

COVID-19 Weekly Epidemiological Update

Data as received by WHO from national authorities, as of 14 February 2021, 10 am CET

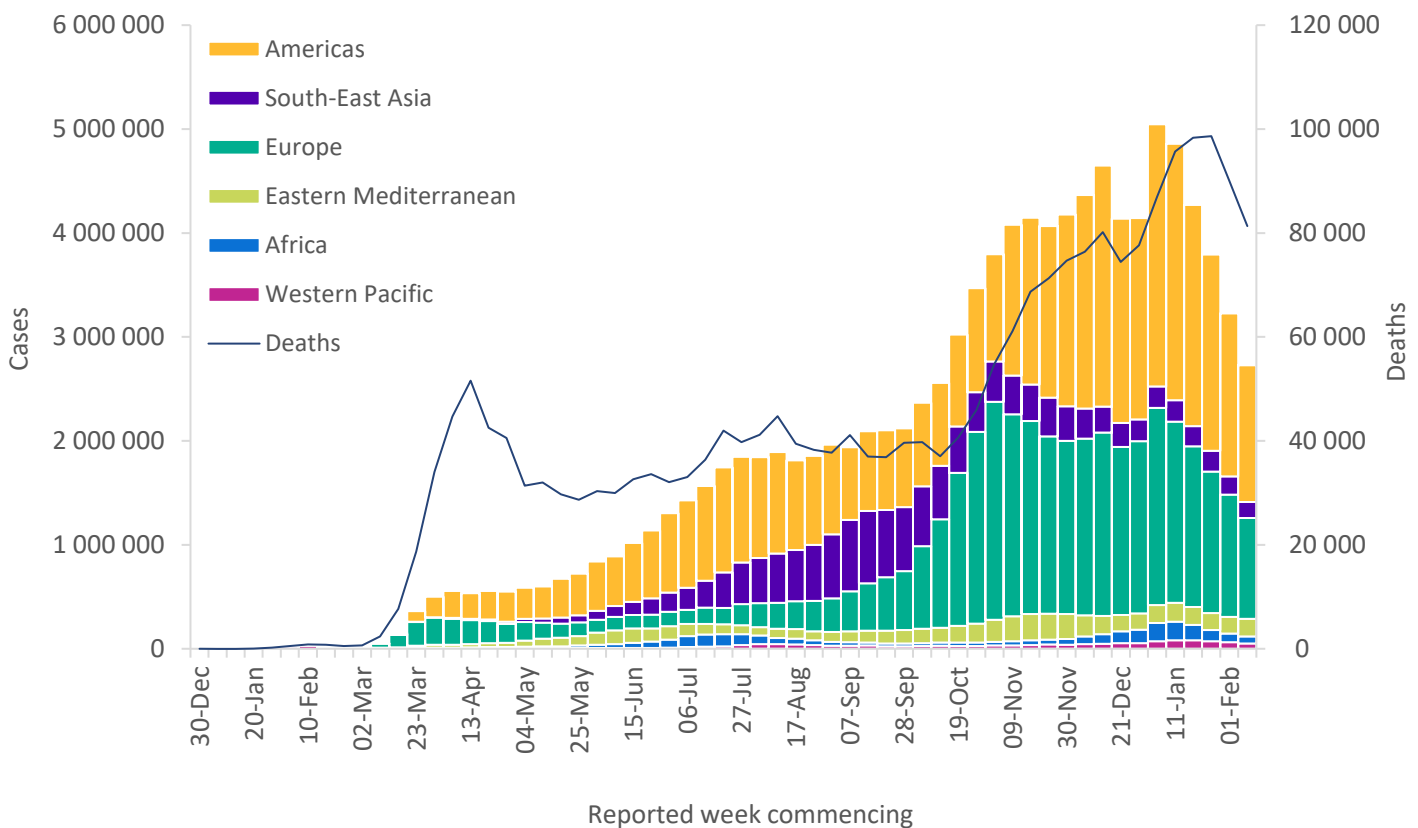
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Global overview

The number of global new cases reported has continued to fall, with 2.7 million new cases last week, a 16% decline over 500 000 fewer new cases compared to the previous week (Figure 1). The number of new deaths reported also fell, with 81 000 new deaths reported last week, a 10% decline as compared to the previous week. A total of five out of six WHO regions reported a double-digit percentage decline in new cases (Table 1), with only the Eastern Mediterranean Region showing a 7% rise. Europe and the Americas continue to see the greatest drops in absolute numbers of cases. Meanwhile, the number of new deaths declined in all regions.

Figure 1: COVID-19 cases reported weekly by WHO Region, and global deaths, as of 14 February 2021**



**See Annex: Data, table and figure notes

In the past week, the five countries reporting the highest number of new cases continue to be the United States of America (673 630 cases, a 23% decrease), Brazil (318 290 cases, a 3% decrease), France (127 565 cases, a 6% decrease), the Russian Federation (104 602 cases, an 11% decrease), and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (97 271 cases, a 27% decrease).

Table 1. Newly reported and cumulative COVID-19 confirmed cases and deaths, by WHO Region, as of 14 February 2021**

| WHO Region | New cases in last 7 days (%) | Change in new cases in last 7 days * | Cumulative cases (%) | New deaths in last 7 days (%) | Change in new deaths in last 7 days * | Cumulative deaths (%) |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Americas | 1 315 480 (48%) | -16% | 48 228 712 (45%) | 44 385 (55%) | -2% | 1 136 906 (48%) |
| Europe | 968 943 (36%) | -18% | 36 575 529 (34%) | 28 404 (35%) | -19% | 812 410 (34%) |
| South-East Asia | 154 414 (6%) | -13% | 13 188 211 (12%) | 2 340 (3%) | -9% | 202 607 (8%) |
| Eastern Mediterranean | 170 445 (6%) | 7% | 5 998 998 (6%) | 2 519 (3%) | -9% | 139 468 (6%) |
| Africa | 68 115 (2%) | -20% | 2 723 431 (3%) | 2 558 (3%) | -21% | 68 294 (3%) |
| Western Pacific | 49 577 (2%) | -20% | 1 531 366 (1%) | 1 134 (1%) | -13% | 27 019 (1%) |
| Global | 2 726 974 (100%) | -16% | 108 246 992 (100%) | 81 340 (100%) | -10% | 2 386 717 (100%) |

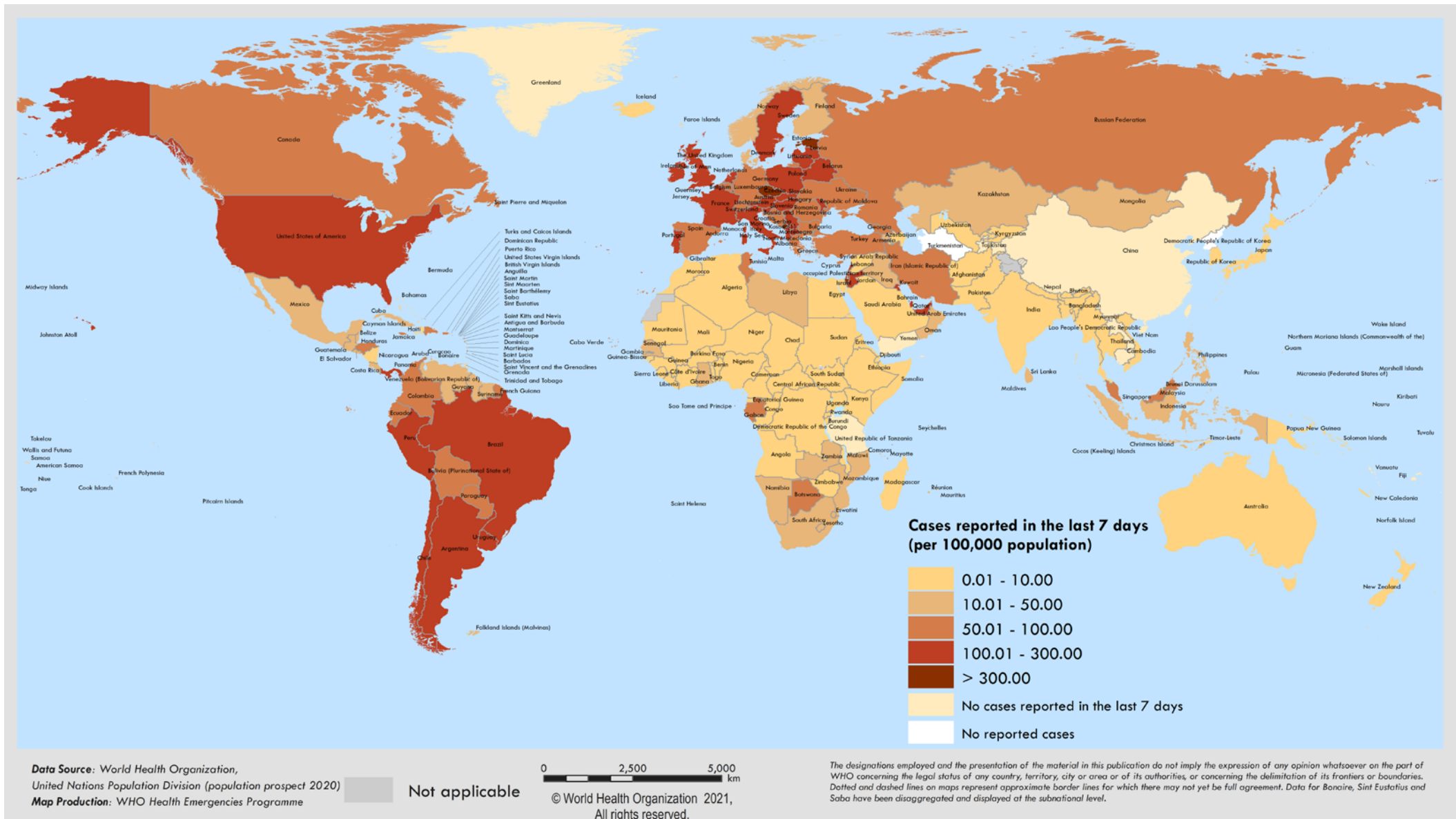
*Percent change in the number of newly confirmed cases/deaths in past seven days, compared to seven days prior. Regional percentages rounded to the nearest whole number, global totals may not equal 100%.

