

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

Situation Report – 196

Data as received by WHO from national authorities by 10:00 CEST, 3 August 2020

Highlights

[WHO has published a COVID-19 Preparedness and Response Progress Report](#). The report highlights the progress made from 1 February to 30 June 2020 under the three objectives outlined in the Strategic Response and Preparedness Plan: scaling up international coordination and support; scaling up country preparedness and response by pillar; and accelerating research and innovation.

"Immune systems are compromised by malnutrition, especially in the case of children, leaving them vulnerable to infectious diseases, including COVID-19," said Salah Alshaoof, a nutrition and health professional at the WHO-supported therapeutic feeding centre in Yemen. [WHO has provided support to 90 therapeutic feeding centres in Yemen with support from Italy and other donors](#).

[Robots are being used in Rwanda in the fight against COVID-19](#). The 5 human-size robots which were acquired through a partnership between the UNDP Rwanda Accelerator Lab and the Ministry of ICT and Innovation were launched in May 2020 at the Kanyinya COVID-19 Treatment Centre. As the Kigali International Airport in Rwanda will be reopened for commercial international flights from 1 August, one of the robots - Urumuri - will be used to facilitate the faster screenings of passenger's body temperature.

Today we present a 'Subject in Focus' update summarizing how WHO and partners of the Global Outbreak Alert and Response Network and the Global Health Cluster are working to provide support the COVID-19 response. A global epidemiological overview of COVID-19: for the week ending 2 August, is also presented.

Situation in numbers (by WHO Region)

Total (new cases in last 24 hours)

Globally	17 918 582 cases (257 677)	686 703 deaths (5 810)
Africa	815 996 cases (13 204)	14 062 deaths (283)
Americas	9 630 598 cases (153 835)	363 162 deaths (3 982)
Eastern Mediterranean	1 564 836 cases (10 771)	40 782 deaths (396)
Europe	3 391 779 cases (15 862)	213 559 deaths (276)
South-East Asia	2 187 015 cases (55 850)	46 675 deaths (838)
Western Pacific	327 617 cases (8 155)	8 450 deaths (35)

Subject in Focus: Supporting the COVID-19 response through the Global Outbreak Alert and Response Network and the Global Health Cluster

Since the beginning of January 2020, WHO and partners of the Global Outbreak Alert and Response Network (GOARN) have shared information on alerts, risk assessments, collaborated on the development of response plans, and provided country support. Weekly teleconferences have supported the coordination and engagement of the Steering Committee, and major COVID response partners and stakeholders.

WHO and GOARN partners and networks include the Emerging Diseases Clinical Assessment and Response Network, Global Infection and Prevention Control Network, Emerging and Dangerous Pathogens Laboratory Network and COVID laboratory networks, contact tracing network and the new Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) common services collective. The partnership has been working continuously to provide operational and technical support to countries. Where possible, this has involved direct deployment of international support as well as help through virtual platforms.

As of 3 August 2020, 588 offers of support from over 50 institutions and networks have been received from GOARN partners; of these 86 experts have been deployed have been conducted, with 23 currently deployed in the field and/ or providing virtual support, and an additional 10 deployments in process. Heavy restrictions and quarantine requirements related to international air transport travel have had a major impact on the deployment of international support.

GOARN is supporting evidence-based COVID-19 responses through the support of operational research. This includes leadership of the COVID-19 Research Roadmap Social Science Working Group, which includes a multi-disciplinary team of over 100 researchers currently working in six subgroups: home care, health systems and policy, good participatory practice, evidence to policy, healthcare worker infection prevention and control and Intensive care unit resource allocation. Partners are supporting the WHO Science Office to improve coordination and curation of COVID-19 evidence, primarily through the [Librarian Reserve Corps](#) (LRC). On a daily basis, the LRC is supporting the alignment of publication databases, performs real-time and urgent evidence searches, and conducts systematic reviews.

Focal points are embedded in seven technical or operational pillars to link GOARN research assets to support operational research needs at global, regional and country levels with ongoing support for 5 technical guidance documents and 4 studies.

