

#### Thailand situation update on 3 June 2020

### 1. International Situation

As of 3 June 2020, there were a total of 6,468,084 confirmed cases with 54,515 patients in critical condition and 382,774 COVID-19 deaths across more than 210 countries, two Special Administrative Regions of the People's Republic of China (Hong Kong and Macau), and on cruise ships. The ten countries with the most confirmed COVID-19 cases include: the United States (1,881,205), Brazil (558,237),899 I Russia (432,277), Spain (287,012), England (277,985), Italy (233,515), India (208,252), Germany (184,091), Peru (174,884) and Turkey (165,555). The 17th is the People's Republic of China (84,160 cases, as well as 1,094 and 45 cases in the Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong and Macau, respectively).

#### 2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

#### 2.1 Surveillance Protocol for COVID-19

The accumulated data from 3 January to 2 June 2020 showed that among 39,770 flights, there were a total of 4,449,628 passengers screened. Among those, 1,414 people met the case definition criteria of patients under investigation (PUI). Outside of the airports, 148,462 people from 2,726 ships were screened at seaports between 1 January and 2 June 2020, and two people met the PUI criteria. There were 1,993,773 people screened at ground ports between 1 February to 2 June 2020. Between 30 January to 2 June 2020, a total of 189,108 people who were renewing their passports were screened at the Government Complex Commemorating His Majesty at Chaengwattana Road. The total number of PUI from all ports is currently 1,416 people.

2.2 Situation of Patients with Suspected Symptoms of COVID-19 in Thailand.

On 2 June 2020 at 18:00, Thailand announced that 4,405 additional people met the criteria for PUI, raising the total to 212,098 PUI, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Results of screening implementation to detect patients with suspected symptoms of COVID-19

Situation	Total number of PUI
Total number of people who met the criteria of patients under investigation (PUI) divided by ports	212,098
Detected from the airport screening	1,414
Detected from seaports	2
Sought medical services on their own at hospitals	210,594
<ul> <li>Notified by hotel residences, the Erawan Medical Center, local universities, tour groups and U-Tapao</li> </ul>	88



Situation	Total number of PUI
Confirmed cases	3,084
Recovered and discharged from hospitals	2,968
Undergoing Treatment	58
Deaths	58
Characteristics of Infection in Confirmed cases	3,084
Local Transmission	2,444
Imported Cases	640
- Designated Quarantine Places*	147

Notice: \*The quarantine measures for travelers from aboard have been in effect as of 3 April 2020

In Thailand, there have been 3,084 confirmed COVID-19 cases. Among the confirmed cases, 2,968 patients have recovered and returned home, and 58 patients have died.

A 14-day State Quarantine measure has been implemented by the government for travelers entering Thailand from abroad. On 3 June 2020, <u>one additional case</u> was reported, and the total number of cases at designated quarantine areas increased to 147 cases. There were 62 cases among Thai people returning from Indonesia, 17 cases from Kuwait, 10 cases from Pakistan, 10 cases from <u>Saudi Arabia</u>, seven cases from America, seven cases from Qatar, six cases from the United of Arab Emirates, four cases from Malaysia, four cases from Russia, three cases from Egypt, three cases from India, two cases from England, two cases from Kazakhstan, two cases from Japan, two cases from Turkey, one case from the Netherlands, one case from Bahrain, and one case from the Philippines. All Thai people returning from abroad are required to comply with State Quarantine measures, meaning they have to quarantine in specific provinces; in total there are 30 cases quarantined in Bangkok, 27 cases in Chonburi, 23 cases in Songkhla, 18 cases in Satun, 14 cases in Samut Prakan, 13 cases in Pattani, 9 cases in Yala, 8 cases in Narathiwat, and 3 cases in Krabi.

On 8 May 2020, 65 confirmed cases were found at the immigration quarantine unit at Sadao district in Songkhla province (37 cases were Burmese, 20 cases were stateless Rohingya, 3 cases were Vietnamese, 2 cases were Malaysian, 1 case was Yemeni, 1 case was Cambodian, and 1 case was Indian).