**See [Annex: Data, table and figure notes](#)

For the latest data and other updates on COVID-19, please see:

- [WHO COVID-19 Dashboard](#)
- [WHO COVID-19 Weekly Operational Update](#)

Figure 2. COVID-19 cases per 100 000 population reported in the last seven days by countries, territories and areas, 8 February through 14 February 2021**



**See Annex: Data, table and figure notes

Special Focus: Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System – leveraging influenza sentinel surveillance systems to respond to COVID-19

Overview

The [Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System](#) (GISRS) is a network of 158 institutions monitoring the spread and evolution of influenza all year-round. It includes six WHO Collaborating Centres and National Influenza centres (NICs) from 126 countries, areas and territories. It functions as a global mechanism for surveillance, preparedness and response for seasonal, pandemic and zoonotic influenza, and a global alert for novel influenza viruses and other respiratory pathogens. More than 3.5 million respiratory specimens are tested for influenza each year with [assured quality and standards](#). These specimens are collected from patients presenting at sentinel hospitals and primary care settings with influenza-like illness (ILI) and severe acute respiratory infection (SARI). More than 10 000 representative influenza viruses are sequenced each year and the genetic sequence data shared via the [Global Initiative on Sharing Avian Influenza Data](#) (GISAID). Countries also typically share about 40 000 influenza specimens throughout the year with WHO Collaborating Centres, of which around a quarter undergo a detailed virus characterization that informs the biannual [recommendations](#) for the seasonal influenza vaccine composition for the northern and southern hemispheres.

GISRS and COVID-19

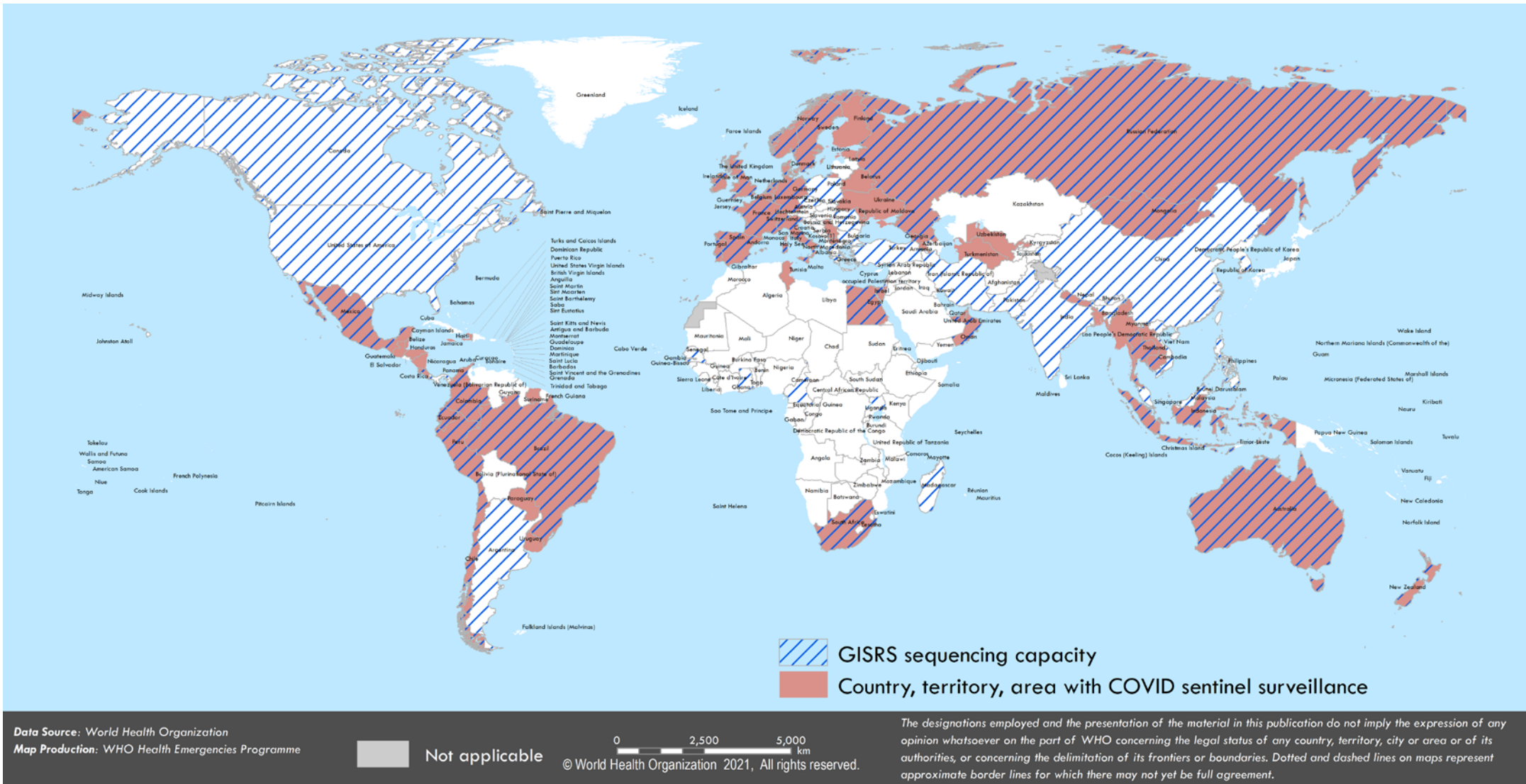
Throughout the COVID-19 response, GISRS laboratories have contributed significantly to country diagnostic and sequencing capacities. Since the onset of the pandemic, [87% of GISRS laboratories have been serving as national reference laboratories for SARS-CoV-2 detection](#). GISRS has leveraged its [External Quality Assessment Program](#) (EQAP) for influenza molecular diagnostics to develop and implement the SARS-CoV-2 EQAP to more than 233 national public health laboratories (including 130 NICs) from 164 countries, areas and territories, with 94% of the laboratories demonstrating 100% correct results.

Early in the COVID-19 pandemic, influenza surveillance systems were leveraged to address the critical need to monitor trends in community circulation of SARS-CoV-2 and influenza. To date, approximately 60 countries have reported integrated SARS-CoV-2 and influenza data that complement SARS-CoV-2 cases detected through non-sentinel sources. The transmission trends based on sentinel surveillance serve to complement and corroborate the transmission trends seen from non-sentinel data sources.

The emergence of SARS-CoV-2 Variants of Concern highlights the importance of quality, representativeness and geographical coverage of genetic sequencing, and the timeliness of sharing of genetic sequence data on publicly accessible databases. As of 10 February 2021, more than 450 000 whole genome sequences of SARS-CoV-2 from 131 countries had been shared with GISAID. However, the majority (approximately 70%) are from three countries (Denmark, the United Kingdom and the United States of America). At least 60% of GISRS laboratories have shared whole genome sequences with GISAID (Figure 3).

The [IHR Emergency Committee for COVID-19](#) recommended further increases in global sequencing capacities and encouraged the further rapid sharing of data. It recognizes the role of GISRS to strengthen sequencing capacities for SARS-CoV-2 and increase the global genetic database that improves the geographic and demographic representativeness, timeliness and quality of meta-data around the world. WHO is working with GISRS to expedite the sequencing component of sentinel surveillance for SARS-CoV-2 along with influenza and has [issued guidance](#) to support in this effort.

Figure 3: SARS-CoV-2 detection and sequencing capacities and capabilities



Special Focus: Update on SARS-CoV-2 Variants of Concern

WHO, in collaboration with national authorities, institutions and researchers, continues to monitor the public health events associated with SARS-CoV-2 variants and provides updates as new information becomes available. Further information on the background of the variants of concern (VOC) is available from previously published [Disease Outbreak News](#) and recent publications of the [Weekly Epidemiological Update](#). Here we provide an update on the geographical distribution of three variants of concern as reported by countries, territories and areas (hereafter countries) as of 15 February 2021. New variants of potential interest or concern are currently under review and may be incorporated into future updates.

Table 2: Condensed overview of emerging information on key variants of concern, as of 15 February 2021*

| Nextstrain clade | 20I/501Y.V1 | 20H/501Y.V2 [†] | 20J/501Y.V3 |
|---|---|---|--|
| Pango lineage | B.1.1.7 | B.1.351 | B.1.1.28.1 |
| GISAIID clade | GR | GH | GR |
| Alternate names | VOC202012/01 [†] | VOC202012/02 | P.1 [†] |
| First detected by | United Kingdom | South Africa | Brazil / Japan |
| First appearance | 20 September 2020 | Early August 2020 | December 2020 |
| Key spike mutations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • H69/V70 deletion • Y144 deletion • N501Y • A570D • D614G • P681H | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • L242/A243/L244 deletion • N501Y • D614G • E484K • K417N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N501Y • D614G • E484K • K417N |
| Key mutation common to all 3 variants | S106/G107/F108 deletion in Non-Structural Protein 6 (NSP6) | | |
| Countries reporting cases (newly reported in last week)** | 94 (8) | 46 (2) | 21 (6) |

* A more detailed version of this table is available in the [previous Weekly Epidemiological Update](#), and an update version will be available in the next issue.

[†] While work is ongoing to establish standardized nomenclature for key variants, these are the names by which WHO will refer to them in this publication.

** Includes official and unofficial reports of VOCs detections in countries among either travellers (imported cases only) or community samples (local transmission).