The network supports the coordination of the Global RCCE Collaboration for COVID-19 involving WHO, UNICEF and IFRC as lead agencies in the response, alongside wider community of RCCE response partners. GOARN hosts weekly global coordination for the RCCE COVID-19 response and has established a virtual platform for the community. Since the start of the outbreak this has enabled the development of Global GOARN RCCE response strategy, multiple guidance and tools, active engagement of regional and country response partners in sharing experiences and knowledge on a timely manner and strengthened RCCE operational coordination. Currently, over 55 RCCE partners are collaborating on the COVID-19 response as a result of this support from all regions of the world. The GOARN steering committee has supported the engagement of GOARN in the Global Collective Service model agreed by UNICEF, WHO and IFRC to be the framework through which to develop the RCCE collaboration further. The collective service will benefit from the full support of GOARN beyond coordination and networking, to capacity building, training, operational research and response deployments. GOARN has also been instrumental in bringing the operational social science and RCCE areas of work together in response via the close collaboration of GOARN leadership of the WHO R&D Blueprint social science working group and the social sciences subgroup set up in the global collaboration. The goal is to ensure that all response interventions involving communities and individual behaviours are fully informed by evidence and integrated across the response pillars to ensure maximum effectiveness and impact of interventions and remove redundancy and inefficiencies in the current approach.

Go.data is a core element of WHO and GOARN activities to support contact tracing capacity. Between January and July 2020, over 450 requests for information and support have been addressed. Worldwide, 55 projects are implementing Go.Data as part of contact tracing and response. Virtual trainings and briefings, together with user support for epidemiology, analytics, interoperability and IT are regularly provided to partners and countries. In addition, the recently launched [Go.Data community](#) of practice is becoming a main point of communication for users and a resource for the latest information and documentation.

The [GOARN COVID-19 Knowledge Hub](#) is curated by partners, including UN agencies, international and national NGOs, academic institutions and consortiums. The Knowledge Hub is a public platform for access to the best resources available to support pandemic response. It was developed to ensure that countries have access to the best information available given the deluge and fast paced production of information during this pandemic. The Knowledge Hub offers multidisciplinary information on COVID-19 for a variety of audiences from policy makers to responders, researchers, educators, affected communities and the general public.

The Global Health Cluster has [contributed to the July update](#) of the Global Humanitarian Response Plan (GHRP), advocating for the needs of affected people and implementing partners across the 28 country and 2 regional Health Clusters. Among other activities, Country Health Clusters and partners are responding to the uptick in GBV in the COVID-19 context ([Iraq Health Cluster](#)) and protecting essential health services ([Yemen Health Cluster](#)). The [Global Health Cluster](#) is continuing to co-lead the Global Information Management, Assessment & Analysis Cell on COVID-19 ([GIMAC](#)) and provides technical support for field requests.

The Global Health Cluster [COVID-19 Task Team](#) continues to work with partners to strengthen coordination and effectiveness in the COVID-19 response. Four peer groups were established to develop tools and key messages on the following topics: gender-based violence and health, case management, prioritization of essential health services and an ethical framework for humanitarian settings. To further inform their work, the Task Team will be conducting in-depth case studies in six countries to identify operational challenges and technical gaps. Task Team partner, Harvard Humanitarian Initiative, will be conducting interviews in Arabic, Bengali, English and French with between 10 and 12 key informants per country in Bangladesh (Cox's Bazar), Burkina Faso, Chad, Iraq, Nigeria (north-eastern region) and Yemen.

Global epidemiological overview of COVID-19: week ending 2 August

Global overview

Through the week ending 2 August, 17.6 million confirmed COVID-19 cases, including more than 680 000 deaths have been reported to WHO. Over the past seven days, the pandemic has continued to accelerate with almost 1.8 million new cases and 40 thousand new deaths reported – a daily average of 256 294 cases and 5675 deaths per day. It took only 4 days for the number of cases to increase from 16 million to 17 million.

The WHO Region of the Americas remains the hardest-hit, contributing over half (54%) of all newly confirmed cases reported and deaths during the past week (Table 1). The Southeast Asian and Western Pacific regions also continued to see substantial increases in confirmed cases and deaths. Among all the countries, territories, and areas reporting confirmed cases, the United States of America, Brazil, and India remain the top three most affected countries in the past seven days.

Table 1. Number of confirmed cases and deaths reported in the last 7 days, by WHO regions: data as of the week ending 2 August 2020

WHO Region	New cases in past 7 days: number (%)	% change in new cases in past 7 days*	New deaths in past 7 days: number (%)	% change in new deaths in past 7 days*
Americas	1 016 718 (56.7%)	0.8%	25 456 (64.1%)	-7.5%
South-East Asia	398 917 (22.2%)	17.0%	6051 (15.2%)	-3.1%
Europe	152 613 (8.5%)	-2.1%	3004 (7.6%)	-6.3%
Africa	106 585 (5.9%)	-9.0%	2071 (5.2%)	-4.2%
Eastern Mediterranean	84 086 (4.7%)	-11.9%	2904 (7.3%)	-10.8%
Western Pacific	35 141 (2.0%)	45.5%	238 (0.6%)	38.4%
Global	1 794 060 (100.0%)	3.0%	39 724 (100.0%)	-6.7%

* Percent change in the number of newly confirmed cases/deaths in past 7 days, compared to 7 days prior.