The median age of the confirmed cases is 37 years old (ranging from 1 month to 97 years old). 1,690 cases are male, and 1,394 cases are female (the ratio of male to female: 1.21:1).

In terms of nationality, 2,748 cases are Thai, 56 are Burmese, 35 are Chinese, 29 are French, 24 are British, 20 cases are Stateless Rohingya, 12 are Russian, 13 are American, 11 are Japanese, nine are Indian, nine are German, eight are Canadian, eight are Italian, six are Swedish, six are Belgian, six are Swiss, five are Danish, five are Filipino, five are Singaporean, four are Pakistani, four are Australian, four are Malaysian, four are Vietnamese, three are South Korean, three are Indonesian, three are Cambodian, two are Kazakh, two are Brazilian, two are Laos, two are New Zealander (one case is Maori), two are Spanish, two are



Israeli, two are Albanian, one is American-Samoa, one is Malian, one is Kuwaiti, one is Serbian, one is Tunisian, one is Taiwanese, one is Dutch, one is Palestinian, one is Portuguese, one is Finnish, one is Mexican, one is Ukrainian, one is Yemeni, one is Liberian, one is Thai-Indian, one is Iranian, one is Uzbek, one is Hungarian, and data is not available for the remaining 14 cases.

141 cases were reported with underlying diseases and 2,943 cases reported without any underlying disease. 40 cases were detected from the screening protocol at airports (one case was found within the group of Thai workers returning from Wuhan). 1,588 cases sought medical treatment by themselves, 1,189 cases were tracked via case investigation and defined as "close contacts". A total of 55 confirmed cases were found from the active case finding measures.

### 3. Thailand Precautions

- The Department of Health, Ministry of Public Health provided the guidance for early childhood development centers according to the COVID-19 preventive measures. Pick-up service points should be set up at specific areas and outsiders are prohibited from entering the center. Designated stations for temperature measurement, hand and foot washing, changing baby clothes as well as cleaning preparation (of areas, equipment, and vehicles) should also be provided. Moreover, physical distancing should be implemented for activity spaces, sleeping areas and eating areas. Teachers and babysitters should clean their bodies before working, wear a mask whenever they are with children and if they have any sign of illness, they should stop working and see a doctor immediately.
- The Department of Mental Health expedited the process to develop the program "Vaccine for the Family" which will create "mental immunization" during the COVID-19 crisis. the aforementioned program comprises of three main powers:

1. Positive power: Families can see the positive side of the situation in order to find the solution of each difficult problem.

2. Flexible power: Families are flexible to adapt themselves (e.g. roles, goals, way of life) to help other members in the family.

3. Harmony power: Families have a solidarity and good collaboration to face and solve all incoming problems.

- The program "Vaccine for the Family" is an easy and fun activity that every family member can do. This kind of program will help families have mental immunization. It will be the armor preventing families from having mental problems and helping families to face their problems effectively. This will also be good for the community since the family unit is the cornerstone of the community.
- Manicure salons in the shopping mall can re-open for customers and they should be equipped with safety measures including maintaining distance, washing equipment under boiling bath (120-150 degrees Celsius), and sterilizing equipment with a UV sterilizer oven. Staff should wear protective suits, gloves and masks, and use hand-alcohol gel.



Customers have to make appointments in advance. These activities have been implemented according to safety measures of the government policies.

### 4. Risk Communication to the Public

- The measures, including disease screening, isolation, quarantine or quarantine for observation to control and prevent the disease are implemented among passengers departing from areas or countries affected by COVID-19.
- In cases where it is necessary to make contact with other people, please wear a mask and maintain a distance of at least 1 meter between yourself and the other person when interacting with others. It is also recommended to only make contact with people for only a short period.
- Regularly wash hands with water and soap or use alcohol gel. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with your hands.
- Do not use or share personal stuff with others (i.e. handkerchiefs, glasses, and towels) since pathogens causing respiratory disease can be transmitted to other people through secretions.
- Avoid eating raw food.