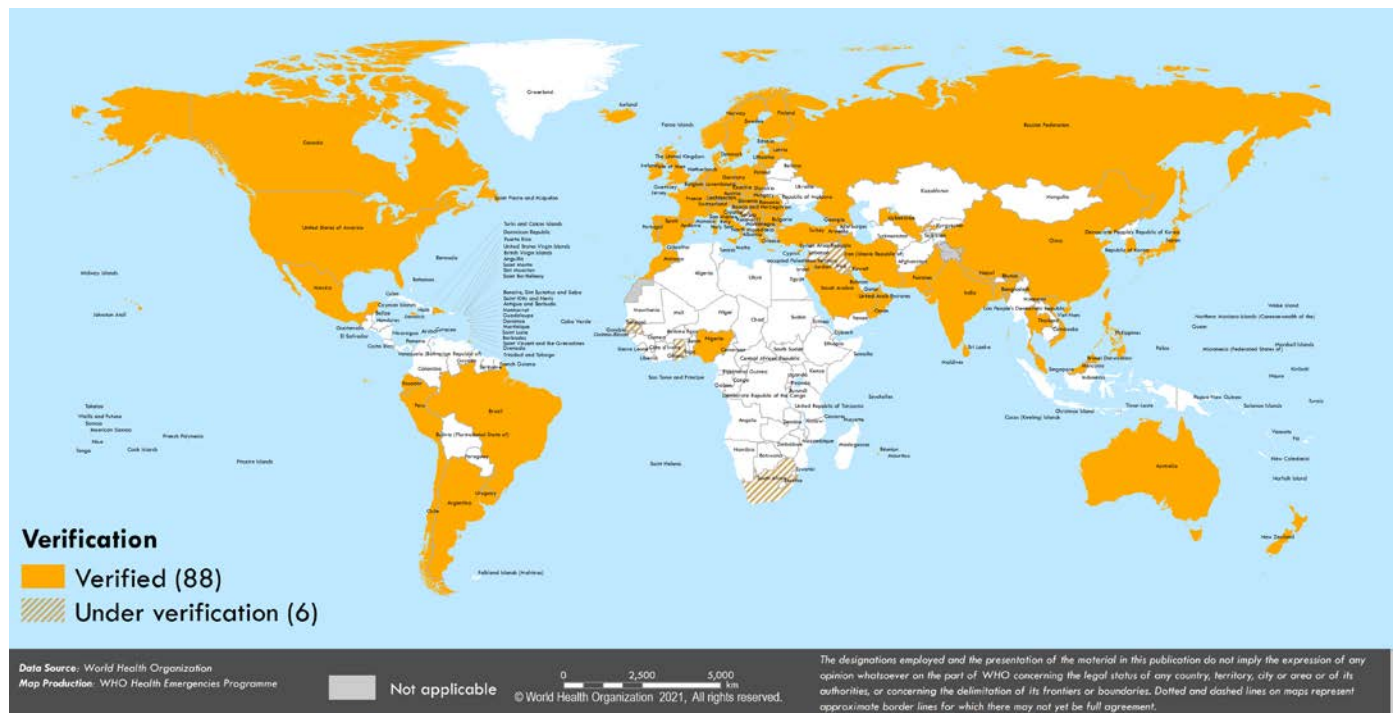
Variant VOC 202012/01

Since our last update on 9 February, variant VOC 202012/01 has been detected in eight additional countries. As of 16 February, a total of 94 countries across all six WHO regions have reported either imported cases or community transmission of this variant (Figure 4). Local transmission has been reported in at least 47 countries across all six WHO regions.

In an updated report on SARS-CoV-2 and increased circulation of variants of concern in the EU/EEA and vaccine rollout, the European Centre for Disease Control and Prevention (ECDC) highlights that while a number of European countries have been reporting an overall decrease in the incidence of COVID-19, likely due to a strong combination of public health and social measures, the majority of countries in Europe continues to experience high or increasing notification rates among older age groups and/or high death rates.¹ Moreover, among samples tested in Europe by PCR-based screening and whole genome sequencing, the proportion of cases infected with VOC 202012/01 has increased in the past weeks, indicating community transmission in a number of countries.¹

¹ European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, Risk assessment on COVID-19, 15 February 2021. Available at : <https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/current-risk-assessment-novel-coronavirus-situation>

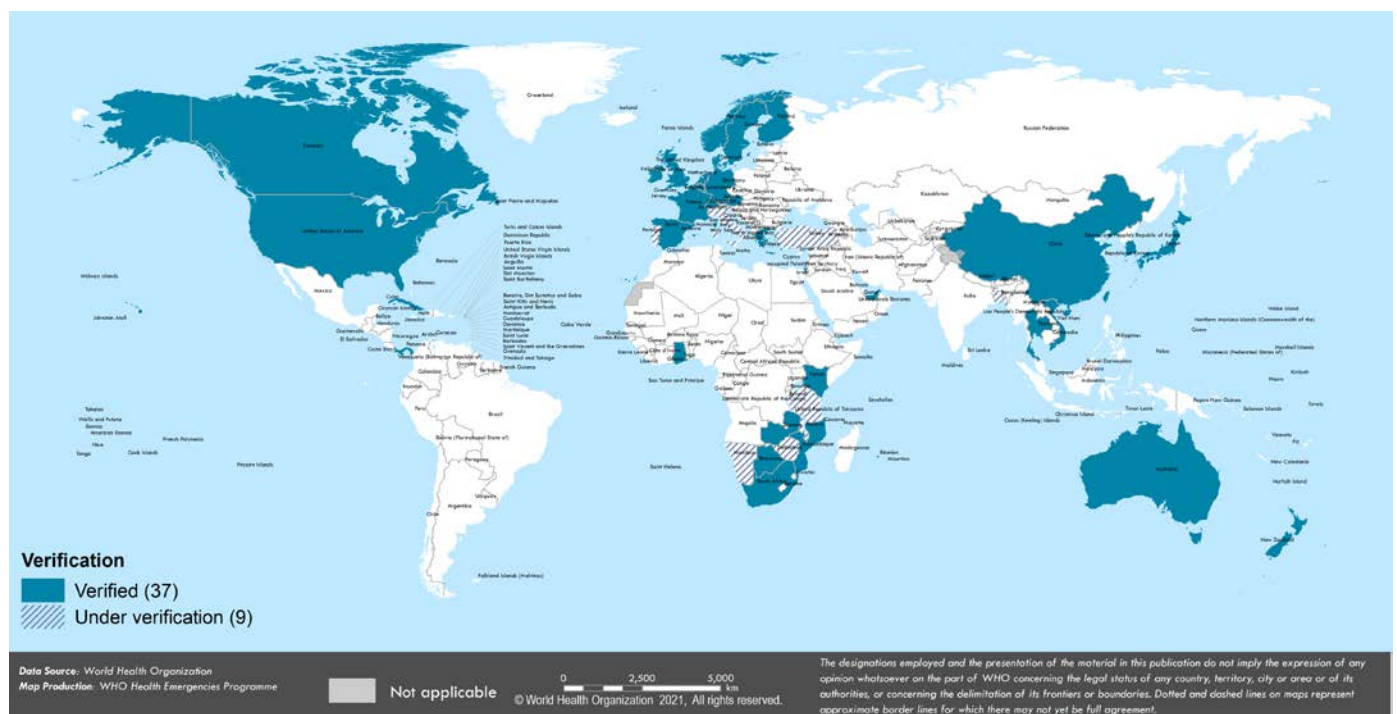
Figure 5. Countries, territories and areas reporting SARS-CoV-2 variant VOC 202012/01 as of 16 February 2021



Variant 501Y.V2

Since the last update on 9 February, 501Y.V2 has been reported from two additional countries— now totaling 46 countries across all six WHO regions (Figure 5). Local transmission has been reported in at least 12 countries across four WHO regions.

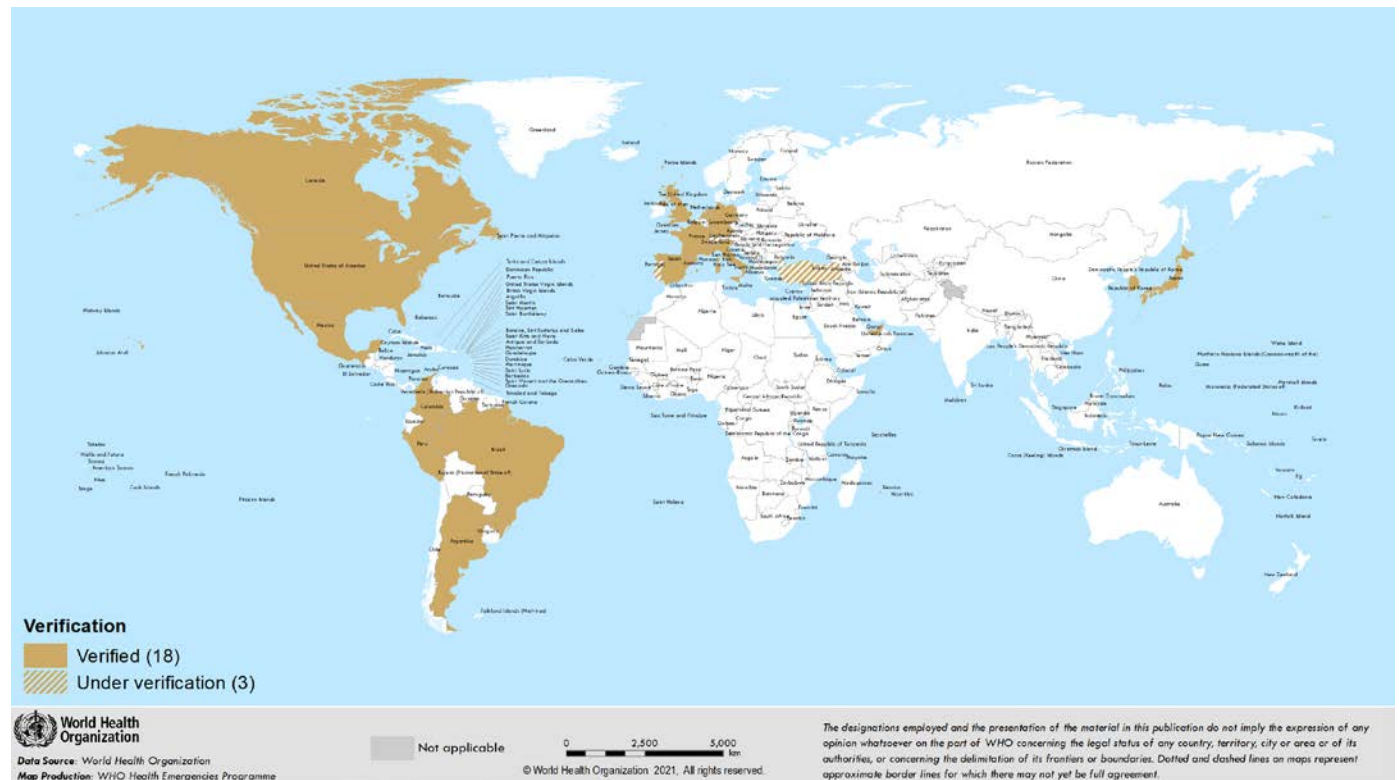
Figure 6. Countries, territories and areas reporting SARS-CoV-2 variant 501Y.V2 as of 16 February 2021



Variant P.1

Since our last update, variant P.1 has been reported in six additional countries. To date, this variant is reported in 21 countries across five of the six WHO regions (Figure 6). So far, local transmission has been reported in at least two countries in one WHO region.