As countries have eased public health and social measures, implemented to limit transmission of the virus, a number of these countries have observed clusters or resurgences of cases. Risks and vulnerabilities are further magnified in fragile, low-resource and conflict-affected settings.

Situation by WHO Region

As of 2 August, in the Region of the Americas/PAHO, over 9.4 million cases and 350 000 deaths have been reported as of 2 August, including 1 million new cases in the past week. The United States and Brazil remained the most affected countries, collectively accounting for 75% of cumulative cases and 59% of deaths in the region in the past seven days – or 41% of cases and 36% of deaths globally to date. Colombia, Mexico, Peru and Argentina also reported substantial increases.

In Southeast Asian Region, the number of confirmed cases has increased by 17% while deaths have decreased by 3%, in the past 7 days. India and Bangladesh continue to report the majority of cases, collectively accounting for 96% of all regional confirmed cases as of 2 August and 96% of cases in the past 7 days. Monsoon rains and flooding are affecting surveillance, testing and control efforts within these countries.

The European Region, continues to show relatively smaller fluctuations in reported cases and deaths. Russia, Spain, and Kazakhstan reported the majority of newly reported cases over the past week. Increases in many countries have been partly attributed to large gatherings and the lack of observance of social distancing measures.

In the African Region, the number of incident confirmed cases and death decreased in the past 7 days. This is primarily due to early declines observed in South Africa. South Africa has contributed almost two third of the regions cases and deaths to date, reporting over 69 000 new cases and almost 1500 new deaths in past week. In addition, substantial increases were recorded in Algeria, Ethiopia, Kenya, and Ghana in the past seven days. There have been multiple reports across the region of hospital systems being overwhelmed and under resourced medical staff, as the number of confirmed cases and individuals requiring hospitalization continues to grow.

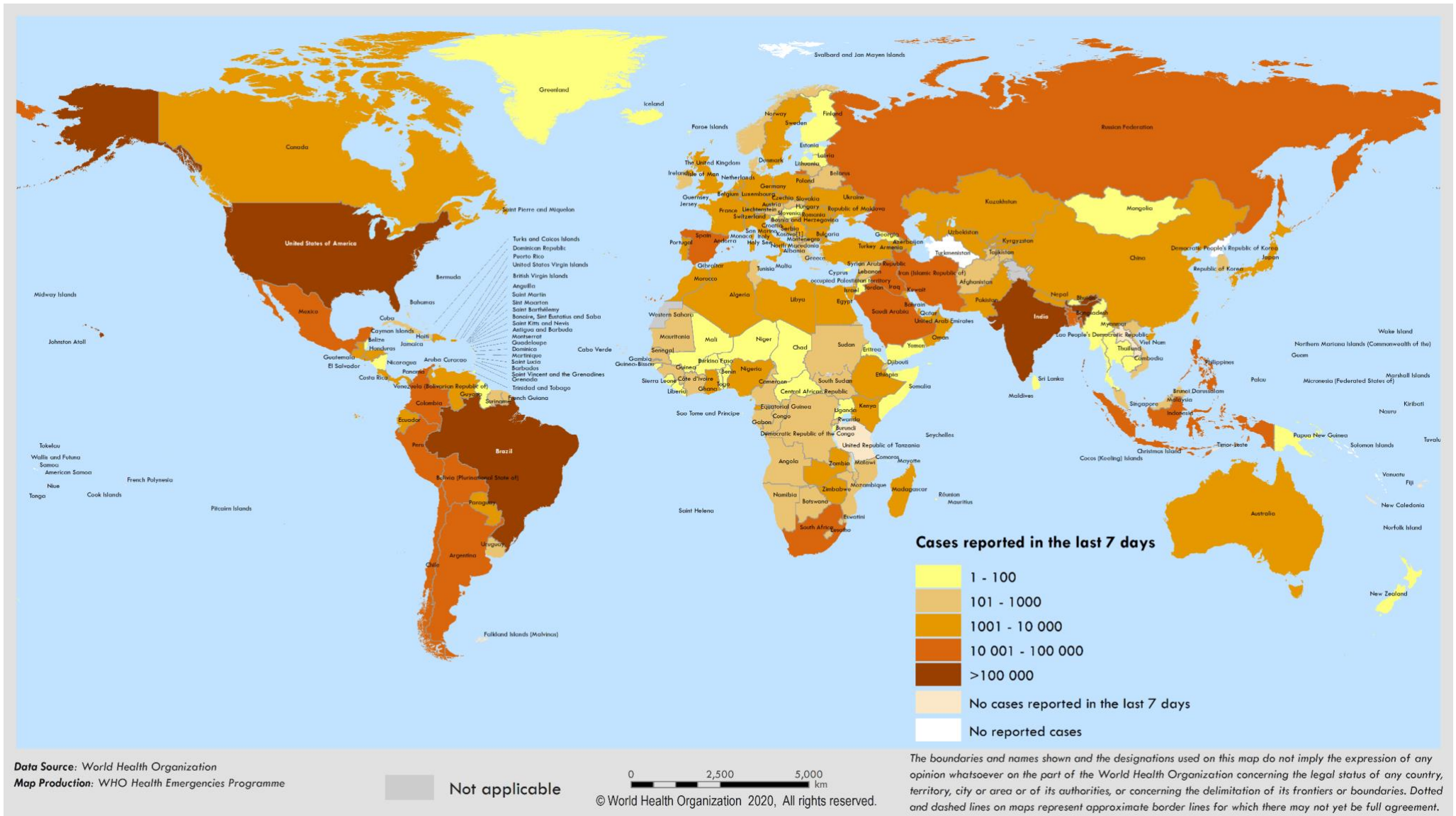
The Eastern Mediterranean Region has observed a gradual decline in incidence since the end of June, continuing over the past week with a 12% and 11% decrease in cases and deaths observed compared to

