. It has declared that a 'special situation' exists in Switzerland. As a result, the federal government can introduce special measures such as banning large-scale events.

New coronavirus: Protect yourself and others

How can you protect yourself against the new coronavirus? You can find out just how to do that in the section on 'How to protect yourself and others'. Follow the rules on hygiene and what to do if you experience symptoms.

New coronavirus: Recommendations for the workplace

The new coronavirus can pose a risk to people over the age of 65 and to people with pre-existing medical conditions. Their protection is the main aim of these recommendations for the workplace. However, the recommendations apply to all employers and employees.

New coronavirus: Recommendations for travellers

There is a risk of becoming infected with the new coronavirus in almost all parts of the world. The WHO has not yet issued any travel restrictions. Many airports have introduced stricter passenger monitoring procedures. You can find advice on what to be aware of here.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) about the new coronavirus

Do you have any questions regarding the risk of infection, travel and tourism, symptoms, diagnosis and treatment, and protecting yourself from infection? You will find many answers here.

Documents

Links

Information in other languages

 [فيروس كورونا الجديد](#) (PDF, 551 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [新冠肺炎病毒](#) (PDF, 563 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [Nuevo coronavirus: ¿Qué puede hacer?](#) (PDF, 527 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [Novo coronavírus: O que pode fazer?](#) (PDF, 532 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [Novi koronavirus: Šta možete da uradite?](#) (PDF, 571 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [Koronavirus i ri: Çfarë mund të bëni?](#) (PDF, 522 kB, 06.03.2020)

 [Yeni Corona Virüsü: Ne yapabilirsiniz?](#) (PDF, 550 kB, 06.03.2020)

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[Supplementary information on data use](#)

[Legal framework](#)