Figure 7. Countries, territories and areas reporting SARS-CoV-2 variant P.1 as of 16 February 2021



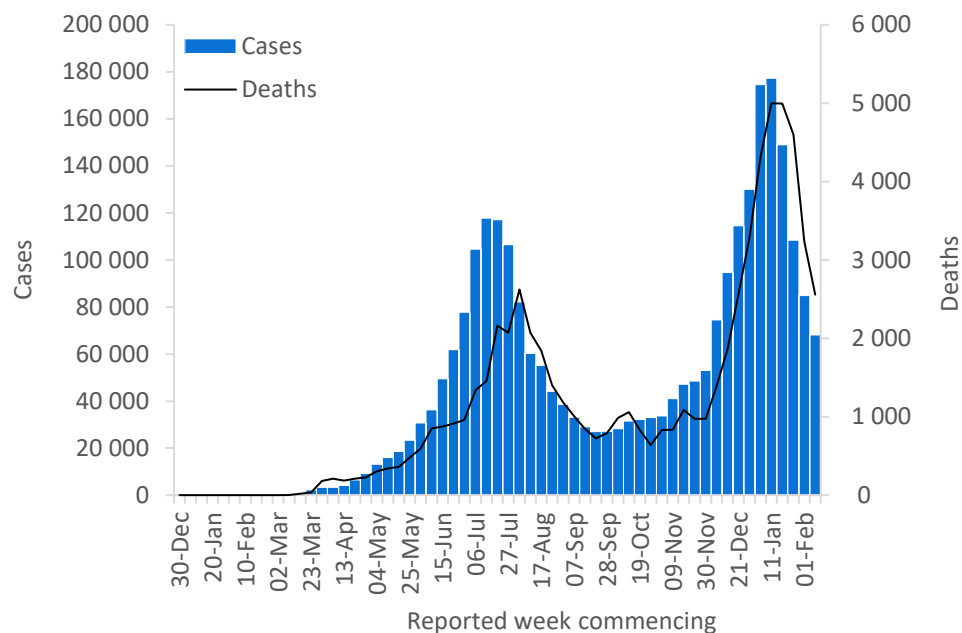
A list of countries/territories/areas reporting variants of concern can be found in [Annex 2](#).

WHO regional overviews

African Region

In the past week, the African Region reported over 68 000 cases and 2500 deaths, a 20% and 21% decrease respectively compared to the previous week. This is the fourth consecutive week the Region reported decreases in both new cases and deaths. The highest numbers of new cases were reported in South Africa (16 363 new cases; 27.6 new cases per 100 000 population; a 33% decrease), Zambia (7027 new cases; 38.2 new cases per 100 000; a 13% decrease) and Nigeria (6422 new cases; 3.1 new cases per 100 000; a 26% decrease),

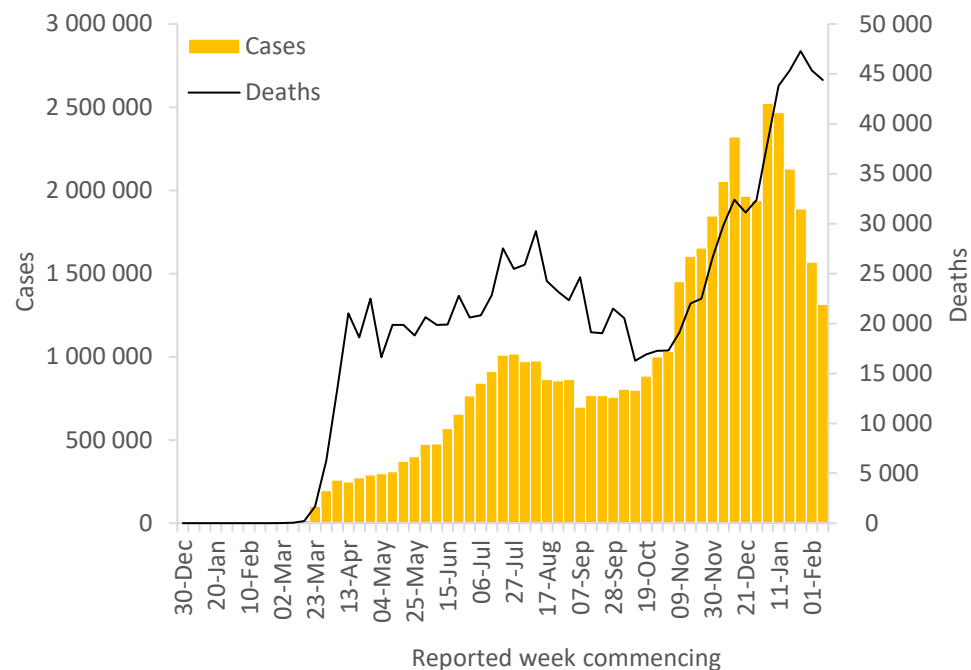
The countries reporting the highest number of new deaths in the past week were South Africa (1641 new deaths; 2.8 new deaths per 100 000; a 26% decrease), Zambia (101 new deaths; 0.5 new deaths per 100 000; a 7% increase), Nigeria (100 new deaths; <0.1 new deaths per 100 000; a 45% increase) and Malawi (100 new deaths; 0.5 new deaths per 100 000; a 33% decrease).



Region of the Americas

Over 1.3 million new cases and over 44 000 new deaths were reported in the Region of the Americas this week, a 16% and 2% decrease respectively compared to the previous week. The highest numbers of new cases were reported from the United States of America (673 630 new cases; 203.5 new cases per 100 000 population; a 23% decrease), Brazil (318 290 new cases; 149.7 new cases per 100 000; a 3% decrease) and Mexico (66 083 new cases; 51.3 new cases per 100 000; a 7% decrease).

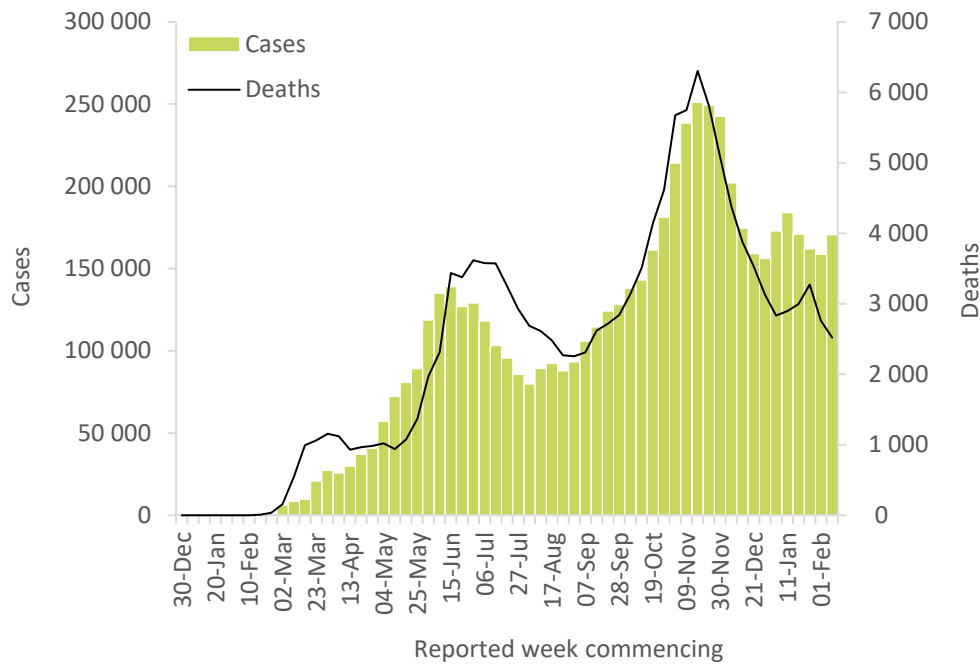
The highest numbers of deaths were reported from the same countries, the United States of America (21 412 new deaths; 6.5 new deaths per 100 000; a 5% decrease), Mexico (8267 new deaths; 6.4 new deaths per 100 000; a 7% increase) and Brazil (7455 new deaths; 3.5 new deaths per 100 000; a 1% increase).



Eastern Mediterranean Region

In the past week, the Eastern Mediterranean Region reported over 170 000 new cases, a 7% increase compared to last week. The region reported just over 2500 new deaths, a 9% decrease. The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new cases continue to be the Islamic Republic of Iran (51 503 new cases; 61.3 new cases per 100 000 population; an 8% increase), United Arab Emirates (22 203 new cases; 224.5 new cases per 100 000; a 2% decrease) and Lebanon (19 156 new cases; 280.7 new cases per 100 000; a 1% increase).

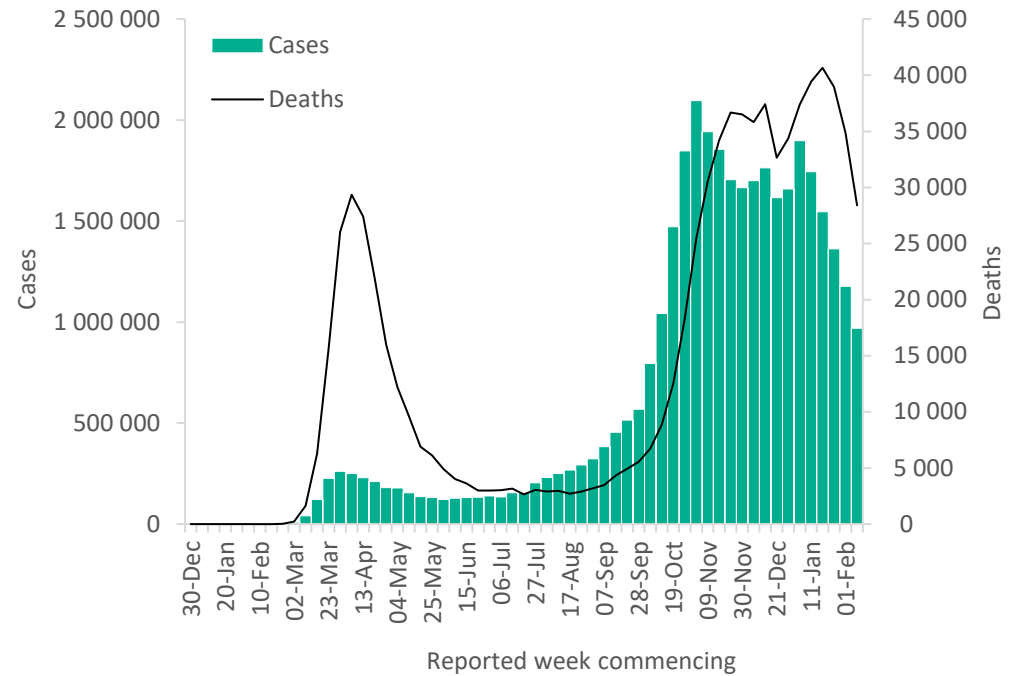
The highest numbers of new deaths continue to be reported in the Islamic Republic of Iran (471 new deaths; 0.6 new death per 100 000 population; a 10% decrease), Lebanon (399 new deaths; 5.8 new death per 100 000; a 25% decrease) and Pakistan (362 new deaths; 0.2 new death per 100 000; a 24% increase).