the previous week. However, this trend masks rising case incidence in Iraq, Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which demonstrates a heterogenous situation in the region.

In the Western Pacific Region, after a prolonged period of relative stability, the number of incident confirmed cases and deaths started to rise in the past month, with a 37% and 58% increase in the past week, respectively. Philippines, Japan and Australia account for the majority of newly reported cases. In Japan, while the initial rise in infections was centered in Tokyo, the more recent increase is due to a higher number of confirmed cases in other urban areas, including more among older individuals. Papua New Guinea and Philippines have also experienced a sharp rise in case incidence, while Vietnam reported their first locally-acquired cases since April.

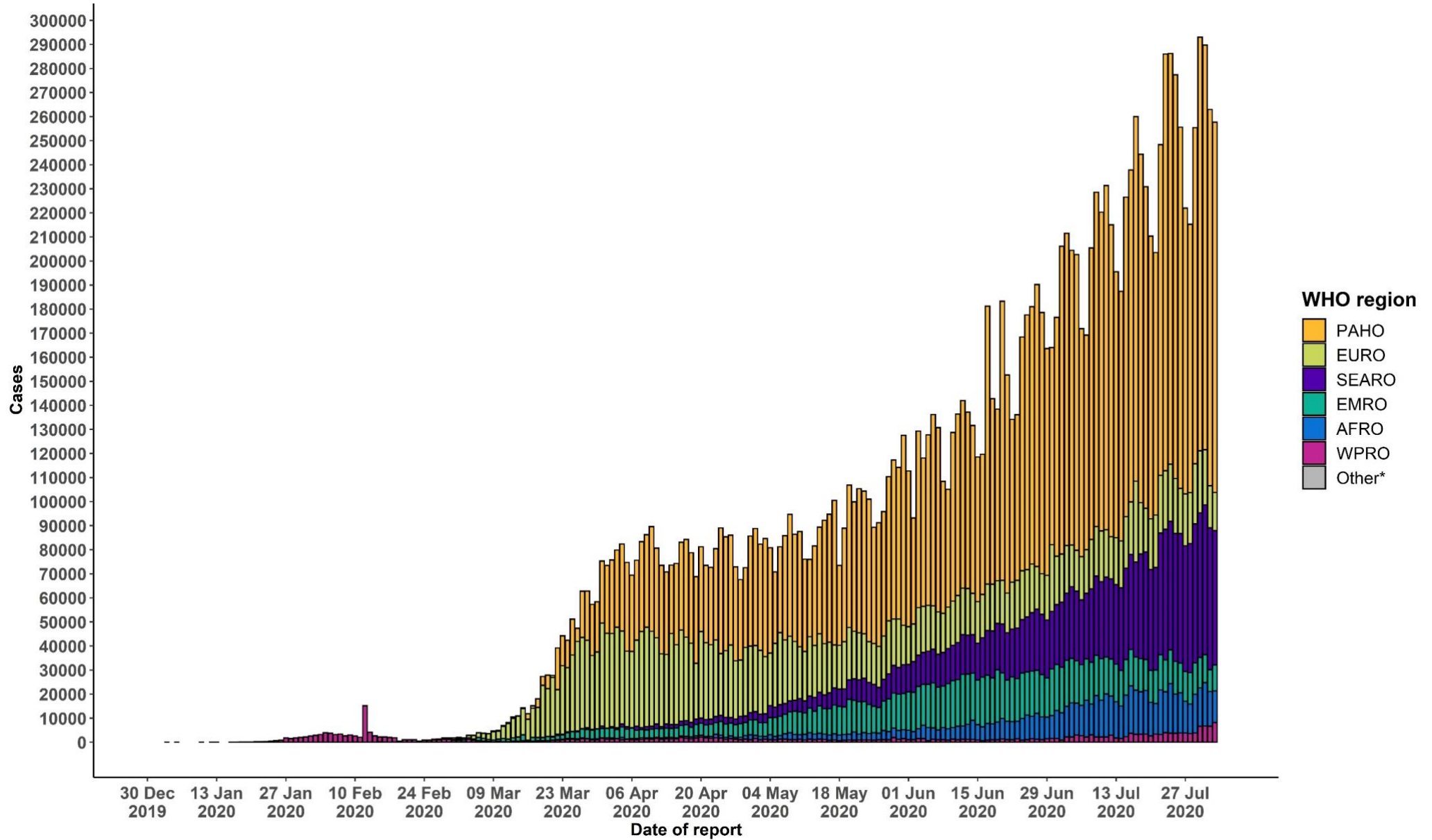
Surveillance

Figure 1. Number of confirmed* COVID-19 cases reported in the last seven days by country, territory or area, 28 July to 3 August **



**See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.

Figure 2. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases, by date of report and WHO region, 30 December through 3 August**



**See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.

Table 2. Countries, territories or areas with reported laboratory-confirmed* COVID-19 cases and deaths, by WHO region. Data as of 10 AM CEST, 3 August 2020**

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Africa						
South Africa	511 485	8 195	8 366	213	Community transmission	0
Nigeria	43 841	304	888	5	Community transmission	0
Ghana	37 014	1 513	182	0	Community transmission	0
Algeria	31 465	515	1 231	8	Community transmission	0
Kenya	22 053	690	369	5	Community transmission	0
Ethiopia	18 706	707	310	26	Community transmission	0
Cameroon	17 255	0	391	0	Community transmission	4
Côte d'Ivoire	16 182	73	102	0	Community transmission	0
Madagascar	11 528	255	114	7	Community transmission	0
Senegal	10 344	60	209	0	Community transmission	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	9 114	45	214	0	Community transmission	0
Gabon	7 531	0	50	0	Community transmission	1
Guinea	7 364	56	46	0	Community transmission	0
Zambia	6 347	119	170	5	Community transmission	0
Mauritania	6 323	13	157	0	Community transmission	0
Equatorial Guinea	4 821	0	83	0	Community transmission	2
Central African Republic	4 614	0	59	0	Community transmission	1
Malawi	4 231	45	123	3	Community transmission	0
Zimbabwe	3 921	262	70	1	Clusters of cases	0
Congo	3 387	0	56	0	Community transmission	1
Eswatini	2 775	69	42	0	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Cabo Verde	2 547	67	24	0	Clusters of cases	0
Mali	2 535	0	124	0	Community transmission	1
South Sudan	2 429	0	46	0	Community transmission	1
Namibia	2 294	70	11	0	Clusters of cases	0
Rwanda	2 062	20	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
Guinea-Bissau	1 981	0	27	0	Community transmission	4
Mozambique	1 946	39	13	1	Community transmission	0
Sierra Leone	1 843	8	67	0	Community transmission	0
Benin	1 805	0	36	0	Community transmission	5
Liberia	1 207	18	77	2	Community transmission	0
Uganda	1 182	6	4	0	Clusters of cases	0