European Region

The European Region reported over 960 000 new cases and over 28 000 new deaths, a decrease of 18% and 19% respectively when compared to the previous week. The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new cases were France (127 565 new cases; 195.4 new cases per 100 000; a 6% decrease), the Russian Federation (104 602 new cases; 71.7 new cases per 100 000; a 11% decrease), and the United Kingdom (97 271 new cases; 143.3 new cases per 100 000; an 27% decrease).

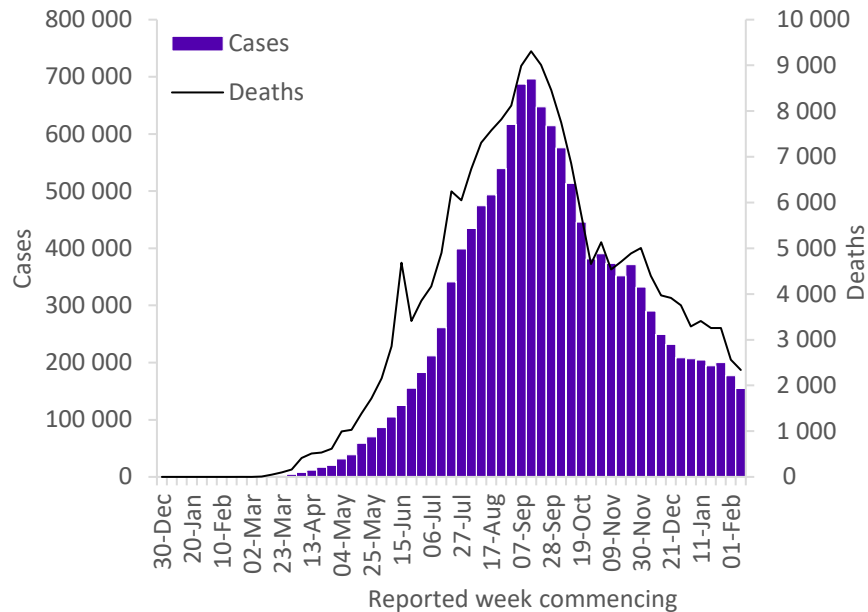
The highest numbers of deaths were reported from the United Kingdom (4816 new deaths; 7.1 new deaths per 100 000; a 26% decrease), the Russian Federation (3465 new deaths; 2.4 new deaths per 100 000, similar to previous week) and Germany (3443 new deaths; 4.1 new deaths per 100 000; a 25% decrease).



South-East Asia Region

In the past week, the South-East Asia Region reported over 150 000 new cases, a decrease of 13% compared to last week. The region reported over 2300 new deaths, a 9% decrease. The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new cases were India (78 577 new cases; 5.7 new cases per 100 000; a 2% decrease), Indonesia (63 693 new cases; 23.3 new cases per 100 000; a 21% decrease), and Sri Lanka (6276 new cases; 29.3 new cases per 100 000; a 19% increase).

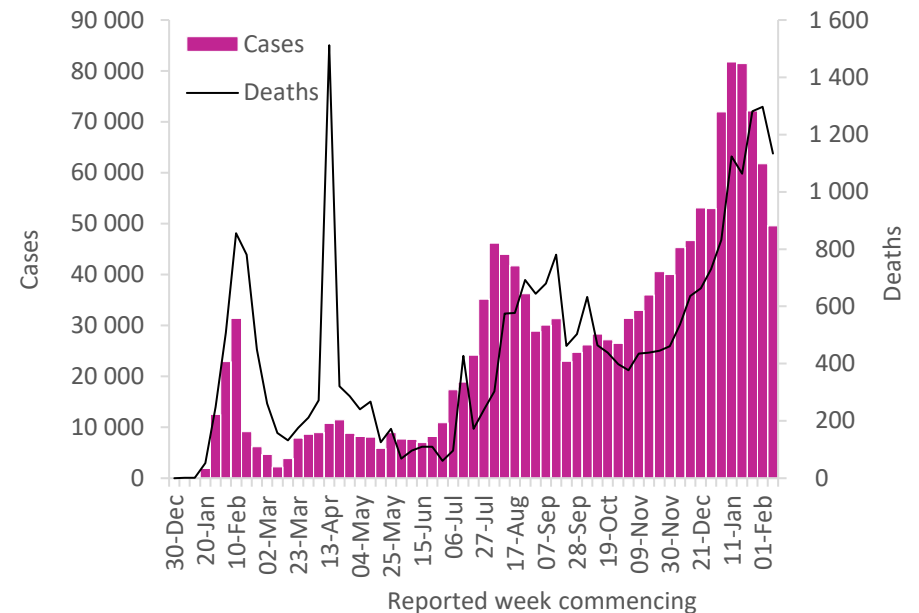
The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new deaths this week were Indonesia (1543 new deaths; 0.6 new deaths per 100 000; a 7% decrease), India (646 new deaths; <0.1 new deaths per 100 000; a 11% decrease) and Bangladesh (76 new deaths; <0.1 new deaths per 100 000; a 4% decrease).



Western Pacific Region

The Western Pacific Region reported over 49 000 new cases the past week, a 20% decrease compared to the previous week. The region reported 1100 new deaths, a 13% decrease. The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new cases in the region this week were Malaysia (23 084 new cases; 71.3 new cases per 100 000; a 21% decrease), the Philippines (11 734 new cases; 10.7 new cases per 100 000; a 2% decrease), and Japan (11 037 new cases; 8.7 new cases per 100 000; a 34% decrease).

The three countries reporting the highest numbers of new deaths this week were Japan (574 new deaths; 0.5 new deaths per 100 000; a 16% decrease), the Philippines (397 new deaths; 0.4 new deaths per 100 000; a 10% decrease) and Malaysia (101 new deaths; 0.3 new deaths per 100 000; a 9% decrease).



Key weekly updates

WHO Director-General Dr Tedros messages

- Member States information session on COVID-19 – 11 February 2021 : “We have to be ready to adapt vaccines so they remain effective, as we do with flu vaccines, which are updated twice a year. Manufacturers will have to adjust to the evolution of the virus, taking into account the latest variants for future shots, including boosters.”

Clinical data collection

- [Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform Case Report Form \(CRF\) for Post COVID condition \(Post COVID-19 CRF\)](#)

COVID-19 vaccines

- [10 steps to community readiness: What countries should do to prepare communities for a COVID-19 vaccine, treatment or new test](#)
- [Data for action: achieving high uptake of COVID-19 vaccines: Interim Guidance](#)
- [Community needs, perceptions and demand: community assessment tool](#)
- [Conducting community engagement for COVID-19 vaccines: Interim guidance, 31 January 2021](#)
- Acceptance and demand for COVID-19 vaccines: [Interim guidance, 31 January 2021](#) and [communications plan template](#)
- [COVAX Statement on New Variants of SARS-CoV-2](#)
- [In the COVID-19 vaccine race, we either win together or lose together](#)
- [The Oxford/AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: what you need to know](#)
- [AZD1222 vaccine against COVID-19 developed by Oxford University and AstraZeneca: Background paper](#)
- [Interim recommendations for use of the AZD1222 \(ChAdOx1-S \(recombinant\)\) vaccine against COVID-19 developed by Oxford University and AstraZeneca](#)

Mother-to-child SARS-CoV-2 transmission

- [Definition and categorization of the timing of mother-to-child transmission of SARS-CoV-2](#)

Mental health

- [WHO Executive Board stresses need for improved response to mental health impact of public health emergencies](#)

Partnerships

- [ILO joins the Global Action Plan for Healthy Lives and Well-being for All](#)

Technical guidance and other resources

- [Technical guidance](#)
- [WHO Coronavirus Disease \(COVID-19\) Dashboard](#)
- [Weekly COVID-19 Operational Updates](#)
- [WHO COVID-19 case definitions](#)
- [COVID-19 Supply Chain Inter-Agency Coordination Cell Weekly Situational Update](#)
- [Research and Development](#)
- [Online courses on COVID-19](#) in official UN languages and in [additional national languages](#)
- [The Strategic Preparedness and Response Plan](#) (SPRP) outlining the support the international community can provide to all countries to prepare and respond to the virus
- Updates from WHO regions:
 - [African Region](#)
 - [Region of the Americas](#)
 - [Eastern Mediterranean Region](#)
 - [South-East Asia Region](#)
 - [European Region](#)
 - [Western Pacific Region](#)
- Recommendations and advice for the public:
 - [Protect yourself](#)
 - [Questions and answers](#)
 - [Travel advice](#)
 - [EPI-WIN](#): tailored information for individuals, organizations and communities

Annex

Annex 1. COVID-19 confirmed cases and deaths reported in the last seven days by countries, territories and areas, and WHO Region, as of 14 February 2021**