Angola	1 164	16	54	2	Clusters of cases	0
Burkina Faso	1 149	6	53	0	Community transmission	0
Niger	1 138	2	69	0	Community transmission	0
Chad	936	0	75	0	Community transmission	2
Togo	927	0	18	0	Community transmission	2
Sao Tome and Principe	874	0	15	0	Clusters of cases	1
Botswana	804	0	2	0	Clusters of cases	4
Lesotho	718	16	19	5	Clusters of cases	0
United Republic of Tanzania	509	0	21	0	Community transmission	87
Gambia	498	0	9	0	Sporadic cases	2
Burundi	395	8	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Comoros	386	4	7	0	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Mauritius	344	0	10	0	Sporadic cases	9
Eritrea	279	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	3
Seychelles	114	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	6
Territories ⁱⁱ						
Mayotte	2 962	0	39	0	Clusters of cases	3
Réunion	667	3	4	0	Clusters of cases	0
Americas						
United States of America	4 582 276	58 388	153 757	1 127	Community transmission	0
Brazil	2 707 877	45 392	93 563	1 088	Community transmission	0
Mexico	434 193	9 556	47 472	784	Community transmission	0
Peru	422 183	14 691	19 408	387	Community transmission	0
Chile	359 731	2 073	9 608	75	Community transmission	0
Colombia	306 181	10 673	10 330	225	Community transmission	0
Argentina	196 543	5 241	3 612	69	Community transmission	0
Canada	116 599	287	8 941	6	Community transmission	0
Ecuador	86 232	0	5 736	0	Community transmission	1
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	78 793	2 004	3 064	87	Community transmission	0
Dominican Republic	72 243	828	1 178	8	Community transmission	0
Panama	66 383	1 127	1 449	28	Community transmission	0
Guatemala	51 306	327	1 995	38	Community transmission	0
Honduras	42 685	671	1 368	31	Community transmission	0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	19 443	869	169	5	Community transmission	0
Costa Rica	18 187	367	154	4	Community transmission	0
El Salvador	17 448	398	467	8	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Haiti	7 468	44	165	4	Community transmission	0
Paraguay	5 485	147	52	3	Community transmission	0
Nicaragua	3 080	0	116	0	Community transmission	5
Cuba	2 646	13	87	0	Clusters of cases	0
Suriname	1 760	54	26	0	Clusters of cases	0
Uruguay	1 278	13	35	0	Clusters of cases	0
Jamaica	883	5	10	0	Clusters of cases	0
Bahamas	574	66	14	0	Clusters of cases	0
Guyana	430	17	20	0	Clusters of cases	0
Trinidad and Tobago	180	7	8	0	Sporadic cases	0
Barbados	122	12	7	0	Clusters of cases	0
Antigua and Barbuda	91	0	3	0	Clusters of cases	3
Belize	56	8	2	0	Sporadic cases	0
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	54	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	2
Saint Lucia	25	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	3
Grenada	24	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	3
Dominica	18	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	51
Saint Kitts and Nevis	17	0	0	0	No cases	23
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Puerto Rico	18 411	539	230	5	Community transmission	0
French Guiana	7 857	0	43	0	Community transmission	1
United States Virgin Islands	438	17	8	0	Community transmission	0
Martinique	269	0	15	0	Clusters of cases	9
Guadeloupe	265	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	1