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Africa | 68 115 | 2 723 431 | 242.7 | 2 558 | 68 294 | 6.1 | |
| South Africa | 16 363 | 1 490 063 | 2 512.4 | 1 641 | 47 821 | 80.6 | Community transmission |
| Zambia | 7 027 | 68 454 | 372.4 | 101 | 940 | 5.1 | Community transmission |
| Nigeria | 6 422 | 145 664 | 70.7 | 100 | 1 747 | 0.8 | Community transmission |
| Ghana | 5 072 | 75 118 | 241.7 | 69 | 518 | 1.7 | Community transmission |
| Mozambique | 4 476 | 48 588 | 155.5 | 63 | 514 | 1.6 | Community transmission |
| Ethiopia | 4 251 | 145 704 | 126.7 | 36 | 2 181 | 1.9 | Community transmission |
| Senegal | 2 152 | 30 641 | 183.0 | 66 | 741 | 4.4 | Community transmission |
| Malawi | 2 001 | 28 876 | 150.9 | 100 | 937 | 4.9 | Community transmission |
| Algeria | 1 661 | 110 513 | 252.0 | 24 | 2 935 | 6.7 | Community transmission |
| Botswana | 1 423 | 24 926 | 1 059.9 | 39 | 202 | 8.6 | Community transmission |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 1 317 | 30 884 | 117.1 | 11 | 173 | 0.7 | Community transmission |
| Gabon | 1 120 | 12 577 | 565.1 | 2 | 73 | 3.3 | Community transmission |
| Kenya | 1 102 | 102 792 | 191.2 | 19 | 1 795 | 3.3 | Community transmission |
| Cameroon | 1 081 | 31 394 | 118.3 | 0 | 474 | 1.8 | Community transmission |
| South Sudan | 955 | 5 310 | 47.4 | 9 | 74 | 0.7 | Community transmission |
| Namibia | 952 | 35 797 | 1 408.8 | 15 | 386 | 15.2 | Community transmission |
| Rwanda | 930 | 17 267 | 133.3 | 19 | 236 | 1.8 | Community transmission |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 755 | 24 239 | 27.1 | 13 | 692 | 0.8 | Community transmission |
| Zimbabwe | 617 | 35 104 | 236.2 | 82 | 1 398 | 9.4 | Community transmission |
| Lesotho | 472 | 9 852 | 459.9 | 42 | 225 | 10.5 | Community transmission |
| Seychelles | 388 | 1 892 | 1 923.8 | 2 | 8 | 8.1 | Community transmission |
| Togo | 387 | 5 823 | 70.3 | 1 | 80 | 1.0 | Community transmission |
| Benin | 367 | 4 560 | 37.6 | 1 | 56 | 0.5 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Burkina Faso | 361 | 11 588 | 55.4 | 4 | 138 | 0.7 | Community transmission |
| Congo | 359 | 8 419 | 152.6 | 1 | 123 | 2.2 | Community transmission |
| Cabo Verde | 320 | 14 700 | 2 643.9 | 4 | 139 | 25.0 | Community transmission |
| Eswatini | 307 | 16 488 | 1 421.2 | 26 | 630 | 54.3 | Community transmission |
| Madagascar | 295 | 19 360 | 69.9 | 4 | 285 | 1.0 | Community transmission |
| Angola | 267 | 20 329 | 61.9 | 16 | 491 | 1.5 | Community transmission |
| Comoros | 246 | 3 332 | 383.2 | 20 | 128 | 14.7 | Community transmission |
| Guinea | 230 | 14 895 | 113.4 | 0 | 84 | 0.6 | Community transmission |
| Uganda | 198 | 40 019 | 87.5 | 1 | 328 | 0.7 | Community transmission |
| Chad | 149 | 3 622 | 22.1 | 2 | 127 | 0.8 | Community transmission |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 143 | 1 482 | 676.2 | 1 | 19 | 8.7 | Community transmission |
| Equatorial Guinea | 116 | 5 694 | 405.8 | 1 | 87 | 6.2 | Community transmission |
| Guinea-Bissau | 113 | 2 885 | 146.6 | 0 | 46 | 2.3 | Community transmission |
| Eritrea | 103 | 2 429 | 68.5 | 0 | 7 | 0.2 | Community transmission |
| Burundi | 101 | 1 824 | 15.3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | Community transmission |
| Niger | 92 | 4 690 | 19.4 | 4 | 169 | 0.7 | Community transmission |
| Mali | 66 | 8 226 | 40.6 | 4 | 342 | 1.7 | Community transmission |
| Gambia | 65 | 4 302 | 178.0 | 1 | 135 | 5.6 | Community transmission |
| Sierra Leone | 62 | 3 821 | 47.9 | 0 | 79 | 1.0 | Community transmission |
| Liberia | 13 | 1 969 | 38.9 | 0 | 84 | 1.7 | Community transmission |
| Mauritius | 11 | 595 | 46.8 | 0 | 10 | 0.8 | Clusters of cases |
| Central African Republic | 7 | 4 996 | 103.4 | 0 | 63 | 1.3 | Community transmission |
| Mauritania | 0 | 16 777 | 360.8 | 0 | 425 | 9.1 | Community transmission |
| United Republic of Tanzania | 0 | 509 | 0.9 | 0 | 21 | 0.0 | Pending |
| Territoriesⁱⁱⁱ | | | | | | | |
| Mayotte | 2 780 | 13 535 | 4 961.2 | 14 | 78 | 28.6 | Clusters of cases |
| Réunion | 420 | 10 907 | 1 218.2 | 0 | 47 | 5.2 | Clusters of cases |
| Americas | 1 315 480 | 48 228 712 | 4 715.5 | 44 385 | 1 136 906 | 111.2 | |
| United States of America | 673 630 | 27 221 607 | 8 224.0 | 21 412 | 477 147 | 144.2 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Brazil | 318 290 | 9 765 455 | 4 594.2 | 7 455 | 237 489 | 111.7 | Community transmission |
| Mexico | 66 083 | 1 978 954 | 1 534.9 | 8 267 | 172 557 | 133.8 | Community transmission |
| Argentina | 51 544 | 2 021 553 | 4 472.9 | 1 203 | 50 188 | 111.0 | Community transmission |
| Peru | 47 703 | 1 220 748 | 3 702.4 | 1 322 | 43 255 | 131.2 | Community transmission |
| Colombia | 42 509 | 2 185 169 | 4 294.5 | 1 793 | 57 196 | 112.4 | Community transmission |
| Chile | 24 313 | 772 395 | 4 040.5 | 548 | 19 443 | 101.7 | Community transmission |
| Canada | 22 550 | 820 306 | 2 173.4 | 553 | 21 162 | 56.1 | Community transmission |
| Bolivia (Plurinational State of) | 9 188 | 235 098 | 2 014.0 | 420 | 11 107 | 95.2 | Community transmission |
| Ecuador | 8 412 | 265 527 | 1 505.0 | 265 | 15 269 | 86.5 | Community transmission |
| Dominican Republic | 6 747 | 228 895 | 2 110.0 | 131 | 2 932 | 27.0 | Community transmission |
| Honduras | 5 771 | 159 024 | 1 605.6 | 154 | 3 848 | 38.9 | Community transmission |
| Paraguay | 5 708 | 142 598 | 1 999.3 | 113 | 2 904 | 40.7 | Community transmission |
| Panama | 5 498 | 330 985 | 7 671.0 | 169 | 5 595 | 129.7 | Community transmission |
| Cuba | 5 472 | 37 483 | 330.9 | 28 | 261 | 2.3 | Community transmission |
| Guatemala | 4 134 | 167 071 | 932.5 | 240 | 6 094 | 34.0 | Community transmission |
| Uruguay | 3 525 | 47 828 | 1 376.8 | 49 | 527 | 15.2 | Community transmission |
| Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) | 3 028 | 132 259 | 465.1 | 44 | 1 267 | 4.5 | Community transmission |
| Costa Rica | 2 749 | 199 187 | 3 910.1 | 42 | 2 714 | 53.3 | Community transmission |
| Jamaica | 1 989 | 18 830 | 635.9 | 15 | 372 | 12.6 | Community transmission |
| El Salvador | 1 191 | 57 428 | 885.4 | 61 | 1 734 | 26.7 | Community transmission |
| Saint Lucia | 674 | 2 487 | 1 354.4 | 5 | 23 | 12.5 | Community transmission |
| Haiti | 337 | 12 143 | 106.5 | 1 | 247 | 2.2 | Community transmission |
| Guyana | 294 | 8 181 | 1 040.1 | 7 | 186 | 23.6 | Clusters of cases |
| Barbados | 271 | 1 947 | 677.5 | 5 | 23 | 8.0 | Community transmission |
| Saint Vincent and the Grenadines | 248 | 1 418 | 1 278.2 | 3 | 6 | 5.4 | Community transmission |
| Suriname | 159 | 8 778 | 1 496.3 | 8 | 166 | 28.3 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Antigua and Barbuda | 150 | 427 | 436.0 | 2 | 9 | 9.2 | Sporadic cases |
| Belize | 121 | 12 134 | 3 051.6 | 7 | 313 | 78.7 | Community transmission |
| Bahamas | 41 | 8 311 | 2 113.4 | 2 | 178 | 45.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Nicaragua | 37 | 5 064 | 76.4 | 1 | 171 | 2.6 | Community transmission |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 30 | 7 637 | 545.7 | 2 | 137 | 9.8 | Community transmission |
| Dominica | 0 | 121 | 168.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Grenada | 0 | 148 | 131.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.9 | Sporadic cases |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 0 | 40 | 75.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Territoriesⁱⁱⁱ | | | | | | | |
| Puerto Rico | 1 958 | 97 313 | 3 401.5 | 43 | 1 915 | 66.9 | Community transmission |
| Aruba | 204 | 7 338 | 6 873.0 | 7 | 68 | 63.7 | Community transmission |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | 179 | 1 833 | 4 734.2 | 3 | 12 | 31.0 | Clusters of cases |
| French Guiana | 160 | 16 456 | 5 509.5 | 1 | 80 | 26.8 | Community transmission |
| Guadeloupe | 146 | 9 302 | 2 324.8 | 1 | 159 | 39.7 | Community transmission |
| Saint Martin | 88 | 1 377 | 3 561.9 | 0 | 12 | 31.0 | Community transmission |
| Martinique | 79 | 6 521 | 1 737.7 | 0 | 45 | 12.0 | Community transmission |
| United States Virgin Islands | 75 | 2 524 | 2 417.0 | 1 | 25 | 23.9 | Community transmission |
| Sint Maarten | 74 | 1 985 | 4 629.0 | 0 | 27 | 63.0 | Community transmission |
| Saint Barthélemy | 46 | 425 | 4 299.4 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Curaçao | 36 | 4 633 | 2 823.4 | 1 | 22 | 13.4 | Community transmission |
| Cayman Islands | 11 | 416 | 633.0 | 0 | 2 | 3.0 | Sporadic cases |
| British Virgin Islands | 10 | 151 | 499.4 | 0 | 1 | 3.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Bonaire | 6 | 372 | 1 778.6 | 1 | 4 | 19.1 | Community transmission |
| Falkland Islands (Malvinas) | 5 | 49 | 1 406.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| Montserrat | 4 | 19 | 380.1 | 0 | 1 | 20.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Bermuda | 2 | 694 | 1 114.4 | 0 | 12 | 19.3 | Sporadic cases |
| Anguilla | 1 | 18 | 120.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Saba | 0 | 6 | 310.4 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Saint Pierre and Miquelon | 0 | 24 | 414.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Clusters of cases |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Sint Eustatius | 0 | 20 | 637.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Eastern Mediterranean | 170 445 | 5 998 998 | 820.9 | 2 519 | 139 468 | 19.1 | |
| Iran (Islamic Republic of) | 51 503 | 1 510 873 | 1 798.8 | 471 | 58 883 | 70.1 | Community transmission |
| United Arab Emirates | 22 203 | 345 605 | 3 494.3 | 87 | 1 001 | 10.1 | Community transmission |
| Lebanon | 19 156 | 336 992 | 4 937.3 | 399 | 3 961 | 58.0 | Community transmission |
| Iraq | 14 212 | 641 628 | 1 595.2 | 53 | 13 164 | 32.7 | Community transmission |
| Jordan | 10 948 | 344 803 | 3 379.4 | 75 | 4 444 | 43.6 | Community transmission |
| Pakistan | 8 497 | 561 625 | 254.3 | 362 | 12 276 | 5.6 | Community transmission |
| Kuwait | 6 867 | 176 903 | 4 142.4 | 34 | 998 | 23.4 | Community transmission |
| Tunisia | 6 328 | 222 504 | 1 882.7 | 346 | 7 508 | 63.5 | Community transmission |
| Bahrain | 5 389 | 112 102 | 6 588.1 | 19 | 398 | 23.4 | Clusters of cases |
| Egypt | 4 096 | 173 202 | 169.3 | 331 | 9 935 | 9.7 | Clusters of cases |
| Libya | 3 987 | 126 881 | 1 846.5 | 78 | 2 014 | 29.3 | Community transmission |
| Morocco | 3 169 | 478 135 | 1 295.4 | 79 | 8 460 | 22.9 | Clusters of cases |
| Qatar | 3 114 | 156 804 | 5 442.6 | 5 | 255 | 8.9 | Community transmission |
| Saudi Arabia | 2 449 | 372 410 | 1 069.7 | 31 | 6 428 | 18.5 | Sporadic cases |
| Oman | 1 581 | 136 622 | 2 675.4 | 7 | 1 539 | 30.1 | Community transmission |
| Syrian Arab Republic | 412 | 14 820 | 84.7 | 28 | 975 | 5.6 | Community transmission |
| Somalia | 238 | 5 092 | 32.0 | 14 | 148 | 0.9 | Community transmission |
| Sudan | 180 | 29 933 | 68.3 | 15 | 1 849 | 4.2 | Community transmission |
| Afghanistan | 157 | 55 492 | 142.5 | 17 | 2 427 | 6.2 | Clusters of cases |
| Djibouti | 27 | 5 968 | 604.0 | 0 | 63 | 6.4 | Clusters of cases |
| Yemen | 9 | 2 140 | 7.2 | 1 | 617 | 2.1 | Community transmission |
| Territoriesⁱⁱⁱ | | | | | | | |
| occupied Palestinian territory | 5 923 | 188 464 | 3 694.3 | 67 | 2 125 | 41.7 | Community transmission |
| Europe | 968 943 | 36 575 529 | 3 918.5 | 28 404 | 812 410 | 87.0 | |
| France | 127 565 | 3 390 070 | 5 193.6 | 2 837 | 81 226 | 124.4 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Russian Federation | 104 602 | 4 071 883 | 2 790.2 | 3 465 | 80 126 | 54.9 | Clusters of cases |
| The United Kingdom | 97 271 | 4 027 110 | 5 932.2 | 4 816 | 116 908 | 172.2 | Community transmission |
| Italy | 85 721 | 2 710 819 | 4 483.5 | 2 353 | 93 356 | 154.4 | Clusters of cases |
| Turkey | 55 110 | 2 579 896 | 3 059.0 | 692 | 27 377 | 32.5 | Community transmission |
| Czechia | 53 034 | 1 088 009 | 10 159.8 | 908 | 18 143 | 169.4 | Community transmission |
| Germany | 50 551 | 2 334 561 | 2 786.4 | 3 443 | 64 960 | 77.5 | Community transmission |
| Spain | 49 840 | 3 041 454 | 6 505.1 | 1 053 | 64 217 | 137.3 | Community transmission |
| Poland | 38 700 | 1 588 955 | 4 198.4 | 1 720 | 40 807 | 107.8 | Community transmission |
| Israel | 36 500 | 720 393 | 8 322.9 | 268 | 5 335 | 61.6 | Community transmission |
| Ukraine | 26 294 | 1 271 143 | 2 906.5 | 733 | 24 330 | 55.6 | Community transmission |
| Netherlands | 24 162 | 1 025 787 | 5 986.5 | 443 | 14 793 | 86.3 | Community transmission |
| Portugal | 22 173 | 784 079 | 7 689.5 | 1 229 | 15 183 | 148.9 | Clusters of cases |
| Sweden | 17 115 | 608 411 | 6 024.3 | 51 | 12 428 | 123.1 | Community transmission |
| Romania | 16 748 | 760 091 | 3 951.1 | 516 | 19 325 | 100.5 | Community transmission |
| Slovakia | 14 460 | 276 234 | 5 059.6 | 677 | 5 812 | 106.5 | Clusters of cases |
| Serbia | 13 141 | 419 493 | 6 023.9 | 102 | 4 214 | 60.5 | Community transmission |
| Belgium | 11 879 | 738 631 | 6 373.2 | 252 | 21 662 | 186.9 | Community transmission |
| Hungary | 10 967 | 387 462 | 4 010.8 | 616 | 13 706 | 141.9 | Community transmission |
| Belarus | 10 070 | 267 029 | 2 825.9 | 67 | 1 840 | 19.5 | Community transmission |
| Austria | 9 385 | 428 692 | 4 759.9 | 204 | 8 088 | 89.8 | Community transmission |
| Greece | 8 253 | 171 466 | 1 645.1 | 152 | 6 103 | 58.6 | Community transmission |
| Albania | 7 775 | 91 987 | 3 196.4 | 97 | 1 543 | 53.6 | Clusters of cases |
| Ireland | 6 248 | 208 796 | 4 228.5 | 257 | 3 931 | 79.6 | Community transmission |
| Kazakhstan | 6 048 | 250 476 | 1 334.0 | 0 | 3 185 | 17.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Slovenia | 5 970 | 179 153 | 8 617.5 | 46 | 3 977 | 191.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Bulgaria | 5 964 | 229 516 | 3 303.1 | 297 | 9 608 | 138.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Switzerland | 5 814 | 538 116 | 6 217.7 | 70 | 8 982 | 103.8 | Community transmission |
| Republic of Moldova | 5 562 | 169 805 | 4 209.4 | 110 | 3 640 | 90.2 | Community transmission |
| Latvia | 4 962 | 76 282 | 4 044.2 | 116 | 1 443 | 76.5 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Estonia | 4 488 | 52 416 | 3 951.3 | 34 | 495 | 37.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Lithuania | 3 954 | 190 724 | 7 006.0 | 133 | 3 070 | 112.8 | Community transmission |
| Georgia | 3 533 | 265 557 | 6 657.0 | 69 | 3 352 | 84.0 | Community transmission |
| Montenegro | 3 256 | 68 921 | 10 973.5 | 44 | 882 | 140.4 | Clusters of cases |
| Denmark | 2 881 | 204 067 | 3 523.1 | 69 | 2 284 | 39.4 | Community transmission |
| Finland | 2 310 | 49 572 | 894.7 | 15 | 710 | 12.8 | Community transmission |
| North Macedonia | 2 273 | 96 872 | 4 649.8 | 60 | 2 976 | 142.8 | Community transmission |
| Croatia | 2 255 | 237 657 | 5 789.1 | 149 | 5 318 | 129.5 | Community transmission |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 1 938 | 125 642 | 3 829.6 | 101 | 4 892 | 149.1 | Community transmission |
| Norway | 1 753 | 66 236 | 1 221.8 | 10 | 592 | 10.9 | Clusters of cases |
| Armenia | 1 079 | 169 167 | 5 708.8 | 24 | 3 141 | 106.0 | Community transmission |
| Malta | 1 075 | 19 651 | 4 450.5 | 11 | 290 | 65.7 | Clusters of cases |
| Luxembourg | 1 010 | 52 699 | 8 418.7 | 14 | 606 | 96.8 | Community transmission |
| Azerbaijan | 973 | 231 995 | 2 288.1 | 22 | 3 178 | 31.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Cyprus | 746 | 32 390 | 2 682.7 | 9 | 220 | 18.2 | Clusters of cases |
| Kyrgyzstan | 404 | 85 475 | 1 310.1 | 15 | 1 441 | 22.1 | Clusters of cases |
| Uzbekistan | 318 | 79 416 | 237.3 | 1 | 622 | 1.9 | Clusters of cases |
| Andorra | 257 | 10 463 | 13 541.7 | 2 | 107 | 138.5 | Community transmission |
| San Marino | 168 | 3 304 | 9 735.4 | 3 | 72 | 212.2 | Community transmission |
| Monaco | 108 | 1 755 | 4 472.0 | 1 | 21 | 53.5 | Sporadic cases |
| Liechtenstein | 17 | 2 611 | 6 846.4 | 0 | 49 | 128.5 | Sporadic cases |
| Iceland | 13 | 6 033 | 1 767.9 | 0 | 29 | 8.5 | Community transmission |
| Holy See | 0 | 26 | 3 213.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Tajikistan | 0 | 13 714 | 143.8 | 0 | 91 | 1.0 | Pending |
| Territoriesⁱⁱⁱ | | | | | | | |
| Kosovo | 2 086 | 64 052 | 3 443.0 | 24 | 1 534 | 82.5 | Community transmission |
| Guernsey | 93 | 782 | 1 237.4 | 0 | 13 | 20.6 | Community transmission |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Gibraltar | 42 | 4 212 | 12 501.9 | 4 | 84 | 249.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Jersey | 25 | 3 198 | 2 939.3 | 0 | 67 | 61.6 | Community transmission |
| Faroe Islands | 2 | 657 | 1 344.5 | 0 | 1 | 2.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Isle of Man | 2 | 436 | 512.7 | 0 | 25 | 29.4 | No cases |
| Greenland | 0 | 30 | 52.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| South-East Asia | 154 414 | 13 188 211 | 652.4 | 2 340 | 202 607 | 10.0 | |
| India | 78 577 | 10 904 940 | 790.2 | 646 | 155 642 | 11.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Indonesia | 63 693 | 1 210 703 | 442.6 | 1 543 | 32 936 | 12.0 | Community transmission |
| Sri Lanka | 6 276 | 74 852 | 349.6 | 33 | 384 | 1.8 | Clusters of cases |
| Bangladesh | 2 496 | 540 266 | 328.1 | 76 | 8 266 | 5.0 | Community transmission |
| Thailand | 1 200 | 24 571 | 35.2 | 1 | 80 | 0.1 | Clusters of cases |
| Maldives | 1 060 | 17 716 | 3 277.4 | 2 | 56 | 10.4 | Clusters of cases |
| Nepal | 808 | 272 614 | 935.6 | 19 | 2 054 | 7.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Myanmar | 281 | 141 585 | 260.2 | 20 | 3 188 | 5.9 | Clusters of cases |
| Timor-Leste | 21 | 101 | 7.7 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Bhutan | 2 | 863 | 111.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.1 | Clusters of cases |
| Western Pacific | 49 577 | 1 531 366 | 77.9 | 1 134 | 27 019 | 1.4 | |
| Malaysia | 23 084 | 261 805 | 808.9 | 101 | 958 | 3.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Philippines | 11 734 | 547 255 | 499.4 | 397 | 11 507 | 10.5 | Community transmission |
| Japan | 11 037 | 414 472 | 327.7 | 574 | 6 912 | 5.5 | Clusters of cases |
| Republic of Korea | 2 629 | 83 525 | 162.9 | 51 | 1 522 | 3.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Mongolia | 304 | 2 293 | 69.9 | 0 | 2 | 0.1 | Clusters of cases |
| China | 243 | 101 515 | 6.9 | 7 | 4 838 | 0.3 | Clusters of cases |
| Viet Nam | 210 | 2 195 | 2.3 | 0 | 35 | 0.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Singapore | 111 | 59 786 | 1 021.9 | 0 | 29 | 0.5 | Sporadic cases |
| Australia | 44 | 28 892 | 113.3 | 0 | 909 | 3.6 | Sporadic cases |
| Papua New Guinea | 28 | 922 | 10.3 | 1 | 10 | 0.1 | Community transmission |
| New Zealand | 10 | 1 974 | 40.9 | 0 | 25 | 0.5 | Clusters of cases |
| Cambodia | 5 | 479 | 2.9 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ⁱ | New cases in last 7 days | Cumulative cases | Cumulative cases per 100 thousand population | New deaths in last 7 days | Cumulative deaths | Cumulative deaths per 100 thousand population | Transmission classification ⁱⁱ |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Brunei Darussalam | 3 | 184 | 42.1 | 0 | 3 | 0.7 | Sporadic cases |
| Solomon Islands | 1 | 18 | 2.6 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| Fiji | 0 | 56 | 6.2 | 0 | 2 | 0.2 | Sporadic cases |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | 0 | 45 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Territoriesⁱⁱⁱ | | | | | | | |
| French Polynesia | 78 | 18 263 | 6 501.4 | 2 | 135 | 48.1 | Sporadic cases |
| Guam | 48 | 7 484 | 4 434.3 | 1 | 130 | 77.0 | Clusters of cases |
| Wallis and Futuna | 4 | 9 | 80.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| New Caledonia | 3 | 52 | 18.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | Sporadic cases |
| Northern Mariana Islands (Commonwealth of the) | 1 | 134 | 232.8 | 0 | 2 | 3.5 | Pending |
| Marshall Islands | 0 | 4 | 6.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| Samoa | 0 | 3 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| Vanuatu | 0 | 1 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | No cases |
| Global | 2 726 974 | 108 246 992 | 1 388.7 | 81 340 | 2 386 717 | 30.6 | |