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Cayman Islands	203	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	19
Bermuda	156	0	9	0	Sporadic cases	4
Sint Maarten	128	0	15	0	Community transmission	2
Aruba	120	0	3	0	Sporadic cases	2
Turks and Caicos Islands	114	0	2	0	Clusters of cases	1
Saint Martin	53	0	3	0	Sporadic cases	4
Curaçao	29	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	9
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	13	0	0	0	No cases	99
Montserrat	13	0	1	0	No cases	7
Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba	11	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	10
Saint Barthélemy	9	1	0	0	No cases	0
British Virgin Islands	8	0	1	0	No cases	79
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	4	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	17
Anguilla	3	0	0	0	No cases	121
Eastern Mediterranean						
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	309 437	2 685	17 190	208	Community transmission	0
Pakistan	280 029	1 724	5 984	33	Clusters of cases	0
Saudi Arabia	278 835	1 357	2 917	30	Clusters of cases	0
Iraq	129 151	2 447	4 868	63	Community transmission	0
Qatar	111 107	196	177	3	Community transmission	0
Egypt	94 483	167	4 865	31	Clusters of cases	0
Oman	79 159	0	421	0	Community transmission	3
Kuwait	67 911	463	457	4	Clusters of cases	0
United Arab Emirates	60 999	239	351	0	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Bahrain	41 536	346	147	- 1	Clusters of cases	0
Afghanistan	36 710	0	1 283	0	Clusters of cases	2
Morocco	25 537	486	382	15	Clusters of cases	0
Sudan	11 738	0	752	0	Community transmission	1
Djibouti	5 161	80	59	1	Clusters of cases	0
Lebanon	4 885	155	62	1	Clusters of cases	0
Libya	3 837	146	83	3	Clusters of cases	0
Somalia	3 220	8	93	0	Sporadic cases	0
Yemen	1 738	4	498	3	Community transmission	0
Tunisia	1 561	9	51	0	Sporadic cases	0
Jordan	1 213	5	11	0	Clusters of cases	0
Syrian Arab Republic	809	29	44	1	Community transmission	0
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
occupied Palestinian territory	15 780	225	87	1	Clusters of cases	0
Europe						
Russian Federation	856 264	5 394	14 207	79	Clusters of cases	0
The United Kingdom	304 699	743	46 201	8	Community transmission	0
Spain	288 522	0	28 445	0	Clusters of cases	2
Italy	248 070	238	35 154	8	Clusters of cases	0
Turkey	232 856	987	5 728	18	Community transmission	0
Germany	210 402	509	9 148	7	Clusters of cases	0
France	175 920	0	30 147	0	Clusters of cases	2
Kazakhstan	92 662	1 069	793	0	Clusters of cases	0
Sweden	80 422	0	5 743	0	Community transmission	2