**See *Annex: Data, table and figure notes*

Annex 2. List of countries/territories/areas reporting variants of concern as of 16 February 2021**

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ¹ | Variants of concern | | |
|---|---------------------|----------|---------------|
| | 501Y.V2 | P.1 | VOC 202012/01 |
| Argentina | | Verified | Verified |
| Aruba | | | Verified |
| Australia | Verified | | Verified |
| Austria | Verified | | Verified |
| Bangladesh | Unverified | | Verified |
| Barbados | | | Verified |
| Belgium | Verified | | Verified |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | | | Unverified |
| Botswana | Verified | | |
| Brazil | | Verified | Verified |
| Bulgaria | | | Verified |
| Canada | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Chile | | | Verified |
| China | Verified | | Verified |
| Colombia | | Verified | |
| Comoros | | | |
| Croatia | | | Verified |
| Cuba | Verified | | |
| Curaçao | | | Verified |
| Cyprus | | | Verified |
| Czechia | | | Verified |
| Denmark | Verified | | Verified |
| Dominican Republic | | | Verified |
| Ecuador | | | Verified |
| Estonia | | | Verified |
| Faroe Islands | | Verified | |
| Finland | Verified | | Verified |
| France | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Gambia | Verified | | Verified |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ¹ | Variants of concern | | |
|---|---------------------|----------|---------------|
| | 501Y.V2 | P.1 | VOC 202012/01 |
| Georgia | | | Verified |
| Germany | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Ghana | Verified | | Unverified |
| Gibraltar | | | Unverified |
| Greece | Verified | | Verified |
| Guadeloupe | | | Verified |
| Hungary | | | Verified |
| Iceland | | | Verified |
| India | | | Verified |
| Iran (Islamic Republic of) | | | Verified |
| Iraq | | | Unverified |
| Ireland | Verified | | Verified |
| Israel | Verified | | Verified |
| Italy | Unverified | Verified | Verified |
| Jamaica | | | Verified |
| Japan | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Jordan | | | Verified |
| Kenya | Verified | | |
| Kosovo ^[1] | | | Verified |
| Kuwait | | | Verified |
| Latvia | | | Verified |
| Lebanon | | | Verified |
| Liechtenstein | | | Verified |
| Lithuania | | | Verified |
| Luxembourg | Verified | | Verified |
| Malawi | Unverified | | |
| Malaysia | | | Verified |
| Malta | | | Verified |
| Martinique | | | Verified |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ¹ | Variants of concern | | |
|---|---------------------|------------|---------------|
| | 501Y.V2 | P.1 | VOC 202012/01 |
| Mayotte | Verified | | Verified |
| Mexico | | Verified | Verified |
| Morocco | | | Verified |
| Mozambique | Verified | | |
| Namibia | Unverified | | |
| Nepal | | | Verified |
| Netherlands | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| New Zealand | Verified | | Verified |
| Nigeria | | | Verified |
| North Macedonia | | | Verified |
| Norway | Verified | | Verified |
| occupied Palestinian territory | | | Verified |
| Oman | | | Verified |
| Pakistan | | | Verified |
| Panama | Verified | | |
| Peru | | Verified | Verified |
| Philippines | | | Verified |
| Poland | | | Verified |
| Portugal | Unverified | Unverified | Verified |
| Republic of Korea | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Réunion | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Romania | | | Verified |
| Russian Federation | | | Verified |
| Saint Barthélemy | | | Verified |
| Saint Lucia | | | Verified |

| Reporting Country/Territory/Area ¹ | Variants of concern | | |
|---|---------------------|------------|---------------|
| | 501Y.V2 | P.1 | VOC 202012/01 |
| Saint Martin | | | Verified |
| Saudi Arabia | | | Verified |
| Senegal | | | Unverified |
| Serbia | | | Verified |
| Singapore | | | Verified |
| Slovakia | | | Verified |
| Slovenia | | | Verified |
| South Africa | Verified | | Unverified |
| Spain | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Sri Lanka | | | Verified |
| Sweden | Verified | | Verified |
| Switzerland | Verified | Unverified | Verified |
| Thailand | Verified | | Verified |
| The United Kingdom | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Trinidad and Tobago | | | Verified |
| Turkey | Unverified | Unverified | Verified |
| United Arab Emirates | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| United Republic of Tanzania | Unverified | | |
| United States of America | Verified | Verified | Verified |
| Uruguay | | | Verified |
| Uzbekistan | | | Verified |
| Viet Nam | Verified | | Verified |
| Zambia | Verified | | |
| Zimbabwe | Unverified | | |

**See [Annex : Data, table and figure notes](#)

Annex 3. Data, table and figure notes

Data presented are based on official laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 case and deaths reported to WHO by country/territories/areas, largely based upon WHO [case definitions](#) and [surveillance guidance](#). While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change, and caution must be taken when interpreting these data as several factors influence the counts presented, with variable underestimation of true case and death incidence, and variable delays to reflecting these data at global level. Case detection, inclusion criteria, testing strategies, reporting practices, and data cut-off and lag times differ between countries/territories/areas. A small number of countries/territories/areas report combined probable and laboratory-confirmed cases. Differences are to be expected between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources. Due to public health authorities conducting data reconciliation exercises which remove large numbers of cases or deaths from their total counts, negative numbers may be displayed in the new cases/deaths columns as appropriate. When additional details become available that allow the subtractions to be suitably apportioned to previous days, graphics will be updated accordingly. A record of historic data adjustment made is available upon request by emailing epi-data-support@who.int. Please specify the country(ies) of interest, time period(s), and purpose of the request/intended usage. Prior situation reports will not be edited; see covid19.who.int for the most up-to-date data. Global totals include 745 cases and 13 deaths reported from international conveyances.

The designations employed, and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement. Countries, territories and areas are arranged under the administering WHO region. The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

^[1] All references to Kosovo should be understood to be in the context of the United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999). In the map, number of cases of Serbia and Kosovo (UNSCR 1244, 1999) have been aggregated for visualization purposes.

ⁱ Excludes countries, territories, and areas that have never reported a confirmed COVID-19 case (Annex 1), or the detection of a variant of concern (Annex 2).

ⁱⁱ Transmission classification is based on a process of country/territory/area self-reporting. Classifications are reviewed on a weekly basis and may be revised as new information becomes available. Differing degrees of transmission may be present within countries/territories/areas. For further information, please see: [Considerations for implementing and adjusting public health and social measures in the context of COVID-19](#):

- No (active) cases: No new cases detected for at least 28 days (two times the maximum incubation period), in the presence of a robust surveillance system. This implies a near-zero risk of infection for the general population.
- Imported / Sporadic cases: Cases detected in the past 14 days are all imported, sporadic (e.g., laboratory acquired or zoonotic) or are all linked to imported/sporadic cases, and there are no clear signals of further locally acquired transmission. This implies minimal risk of infection for the general population.
- Clusters of cases: Cases detected in the past 14 days are predominantly limited to well-defined clusters that

are not directly linked to imported cases, but which are all linked by time, geographic location and common exposures. It is assumed that there are a number of unidentified cases in the area. This implies a low risk of infection to others in the wider community if exposure to these clusters is avoided.

- Community transmission: Which encompasses a range of levels from low to very high incidence, as described below and informed by a series of indicators described in the aforementioned guidance. As these subcategorization are not currently collated at the global level, but rather intended for use by national and sub-national public health authorities for local decision-making, community transmission has not been disaggregated in this information product.
 - CT1: Low incidence of locally acquired, widely dispersed cases detected in the past 14 days, with many of the cases not linked to specific clusters; transmission may be focused in certain population sub-groups. Low risk of infection for the general population.
 - CT2: Moderate incidence of locally acquired, widely dispersed cases detected in the past 14 days; transmission less focused in certain population sub-groups. Moderate risk of infection for the general population.
 - CT3: High incidence of locally acquired, widely dispersed cases in the past 14 days; transmission widespread and not focused in population sub-groups. High risk of infection for the general population.
 - CT4: Very high incidence of locally acquired, widely dispersed cases in the past 14 days. Very high risk of infection for the general population.
- Pending: transmission classification has not been reported to WHO.

ⁱⁱⁱ “Territories” include territories, areas, overseas dependencies and other jurisdictions of similar status.

Erratum 19 February 2021: Figure 3 was corrected (initially GISRS sequencing capacity and COVID sentinel surveillance were inverted). Also Figure 7 and Annex 2 was updated (Canada has verified variant P.1).