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Ukraine	73 158	990	1 738	13	Community transmission	0
Belgium	69 756	0	9 845	0	Community transmission	1
Israel	68 492	0	493	0	Community transmission	3
Belarus	68 067	121	567	4	Community transmission	0
Netherlands	55 043	311	6 148	0	Community transmission	0
Romania	53 186	1 075	2 413	34	Community transmission	0
Portugal	51 463	153	1 738	1	Clusters of cases	0
Poland	46 894	548	1 731	10	Community transmission	0
Armenia	39 102	52	762	8	Community transmission	0
Kyrgyzstan	37 129	410	1 420	11	Clusters of cases	0
Switzerland	35 461	49	1 706	0	Community transmission	0
Azerbaijan	32 443	286	462	8	Clusters of cases	0
Serbia	26 193	311	590	8	Community transmission	0
Ireland	26 162	53	1 763	0	Clusters of cases	0
Uzbekistan	25 828	788	155	6	Clusters of cases	0
Republic of Moldova	25 362	249	792	3	Community transmission	0
Austria	21 309	85	718	0	Community transmission	0
Czechia	16 800	101	384	1	Clusters of cases	0
Denmark	13 789	0	615	0	Community transmission	2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	12 296	421	351	16	Community transmission	0
Bulgaria	11 955	119	388	3	Clusters of cases	0
North Macedonia	11 066	166	497	4	Clusters of cases	0
Norway	9 208	0	255	0	Clusters of cases	2
Finland	7 453	10	329	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Tajikistan	7 451	0	60	0	Pending	1
Luxembourg	6 695	0	117	3	Community transmission	2
Albania	5 519	123	166	5	Clusters of cases	0
Croatia	5 260	36	149	4	Clusters of cases	0
Greece	4 662	75	208	2	Clusters of cases	0
Hungary	4 535	9	597	0	Community transmission	0
Montenegro	3 280	27	51	0	Clusters of cases	0
Slovakia	2 344	7	29	0	Clusters of cases	0
Slovenia	2 180	9	117	0	Clusters of cases	0
Lithuania	2 110	17	80	0	Community transmission	0
Estonia	2 079	7	69	0	Sporadic cases	0
Iceland	1 907	14	10	0	Community transmission	0
Latvia	1 243	5	32	0	Clusters of cases	0
Georgia	1 179	2	17	0	Sporadic cases	0
Cyprus	1 150	26	19	0	Clusters of cases	0
Andorra	936	6	52	0	Community transmission	0
Malta	795	15	9	0	Sporadic cases	0
San Marino	716	0	42	0	Community transmission	24
Monaco	99	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	57
Liechtenstein	89	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	3
Holy See	12	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	88
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Kosovo ^[1]	8 756	245	239	12	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Isle of Man	336	0	24	0	No cases	73
Jersey	335	0	31	0	Community transmission	4
Guernsey	252	0	13	0	Community transmission	92
Faroe Islands	225	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	2
Gibraltar	188	1	0	0	Clusters of cases	0
Greenland	14	0	0	0	No cases	5
South-East Asia						
India	1 803 695	52 972	38 135	771	Clusters of cases	0
Bangladesh	240 746	886	3 154	22	Community transmission	0
Indonesia	111 455	1 519	5 236	43	Community transmission	0
Nepal	20 332	246	57	1	Clusters of cases	0
Maldives	4 164	215	18	1	Clusters of cases	0
Thailand	3 320	3	58	0	Clusters of cases	0
Sri Lanka	2 823	8	11	0	Clusters of cases	0
Myanmar	353	0	6	0	Clusters of cases	4
Bhutan	103	1	0	0	Sporadic cases	0
Timor-Leste	24	0	0	0	No cases	101
Western Pacific						
Philippines	103 185	4 953	2 059	20	Community transmission	0
China	88 460	158	4 677	3	Clusters of cases	0
Singapore	52 825	313	27	0	Clusters of cases	0
Japan	38 687	1 998	1 012	1	Clusters of cases	0
Australia	17 923	641	208	8	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed* cases	Total confirmed* new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Republic of Korea	14 389	23	301	0	Clusters of cases	0
Malaysia	8 999	14	125	0	Clusters of cases	0
New Zealand	1 217	2	22	0	Clusters of cases	0
Viet Nam	621	31	6	3	Clusters of cases	0
Mongolia	293	2	0	0	Sporadic cases	0
Cambodia	240	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	1
Brunei Darussalam	141	0	3	0	No cases	87
Papua New Guinea	110	19	2	0	Sporadic cases	0
Fiji	27	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	13
Lao People's Democratic Republic	20	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	9
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Guam	351	0	5	0	Clusters of cases	2
French Polynesia	62	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	36
Northern Mariana Islands (Commonwealth of the)	45	1	2	0	Pending	0
New Caledonia	22	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	19
Subtotal for all regions	17 917 841	257 677	686 690	5 810		
Other [†]	741	0	13	0	Not applicable	-
Grand total	17 918 582	257 677	686 703	5 810		

****See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.**

Technical guidance and other resources

- To view all technical guidance documents regarding COVID-19, please go to [this webpage](#).
- Updates from WHO regional offices
 - [WHO AFRO](#)
 - [WHO PAHO](#)
 - [WHO EMRO](#)
 - [WHO SEARO](#)
 - [WHO EURO](#)
 - [WHO WPRO](#)
- [Research and Development](#)
- [Online courses on COVID-19](#) and in [additional national languages](#)
- [The Strategic Preparedness and Response Plan \(SPRP\)](#) outlining the support the international community can provide to all countries to prepare and respond to the virus
- [WHO Coronavirus Disease \(COVID-19\) Dashboard](#)
- [Weekly COVID-19 Operations Updates](#)

Recommendations and advice for the public

- [Protect yourself](#)
- [Questions and answers](#)
- [Travel advice](#)
- [EPI-WIN](#): tailored information for individuals, organizations and communities

Case definitions

WHO periodically updates the [Global Surveillance for human infection with coronavirus disease \(COVID-19\)](#) document which includes surveillance definitions.

Definition of COVID-19 death

A COVID-19 death is defined for surveillance purposes as a death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death.

Further guidance for certification and classification (coding) of COVID-19 as cause of death is available [here](#) and [here](#).

Annex 1: Data, table and figure notes

Caution must be taken when interpreting all data presented. Differences are to be expected between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources using different inclusion criteria and different data cut-off times. While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change. Case detection, definitions, testing strategies, reporting practice, and lag times differ between countries/territories/areas. These factors, amongst others, influence the counts presented, with variable underestimation of true case and death counts, and variable delays to reflecting these data at global level.

The designations employed, and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement. Countries, territories and areas are arranged under the administering WHO region.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

[1] All references to Kosovo should be understood to be in the context of the United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999). In the map, number of cases of Serbia and Kosovo (UNSCR 1244, 1999) have been aggregated for visualization purposes.

*A small number of countries/territories/areas report combined probable and laboratory-confirmed cases; efforts are underway to identify these for notation in the data table.†Other: includes cases reported from international conveyances.

Due to the recent trend of countries conducting data reconciliation exercises which remove large numbers of cases or deaths from their total counts, WHO will now display such data as negative numbers in the “new cases” / “new deaths” columns as appropriate. This will aid readers in identifying when such adjustments occur. When additional details become available that allow the subtractions to be suitably apportioned to previous days, graphics will be updated accordingly. Prior situation reports will not be edited; see covid19.who.int for the most up-to-date data.

Additional table notes

‡ Transmission classification is based on a process of country/territory/area self-reporting. Classifications are reviewed on a weekly basis and may be revised as new information becomes available. Differing degrees of transmission may be present within countries/territories/areas; classification is based on the highest category reported within a country/territory/area. Categories:

- No cases: with no confirmed cases;
- Sporadic cases: with one or more cases, imported or locally detected;
- Clusters of cases: experiencing cases, clustered in time, geographic location and/or by common exposures;

- Community transmission: experiencing larger outbreaks of local transmission defined through an assessment of factors including, but not limited to: large numbers of cases not linkable to transmission chains; large numbers of cases from sentinel lab surveillance; and/or multiple unrelated clusters in several areas of the country/territory/area;
- Pending: transmission classification has not been reported to WHO.

ii “Territories” include territories, areas, overseas dependencies and other jurisdictions of similar status.

Country, territory, or area-specific notes, updates and errata

- **Update 3 August 2020, Malta:** Counts adjusted retrospectively by national authorities: case counts adjusted between 30 July and 2 August
- **Update 3 August 2020, Belgium:** Counts adjusted retrospectively by national authorities: case counts adjusted between 9 July and 2 August
- **Update 3 August 2020, Switzerland:** Counts adjusted retrospectively by national authorities: death counts adjusted for 2 August